



Probabilistic Orbit Lifetime Assessment with OSCAR

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Issue/Revision: 1.0

Reference:

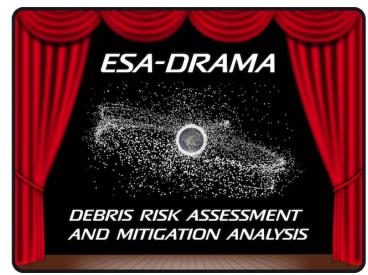
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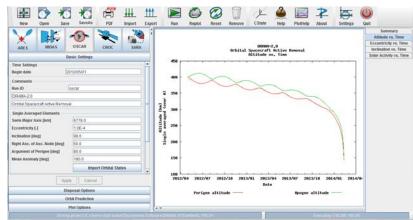
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Motivation



- Assessing orbit lifetime
 compliance in LEO is required
 (e.g. through ESA's space debris
 mitigation policy)
- ESA's DRAMA OSCAR tool to estimate orbit lifetime
- Forecasting orbits over decades
 associated with uncertainties
 - Important information that should be considered in the assessment!



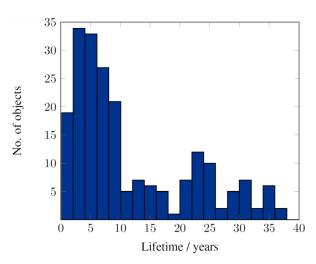


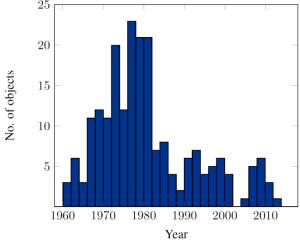


Study objectives and approach



- Identify objects for which true orbit lifetime can be obtained for a comparison with predictions
 - a. 207 rocket bodies in LEO selected
 - b. Orbit information from TLE
 - c. Dimensions from DISCOS
- Address uncertainties in disposal manoeuvre epoch
- 3. Sensitivity analysis for initial orbit elements

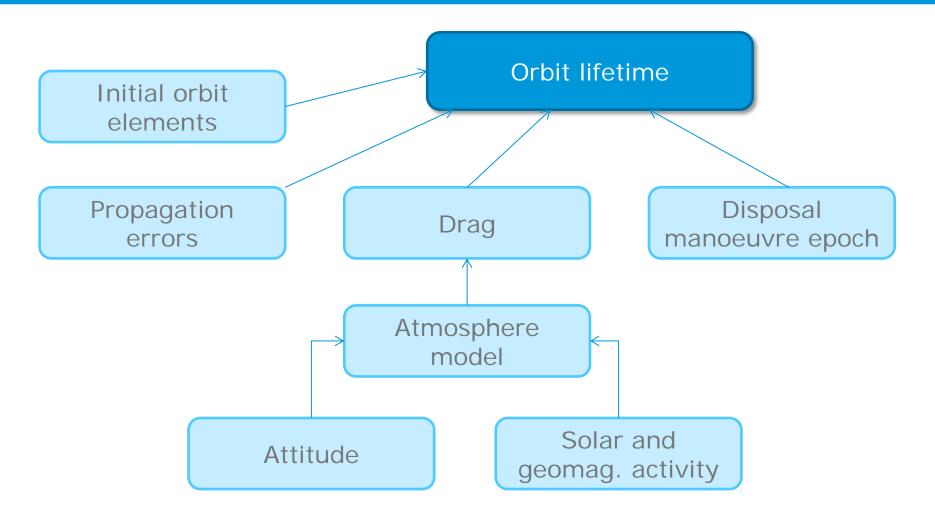






Sources of uncertainty

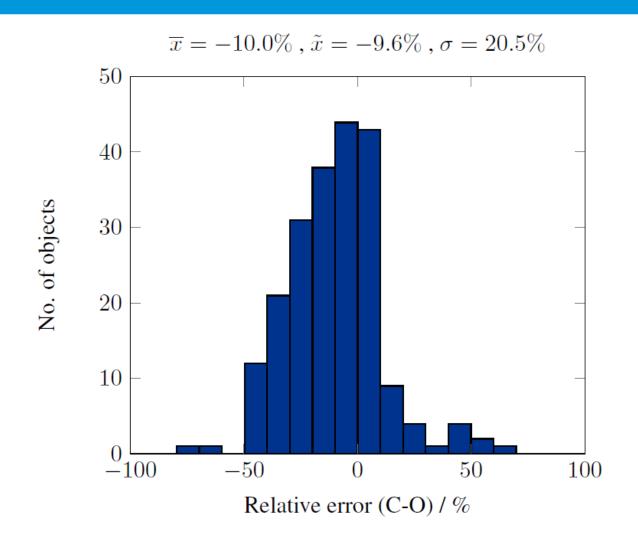






Model uncertainties: the nominal case







Model uncertainties: ECSS and ISO



ECSS repeated cycle:

$$\overline{x} = -3.1\% \,, \, \tilde{x} = 0.3\% \,, \, \sigma = 24.8\%$$

ISO-MC cycle:

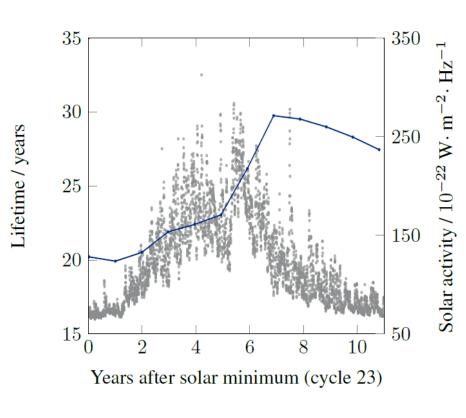
Relative error (C-O) / %

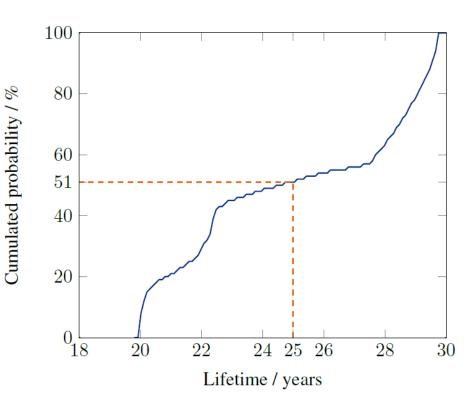


Disposal epoch uncertainty



Typical Cubesat orbit at 610 km, sun-synchronous



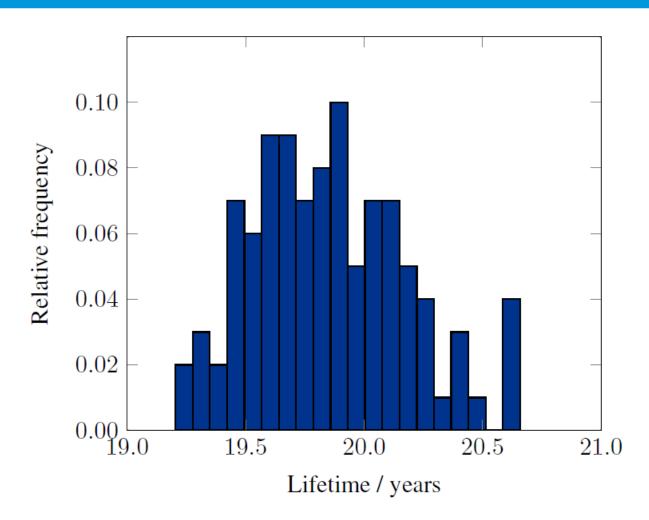




Sensitivity in initial orbit elements



- Initial orbit at 610 km
- Uncertainty in semi-major axis of 3 km (normally distributed)





Conclusion



- OSCAR is ESA's recommended tool to be used for assessing compliance, for example, with the 25-year-rule
- Uncertainties associated with lifetime estimate were missing so far
- This study addressed several of the uncertainty sources
- An upgrade of OSCAR is envisaged to provide a probabilistic lifetime estimate in the near future





Thank you for your attention!

https://sdup.esoc.esa.int

