

Activity Title:	Q/V-Band Frequency Converter		
Contract type	Artes 5.1	Budget (k€)	750
Company (-ies) (including country)	Thales Alenia Space Italia University of L'Aquila, Italia MEC srl, Italia Wave ATA srl, Italia		
Team (name of the participants in the project)	Daniela Apollonio, Andrea Suriani, Francesco Vitulli -Thales Alenia Space Italia Giorgio Leuzzi, Leonardo Pantoli - University of L'Aquila Francesco Scappaviva - MEC srl Tommaso Cavanna, Sergio Arena - Wave ATA srl		
(*) Speaker (s)	Francesco Vitulli	Email franc	cesco.vitulli@thalesaleniaspace.com
Short Speaker Information (experience and involvement in this project – maximum 60 words)	Francesco Vitulli is presently Head of the Advanced Study Unit within the Research & Development Division in Thales Alenia Space Italia, based in Rome. His research activity is focused on the development of advanced Equipment's and Functional Modules for future Satellite Communication Systems. For this project he has supervised the design development and the manufacturing of the Prototype unit.		
Summary of the activity (maximum 400 words and 2 pictures)	In this activity the main objective has been to develop key components and a full Converter/Receiver prototype unit for future sub-system operating in Q/V band. The main task of the Receiver is to down-convert the band 47.2 to 50.2 GHz to the extended Ka band, 17.2 to 20.2 GHz, with a noise figure less than 3.5.4.0dB. The post section consists of a waveguide WR19 loolator followed by a two-stage Low Noise Amplifier, which guarantee input matching and the best noise figure. Both items have been specifically designed for this project in MMC form. The design of the LO generation section is taken from previously developed converters produced in Thales Alenia 50.0.6. A future customers are expected to request a phase noise performance out of the V-band converters similar to the one now featured by Ka-band converters, the design includes a Sampling Phase Lock Loop driven by a quart socillator, which is the best option for low phase noise. The reference signal is given by an OCXO (Ovenized quart socillator) with is the best option for low phase noise. The reference signal is given by an OCXO (Ovenized quart socillator) with is the best option for low phase noise. The reference signal is given by an OCXO (Ovenized quart socillator) with is the best option for low phase noise. The reference signal is given by an OCXO (Ovenized quart socillator) at 100 MHz, featuring an EOL frequency stability of ±3ppm. The controlled oscillator of the phase lock loop is a VCDRO 47.5 GHz. (including a dielectric resonator) realized on carranic with discrete components, which is the best option for low phase noise. The reference signal is given by an OCXO (Ovenized quart socillator) at 100 MHz, featuring an EOL frequency stability of ±3ppm. The controlled oscillator of the phase lock loop is a VCDRO 47.5 GHz. (including a dielectric resonator) realized on carranic with discrete components, which is the best option for the sake of miniaturization. The LO section also includes a frequency doubler. The SPLL circuitry is implemented on a comp		

(*) The speaker needs to do the registration through this website