Recent and current DLR NEO observing activities from the 1.2m Calar Alto telescope

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Observational Setup

Hardware and targets

- ► 1.23m f/8 telescope, remotely controlled
- ▶ 4k x 4k e2v CCD
 - ► Field of view of about 22 x 22 arcmin
 - ► 15 µm pixel size ≈ 0.6 arcsec/pixel
 - ► Exposure times 0.1 ... 300 s
- ► 100 nights per year of which about 50 are usable
- photometric observations of
 - Jupiter Trojans
 - ► NEOs
 - Jupiter irregular sattelites
 - ▶ Comets
 - ► TNO occultation events

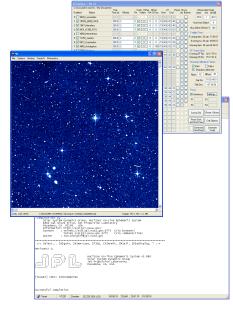


CAHA 1.23m Telescope

Observational Setup

Scheduling and performing observations

- ► Software for ephemeris calculation and observation scheduling (ScriptGen++, AstPhot, Stefano Mottola)
- ► Telescope controlled by the Remote Telescope System 2 (RTS2, Petr Kubanec)
- Automated Skyflat acquisition during evening and morning twilight
- Automated, telescope temperature dependent focusing
- Observations do not require any interaction during the night

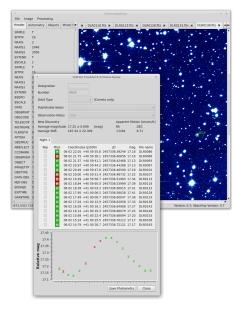


ScriptGen and Starchart

Observational Setup

Data reduction

- ► Software for atsrometric reduction, moving object detection and identification and (preliminary) photometric reduction (Himmelspolizey, Stephan Hellmich)
- Positions from all objects observed reported to MPC
- Newly discovered objects linked over multiple nights based on orbits computed with openorb
- Results of preliminary photometric reduction used for scheduling ongoing observations



Himmelspolizey

NEO Observation Programs

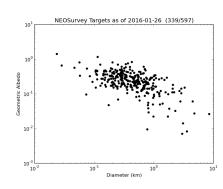
SSA - P2-NEO-IV - OBSERVATIONS WITH COOPERATING SENSORS

- ► NEO followup observations of objects on the NEOCP and SCN priority list (2014/2015)
- ► Observing strategy:
 - ► High desirability score NEOCP / urgent SGN list objects with uncertainties of less than 10' selected for observation
 - ► Scheduled NEOCP objects reported on NEOCP blog
 - ▶ Observation of NEOs within the loop of regular targets ⇒ 15 ... 45 minutes between 2 observations of the same object
 - ► Immediate astrometric reduction
 - Astrometry check by computing an orbit with findOrb using all available positions
 - Continuous observations until at least 3 good positions were acquired
 - ► Positions sent to MPC and NEOCP blog post update

NEO Observation Programs

High albedo NEO observations

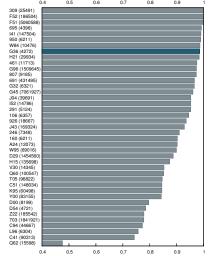
- Joint program managed by Michael Mommert (NAU)
- ► Participating telescopes
 - ► NAU campus telescope, VATT, CAHA 1.23
- Observation of NEOs with high albedo according to Spitzer NEOSurvey data
- ► Lightcurve photometry to determine G and H
- Check if higher albedo for smaller objects is rather a bias effect introduced by high lightcurve amplitudes



CASADO - Calar Alto Serendipitous Asteroid Discovery and

Observation

- Extraction of astrometry of all asteroids observed
- ► Typical observation night covers less than 1 deg²
- ► 47,058 positions sent to MPC since 2011
- ▶ 295 designations received
- ► Discovery of TNO 2013 SA87



Fraction of reported asteroid positions with residuals less than 1" reported in 2015 for stations which sent more than 4k positions