



CITADEL Adaptive Systems for High-Assurance Protection

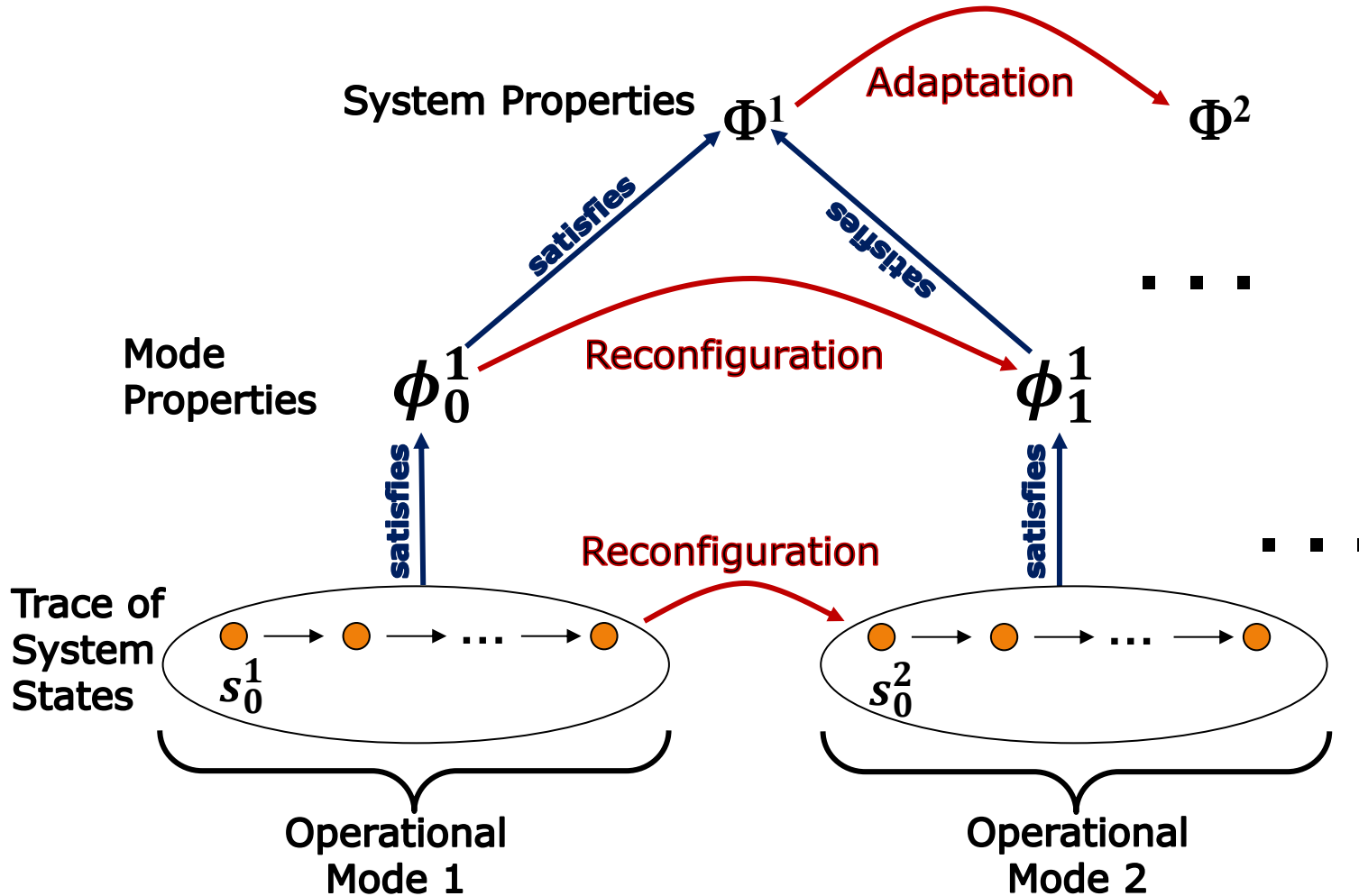
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Need of adaptive systems

- ❑ COMPASS provides a set of **formal methods** to analyze dependability requirements
- ❑ Not cost effective for many systems but essential for **high-assurance systems** (safety critical, security critical, or mission critical)
- ❑ Particularly appealing for model-based design of **FDIR** (also for security-related failures)
- ❑ However, most software-related accidents involve incomplete requirements and unhandled or mishandled conditions
- ❑ Need resilience to unforeseen faults/attacks
- ❑ To be resilient, a system must be **adaptive**, dynamically changing reconfiguration at run-time



Reconfiguration vs. Adaptation



Adaptive systems

- ❑ New properties/requirements represent fixes to the previous specification
- ❑ Anomaly detection can be used to detect unhandled faults/attacks
- ❑ Quite common in intrusion detection and system health monitoring
- ❑ To be integrated into a model-based design of FDIR
- ❑ Run-time change of requirements need high automation of the development and deployment process
- ❑ Needs:
 - ❑ Model-based approach to adaptations
 - ❑ Automated determination of new target configuration to achieve adaptation
 - ❑ Automated synthesis of steps to transition to the new target configuration
 - ❑ Automated adaptation of verification/validation/assurance

CITADEL

- ❑ H2020 project started on June 1st, 2016
- ❑ 3-year IA (Innovation Actions) project
- ❑ Led by The Open Group
- ❑ Consortium partners:

TTTech

THE *Open* GROUP

FREQUENTIS

TU/e Technische Universiteit
Eindhoven
University of Technology

ASEC
the information security provider

FBK
FONDAZIONE
BRUNO KESSLER

IK4
IKERLAN
Research Alliance


Université
Grenoble
Alpes

OAS
AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT

ATB Institut für angewandte
Systemtechnik Bremen
GmbH

SYSGO
EMBEDDING INNOVATIONS

UniControls
Transport and Industrial Control Systems


J.W. OSTENDORF

KASPERSKY
LAB

CITADEL Objectives

- ❑ Build on the MILS technology accomplishments of D-MILS and EURO-MILS
 - ❑ Declarative specification of dynamic policy architectures
 - ❑ COMPASS-based analysis of the policy architecture
 - ❑ Automatic configuration of MILS platform to enforce the policy architecture
 - ❑ MILS platform components to enforce Isolation and Information Flow Control and provide dynamic reconfiguration
- ❑ Develop a monitoring framework integrating model-based FDI and anomaly detection
- ❑ Develop an adaptation framework to reconfigure the architecture at run-time preserving system properties
- ❑ Develop an assurance framework to support the claims about the adaptive systems