Modular RTU (M-RTU)

DEFENCE AND SPACE Javier Goyanes Jorge Peña 09/05/2017



Confidential

AGENDA

- Project Background
- Modular RTU Description
- Modular RTU Key features
- Modular RTU Architecture
- Modular RTU Interfaces
- Modular RTU Modules
- Modular RTU Qualification
 MAIT SetUp
 - Mechanical Assessment
 - Thermal Assessment
 - EMC Assessment
- Summary

2



3

Confidential

Project Background

Program frame; ESTEC/ITT AO/1-6819/11/NL/AT :

Modular General Purpose RTU supporting advanced low speed, medium and high speed serial busses

The modular RTU was identified as a Building Block in the Avionics Embedded Systems Dossier and Roadmap updated in 2010 (AIM B: Building Blocks, B4-ECSS Compliant Modular RTU).

The SAVOIR/SAG identified the modular RTU as a high priority building block. Modular RTU is one of the key avionics building blocks as the provided functionality is required by the majority of ESA missions.

RTU has been design to configure the unit easily for any kind of missions with a low NREC cost and high TRL category. First mission with 2 flight models is Proba-3.



4

Project Background

Development of a multi-purpose modular Remote Terminal Unit for Space applications.

- Modular, flexible and easily missionizable RTU for Telecom Science and Earth Observation Platforms.
- The main objective was to develop a flexible, capability to be adapted without a re-qualification process and providing simplicity in repairing and reconfiguration.
- To develop a unit able to allocate third party modules with the possibility of adjust the unit to the mission needs.



M-RTU Description (1/3): what is a RTU?

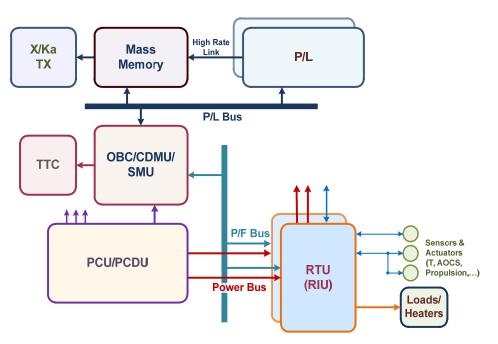
The RTU is typically a full slave unit without intelligence on board totally controlled by the OBC.

typical tasks of a RTU is here presented:

- To gather the analogue and digital telemetry from sensors and units (Temperature, Pressure, Digital Status)
- To provide the conditioning for analogue sensors,
- To control AOCS actuators and sensors (as Reaction Wheels, Gyros, Star Trackers, Sun Sensors, GPS, Magnetometers, Magnetotorquers),
- To control the Propulsion S/s (Flow control Valves, Latch Valves, Catalytic Bed Heaters),
- To control Solar Array Drive Equipment,
- To distribute power to heaters,

5

To distribute (in some cases also down/converting) power to active loads

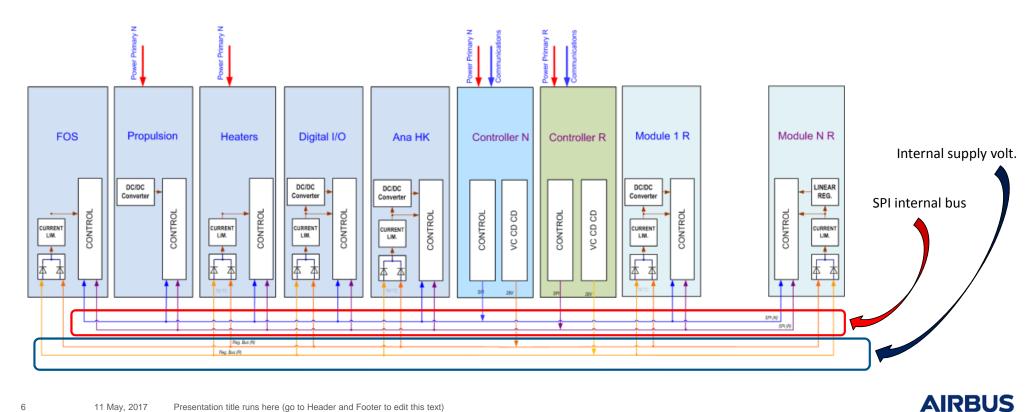




6

M-RTU Description (2/3): what is a RTU?

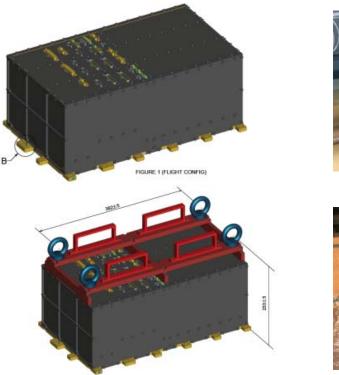
RTU2015 has been conceived as an assembly of different boards with standardized internal mechanical and electrical interfaces to the rest of the RTU2015 box



7

M-RTU Description (3/3): what is a RTU?

- Having the possibility of increasing or reducing size of the unit according to mission needs
- Qualifications covers 2+2 up to 10+10







11 May, 2017 Presentation title runs here (go to Header and Footer to edit this text)

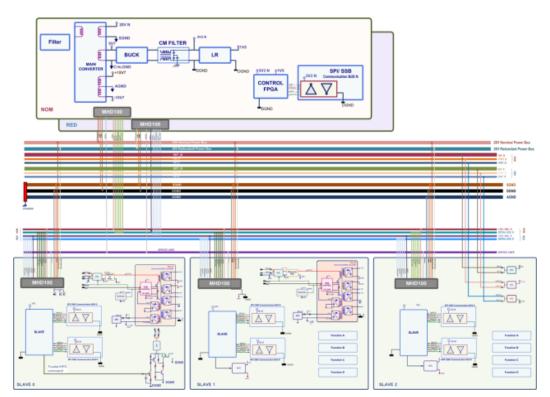
M-RTU Key features

- Architecture maximize the **modularity** and **upgradeability** becoming the key characteristic of all the modules.
- Use of self-contained modules and standardizing the internal connectors of the modules.
- All the slave modules will have the same **standard back plane connector** sharing this way the Standard Internal Electrical Interface.
- Testing each module completely independently
- Configuring the RTU as will be defined adding, removing or duplicating modules without any impact or redesign in the final product
- The unit has been designed minimizing PCB size in order to maximise PCB occupancy.
- Third party modules can be included in the unit



M-RTU Architecture

• Standarized Internal Electrical Interface.



- Power Lines
- Power status and Commanding
- House Keeping
- Communications
- Service lines

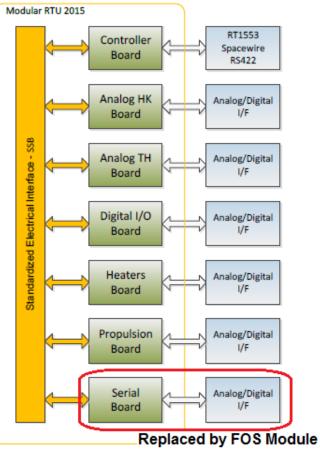
| 50 | F | TH_N | TH_RTN_N | 49 | F | 1 | Α | TH_R | TH_RTN_R | 2 | Α |
|-----------|---|-----------------------|------------------------------------|----------|---|----------|---|-----------------------|------------------------------------|----------|---|
| 48 | F | HK_VOLT_N | AGND | 47 | F | 3 | Α | HK_VOLT_R | AGND | 4 | Α |
| 46 | F | AGND | | 45 | F | 5 | Α | AGND | | 6 | Α |
| 44 | F | SERVICE_1_N | DGND | 43 | F | - 7 | Α | SERVICE_1_R | DGND | 8 | Α |
| 42 | F | SERVICE_2_N | DGND | 41 | F | 9 | Α | SERVICE_2_R | DGND | 10 | Α |
| 40 | F | | | 39 | F | 11 | Α | | | 12 | Α |
| 38 | F | 15V7_N | 15V7_N | 37 | F | 13 | A | 15V7_R | 15V7_R | 14 | Α |
| 36 | F | -15V7_N | -15V7_N | 35 | F | 15 | A | -15V7_R | -15V7_R | 16 | Α |
| 34 | F | AGND | AGND | 33 | F | 17 | A | AGND | AGND | 18 | Α |
| 32 | F | 5V7_N | 5V7_N | 31 | F | 19 | A | 5V7_R | 5V7_R | 20 | А |
| 30 | F | DGND | DGND | 29 | F | 21 | A | DGND | DGND | 22 | Α |
| 28 | F | 28V_N | 28V_N | 27 | F | 23 | A | 28V_R | 28V_R | 24 | Α |
| 26 | F | 28V_N | SGND | 25 | F | 25 | A | 28V_R | SGND | 26 | A |
| 24 | F | SGND | SGND | 23 | F | 27 | A | SGND | SGND | 28 | A |
| 22 | F | CMD_ON_N | DGND | 21 | F | 29 | A | CMD_ON_R | DGND | 30 32 | A |
| 20 | F | DGND 3V3 CONTROL N | POWER_ON_STATUS_N 3V3 CONTROL N | 19 17 | F | 31 | A | DGND 3V3 CONTROL R | POWER_ON_STATUS_R 3V3 CONTROL R | ÷- | A |
| <u>18</u> | F | DGND | MISO CLK N | | F | 33 35 | A | DGND | MISO CLK N | 34 36 | A |
| 14 | F | DGND | DGND | 15 13 | F | 35 | A | DGND | DGND | 36 | A |
| 12 | F | STROBE N | DGND | 11 | F | 39 | Â | STROBE R | DGND | 40 | A |
| 10 | Ē | MOSI N | MISO N | 9 | F | 41 | A | MOSI R | MISO R | 40 | Â |
| 8 | F | DGND | DGND | 7 | F | 43 | A | DGND | DGND | 44 | A |
| 6 | F | DGND | CLK N | 5 | F | 45 | A | DGND | CLK R | 46 | A |
| 4 | F | DGND | DGND | 3 | F | 47 | A | DGND | DGND | 48 | A |
| 2 | F | HARD ADDRESS[0] | HARD ADDRESS[1] | 1 | F | 49 | A | HARD ADDRESS[2] | HARD ADDRESS[3] | 50 | A |

11 May, 2017

9

Presentation title runs here (go to Header and Footer to edit this text)

M-RTU Interfaces



11 May, 2017

10

Header and Footer to edit this text)

| Presentation title runs here (go to | 17 | Presentation | title | runs | here | (go | to | ł |
|-------------------------------------|----|--------------|-------|------|------|-----|----|---|
|-------------------------------------|----|--------------|-------|------|------|-----|----|---|

| INPUTS | CONTROLLER |
|------------------------|--------------|
| MIL BUS 1553B | 2 (A & B) |
| UART RS422 | 2 (A & B) |
| SpaceWire(SpW) | 2 (A & B) |
| APS | 2 |
| Pulse Per Second (PPS) | 2 |
| НК ТМ | 2 per module |

| INPUTS | ANA HK |
|----------------------------------|--------|
| Sun Sensor Acq. | 10 |
| Voltage Acq. (+/-5V or 0 to +5V) | 46 |
| Voltage Acq. (+/-10V) | 6 |
| Thermocuples Acq. | 15 |
| Thermistors Acq. | 56 |
| ουτρυτς | ana hk |
| Accelerometers Power Supply | 2 |
| DAC outputs | 4 |

| OUTPUTS | PROPULSION |
|----------------------|------------|
| Cad Bed Heaters | 8 |
| Pressure Transducers | 4 |
| Thruster Valves | 12 |
| Latching Valves | 6 |

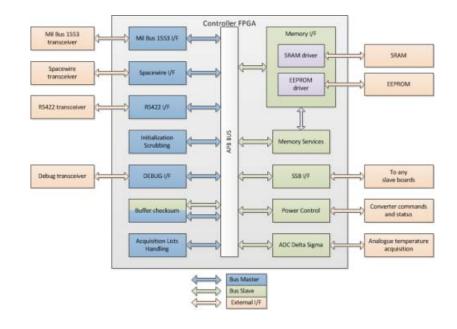
| INPUTS | DIGITAL I/O |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| Voltage Acq. (+/-5V or 0 to +5V) | 16 |
| Voltage Acq. (+/-10V) | 10 |
| Thermistors Acq. | 53 |
| BiLevel Digital 0-5V Acq. | 16 |
| BiLevel Switch Acq. | 16 |
| BiLevel RS422 Acq. | 4 |
| Synchro signals | 4 |
| OUTPUTS | DIGITAL I/O |
| RS422 Low Level Command | 3 |
| Low Level Command | 8 |
| Hig Power command | 32 |
| Synchro signals | 8 |

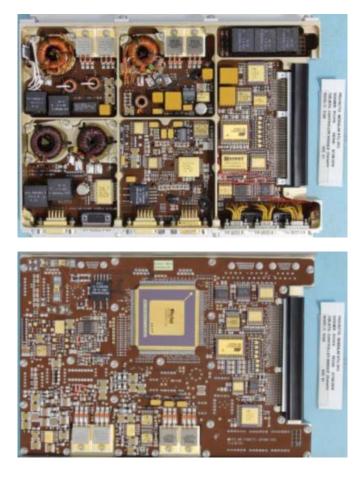
| OUTPUTS | HEATERS |
|---------|---------|
| Heaters | 20 |

| INPUTS | FOS |
|--------------------|-----|
| Fiber sensors Adq. | 40 |

M-RTU Modules

Controller:





AIRBUS

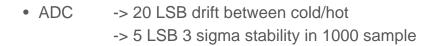
11 May, 2017

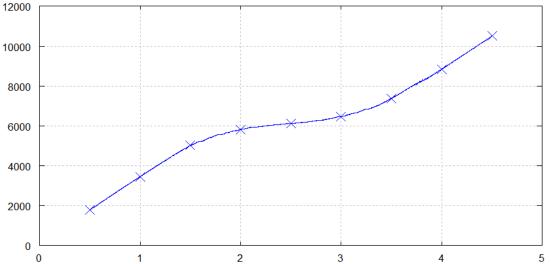
11

Presentation title runs here (go to Header and Footer to edit this text)

Controller innovation wrt standard:

- Several communication interfaces
- 12 bits Sigma delta integrated FPGA
- High configurable slave modules
- High efficiency converter with low load
- Memory to store different configurations



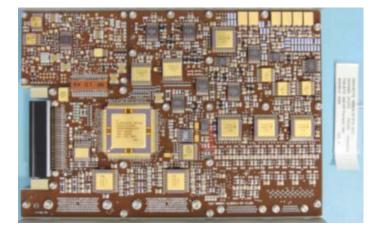


Confidential

11 May, 2017

Analogue HK:

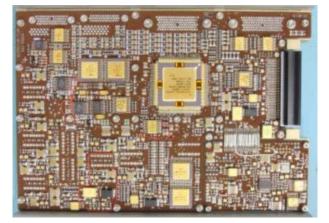
- One specific module for Analog Acquisitions
 - 32 General purpose Acquisitions [AN1, AN2 && AN3]
 - 8 pressure transducers
 - 10 analogue interfaces for Coarse Sun position Sensors (Current Telemetry)
 - 6 analogue interface for accelerometers/ Magnetometers
 - 4 DAC Outputs with a dynamic range selectable individually among the following values: 0/+5V, -5/+5V, 0/+10V, -10/+10V
 - 53 TH acquisitions
 - $-\operatorname{AIV}$ for SAS and MAG

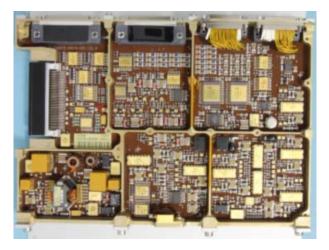




Digital IO:

- 8x LV_HPC Low Voltage High Power Command Drivers
- 12x HV-HPC High Voltage High Power Command Drivers
- 12x HC-HPC High Voltage High Power Command Drivers
- 8x LPC, providing an output voltage in the [4.4, 5.5] (V) range.
- 3x SLP RS422 pulses
- 4x Bi-level RS422 signals
- 16x BDM && 16x BSM
- 4x UART interfaces
- 4x Sync signal Inputs
- 8x Sync signal Outputs
- 16 Analog Acquisitions
- 53 Thermistor ANY or ANF, 2 ANP & 1 34TD25A





AIRBUS

Propulsion:

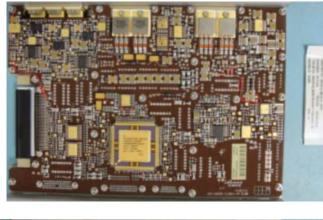
ColdGAS

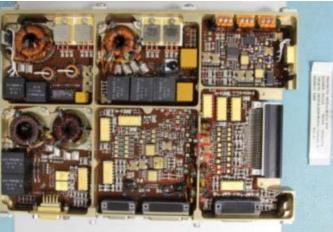
- 4x 28V thruster valves
- 4x 12V thruster valves(configurable to 28V)
- 2x 28V latching valves
- 2x 20V supplies for pressure transducers (configurable to 28V)

MONOPROPELLANT

- 8x CAT BED Heaters
- 4x 28V thruster valves
- 4x 12V thruster valves (configurable to 28V)
- 2x 28V latching valves
- 2x 20V supplies for pressure transducers (configurable to 28V)

CV capability 200W @95% 15 11 May, 2017 Presentation title runs here (go to Header and Footer to edit this text)

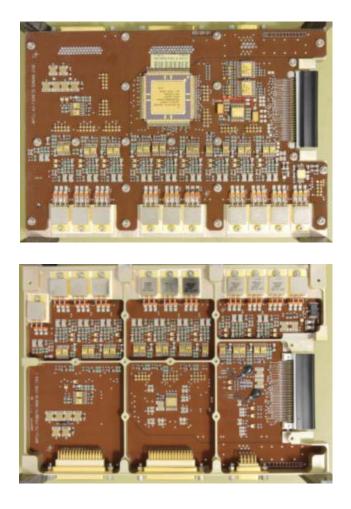




M-RTU Modules

Heaters:

- 20x 30W heaters,
- Maximum delivered power of 600W



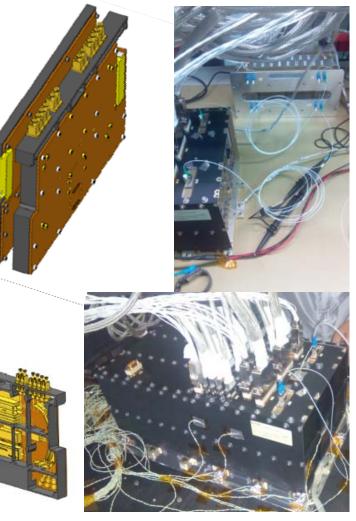
11 May, 2017

AIRBUS

M-RTU Modules: Concept validation

Third Party Module: FOS

- During the qualification of the Modular RTU a third party module was included to test the concept and to qualify the module.
- FOS: Fiber Optic Sensors, The FOS demonstrator is composed by an interrogation unit (IU) plus a set of FBG sensors interconnected by a Optical fiber Harness (OH). The IU was designed to be integrated in a modular Remote Terminal Unit (RTU).



AIRBUS



11 May, 2017

Presentation title runs here (go to Header and Footer to edit this text)

18

M-RTU Qualification

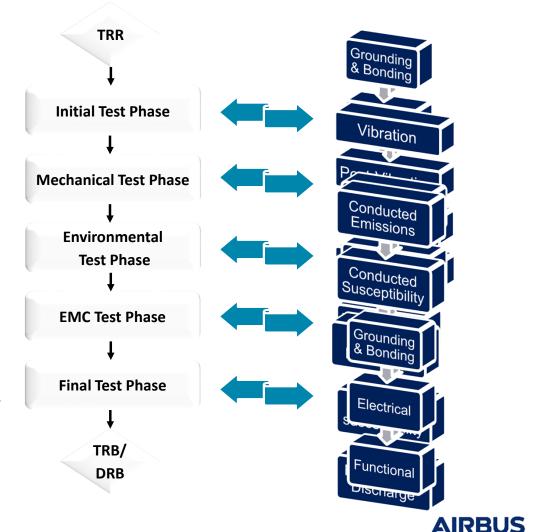
Modular RTU is fully qualified.

According ECSS-E-10-02 The equipment is typically classified according to the following categories:

Category A: Off-the-shelf equipment requiring no modification which has been subjected to a qualification test programme for space applications at least as severe as that imposed by the actual project specifications. \rightarrow <u>no qualification</u> **Category B:** Off-the-shelf equipment requiring no modifications that have already been tested and qualified but subjected to a different qualification programme or to a different environment \rightarrow <u>delta qualification</u>

Category C: Off-the-shelf equipment requiring minor design modifications. A <u>delta or full qualification</u> test programme shall be decided on a case-by-case. *Category D*: Newly designed and developed equipment or existing equipment requiring major re-design. A <u>full qualification</u> test programme shall be imposed.

According ECSS-E-10-03 the Qualification consist on: *Qualification testing shall* be performed to provide evidence that the space segment element or equipment performs in accordance with its specifications in the intended environments with the specified qualification margins.



11 May, 2017 Presentation title runs here (go to Header and Footer to edit this text)

M-RTU MAIT SetUp

Modular RTU was manufactured, assembled and qualified in controlled environmental conditions:

- Temperature: 22°C ± 3°C
- HR: 55% ± 10%

The MAIT activities will take place in four clean areas or controlled environments as below:

- Class ISO 8 standard clean room according to ISO-14644 (previously Class 100.000 according to the old FED-STD-209E) for:

o Mechanical parts assembly

o PCBs population, Vapour Phase Reflow Soldering, Hand Soldering, Inspection and intermediate cleaning. o Vibration test, EMC







11 May, 2017 Presentation title runs here (go to Header and Footer to edit this text)

M-RTU Ambient Verification

INITIAL TEST

- EQM was submitted to a characterization and verification ambient test (complying with ESTEC/ITT AO/1-6819/11/NL/AT requirements).
- <u>Electrical tests</u> shall include application of expected voltages, impedance, frequencies, pulses, and wave forms at the electrical interface of the space segment equipment.
- <u>Functional tests</u> shall verify the complete function of the space segment equipment and <u>Performance tests</u> shall verify that the space segment equipment performances, under the specified environment, are compliant with the performances specification.

FINAL TEST

- EQM was submitted to a Final Validation test at ambient test to verify the good health of the unit after the Qualification.

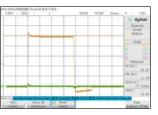


BDM_R \$422 Signals Low State

| Condition | Measured Value | Expected Values | Status |
|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------|
| BLV_ST2 TM (SBDL#4ALL OFF) | 2000 | 2000 | OK |
| BLV_ST2 TM (SBDL#1 ON) | 2001 | 2001 | OK |
| SBDL ACQ 1 Voltage (V) | 0.506 | - | - |
| SBDL ACQ 2 Voltage (V) | -0.496 | - | - |
| SBDL ACQ 3 Voltage (V) | -0.497 | - | - |
| SBDL ACQ 4 Voltage (V) | -0.497 | - | - |
| BLV_ST2 TM (SBDL#2 ON) | 2002 | 2002 | OK |
| SBDL ACQ 1 Voltage (V) | -0.496 | - | - |
| SBDL ACQ 2 Voltage (V) | 0.506 | - | - |
| SBDL ACQ 3 Voltage (V) | -0.497 | - | - |
| SBDL ACQ 4 Voltage (V) | -0.497 | - | - |
| BLV_ST2 TM (SBDL#3 ON) | 2004 | 2004 | OK |
| SBDL ACQ 1 Voltage (V) | -0.496 | - | - |
| SBDL ACQ 2 Voltage (V) | -0.496 | - | - |
| SBDL ACQ 3 Voltage (V) | 0.507 | - | - |
| SBDL ACQ 4 Voltage (V) | -0.497 | - | - |









Confidential

M-RTU Mechanical Assessment

VIBRATION TEST

 EQM was submitted to a typical Qualification loads for an earth observation programme (complying with ESTEC/ITT AO/1-6819/11/NL/AT requirements).

| Axis | Frequency(Hz |) | Qualification | |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------------|--|
| | 20-80 | +3 dB/oct | | |
| Perpendicular | 80-200 | | 0.5 g ² /Hz | |
| to mounting plane | 200-400 | | 0.3 g ² /Hz | |
| (1 axis) | 400-2000 | | -6 dB/oct | |
| | g rms | | 15.4 | |
| | 20-80 | | +4 dB/Oct | |
| Parallel to | 80-1000 | | 0.1 g ² /Hz | |
| mounting plane (2 axes) | 1000-2000 | | -3 dB/oct | |
| | g rms | | 12.8 | |
| All | Duration (Secon | ds) | -3 dB/oct | |
| | | | | |
| Axis | Frequency [Hz] | | Qualification | |
| All axes | 5-20 | N | lax. Shaker Am | |
| | | | | |

| Axis | Frequency [Hz] |] Qualification | |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------------|--|
| All axes | 5-20 | Max. Shaker Amp | |
| All axes | 20-100 | 20 g (0 – peak) | |
| Sweep Rate | | 2 oct/min | |
| Sweep Direction | | 1 sweep up and down | |

Mechanical Qualification successful.

SHOCK TEST

- EQM was submitted to a Qualification loads:



M-RTU Thermal Assessment

THERMAL VACUUM TEST

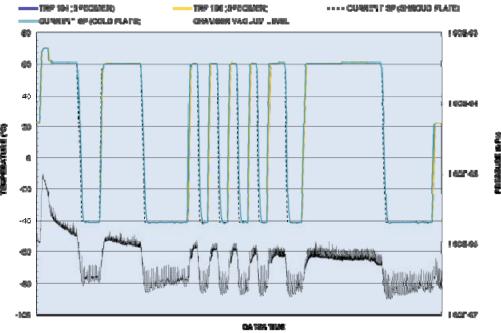
- EQM was submitted to a typical Qualification loads for an earth observation programme (complying with ESTEC/ITT AO/1-6819/11/NL/AT requirements).

Environmental Qualification successful → Full functionality

of the unit achieved at hot and cold plateau.



| | Non-operative | | Oper | ative | Start-Up | |
|------------------------------|---------------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| °C | TOP, min | TOP, max | TNOP, min | TNOP, max | TSU, min | TSU, max |
| Qualification temperature | -40°C | +70 °C | -40°C | +60 °C | -35 °C | +60 °C |

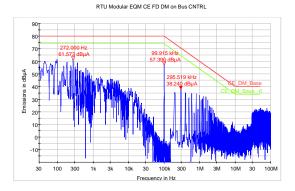


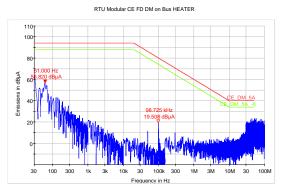
11 May, 2017 Presentation title runs here (go to Header and Footer to edit this text)

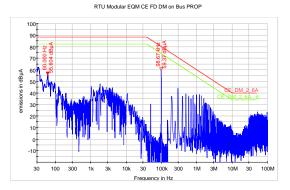
Confidential

M-RTU EMC Compatibility Assessment (1/3)

CONDUCTED EMISSIONS







No emissions over the specified limits in frequency.

CONDUCTED SUSCEPTIBILITY

Sine Wave Injection

23

Sine wave modulation (50% AM), modulation freq. of 1 kHz in 50 kHz - 50 MHz range. Frequency sweep will be at least 2spots/octave stops for taken measurements.

No Susceptibility detected.

Transient Injection

| Injection Mode | DM | СМ |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| RTU Power voltage | +26V | +28V |
| Pulse Amplitude | +2V and -2V (inverse injection) | +28V and -28V |
| Duration | 2 msec | 10 msec (± 1msec) |
| Pulse Rise Time | < 100Msec | < 1Ms |
| Repetition Freq. | 4 msec | 10 Hz |
| Applied Time | > 3 min | > 3 min |
| | | AIRB |

11 May, 2017 Presentation title runs here (go to Header and Footer to edit this text)

M-RTU EMC Compatibility Assessment (2/3)

| Frequency Range MHz | Field Level for units hidden the RF antenna (peak values) | Notes |
|------------------------|--|------------------|
| 2024 - 2026 | 30 dBµV/m | TT&C |
| 1565 - 1585 | 30 dBµV/m | GPS L1 |
| 1217 - 1238 | 30 dBµV/m | GPS L2 |
| 2400 - 2450 | 30 dBµV/m | ISL |
| 2035,5941 BW=0.15MHz | 30 dBµV/m | Earth-Space Link |
| 2047,7491 BW=0.15MHz | 30 dBµV/m | Earth-Space Link |
| | | |

IT MOD

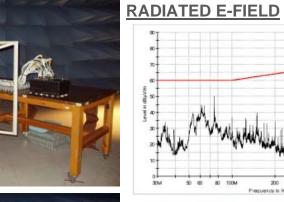


Figure 3. E Field Radiated Emission Test. EUT ON. Vertical Polarization

Figure 4. E Field Radiated Emission Test. EUT ON. Horizontal Polarization

No emissions over the specified limits in frequency.

SUSCEPTIBILITY E-FIELD

| Frequency Range | Electric Field Strength (rms) | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| 30 MHz - 18 GHz | 2Vrms/m | |
| No Susceptibility detected | | |

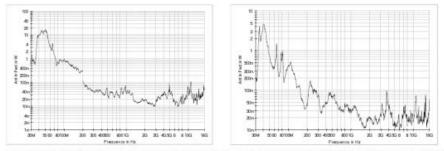


Figure 34. E Field Radiated Susceptibility Test. Antenna Power. Horizontal Polarization Figure 36. E Field Radiated Susceptibility Test. Antenna Power. Vertical Polarization

11 May, 2017 Presentation title runs here (go to Header and Footer to edit this text)

Confidential

M-RTU EMC Compatibility Assessment (3/3)

Conducted discharge

This test shall be performed according to ECSS-E-ST-20-07C Rev 1 § A.15 (units manhandled during normal operations)

| Magnitude | Energy | Pulse Duration (half amplitude) | Rise Time (10%-90%) | Duration | Repetition Rate | |
|-----------|--------|------------------------------------|------------------------|----------|-----------------|--|
| 10 kV | 10 mJ | 100 nsec. ±30% | ≤ 10 nsec | ≥ 3 min | 10 Hz | |

Table 6-19 Conducted Arc Discharge parameters

Radiated discharge

25

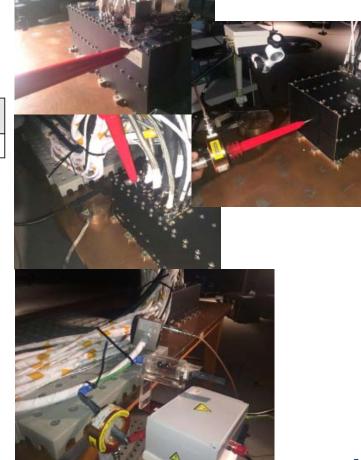
ESD Generator: Voltage of 10 kV.

C (Capacitance): value is 50 pF (TBC) **Choke resistor:** minimum value is 10 kohm.

Spark gap: typical value is 6 kV. **Damping resistor:** typical value is 47 ohm.

High voltage source: could be a dc source, a choke resistor of more than 10 Mohm is used.
Discharge circuit: floating and tightly coupled 20 cm along the harness of the EUT.
Transient current pulse: a goal is 30 amp, 30 ns duration at mid-height (TBC).
Repetition rate: 1 Hz for at least 5 minutes or with 15 positive and 15 negative pulses.

No Susceptibility to ElectroMagnetic Discharges detected.



Summary

26

- Modular RTU has fulfilled the technical expectations.
- Unit Modularity concept and third-parties included in the Modular RTU has been assessed.
- Qualification has been achieved with no major issues.
- There is an on-going flight mission based on the qualified RTU unit (Proba-3).
- The Modular RTU will be the baseline unit for future ESA missions .



Thank you

Contact: Name: Javier Goyanes Title: Modular RTU Technical Responsible Phone: +34 91 806 8870 E-mail: Javier.Goyanes@airbus.com

APPENDIX Applicable Documentation

11 May, 2017 Presentation title runs here (go to Header and Footer to edit this text)

AIRBUS

29

Applicable Documents for the RTU2015 programme

By applying in an extensive way ECSS compliant interfaces (ECSS-E-ST-50-12C, ECSS-E-ST-50-13C, ECSS-E-ST-50-14C, draft ECSS-E-ST-50-15C, ECSS-E-ST-50-51C, ECSS-E-ST-50-52C) instead of the proprietary ones that are often used today, the opportunity is open for equipment suppliers willing to develop an EQM version of a modular and upgradeable unit than can be used across different missions.

This is exactly in line with the building block approach and philosophy.

| REF. | DOC. NUMBER | TITLE |
|---------|---|--|
| [AD-0] | Appendix 1 to ESTEC/ITT AO/1-6819/11/NL/AT | Modular General Purpose RTU 2015 Statement of Work |
| [AD-1] | ECSS-E-ST-20C | Electrical and Electronic |
| [AD-2] | ECSS-E-ST-50C | Communications |
| [AD-3] | ECSS-E-ST-50-12C | SpaceWire Links, Nodes, Routers and Networks |
| [AD-4] | ECSS-E-ST-50-13C | Interface and Communication Protocol forthe MIL-STD-1553B Data Bus Onboard Spacecraft |
| [AD-5] | ECSS-E-ST-50-14C | Spacecraft Discrete interfaces |
| -[AD-6] | ECSS-E-ST-50-15 Draft | -CAN-CANOpen Interface |
| [AD-7] | ECSS-E-ST-50-51C | SpaceWire protocol identification |
| [AD-8] | ECSS-E-ST-50-52C | SpaceWire - Remote memory access protocol |
| [AD-9] | ECSS-E-ST-10-06 / ECSS-E-ST-10 Part 6A | Functional and Technical Specifications |
| [AD-10] | ECSS-E-10-03 | Space engineering – Testing |
| [AD-11] | MIL-1553B Notice 2 | Digital Time Division Command/Response Multiplex Data Bus |
| [AD-12] | ECSS-Q-ST-30-02C | Failure modes, effects and criticality analysis (FMECA) |
| [AD-13] | ECSS-Q-ST-60-02C | ASIC and FPGA Development Standard |
| [AD-14] | ECSS-E-ST-20-07C | Electromagnetic compatibility |
| [AD-15] | ECSS-E-ST-32-10C rev 1 | Structural Factors of safety for SpaceflightHardware |
| [AD-16] | ECSS-Q-ST-70-36C | Material selection for controlling stress-corrosion cracking |
| [AD-17] | SAE AS 4111 | Validation Test Plan for the Digital TimeDivision Command/Response MultiplexData Bus Remote Terminals |
| [AD-18] | TEC-EDD/2007,32/GF Issue: 1 rev: 1 20/11/2008 | RASTA Interface Control Document (ICD) –Onboard Software |
| [AD-19] | TEC-EDD/2007,31/GF Issue: 1 rev: 1 07/07/2008 | RASTA Interface Control Document (ICD) -Hardware |
| [AD-20] | RASTA User's Manual | RASTA Users Manual |