

ADCSS 2017: Sodern presentation



17 Oct 2017

Agenda

■ Star trackers road map: a wide range of products

- End of CCD star trackers: SED26 replaced by Horus as standalone multi-mission star tracker
- Hydra maintained beyond 2030 for high end applications
- Auriga for constellations: how to produce 150 STR per month
- Auriga Stand-Alone for small-sat

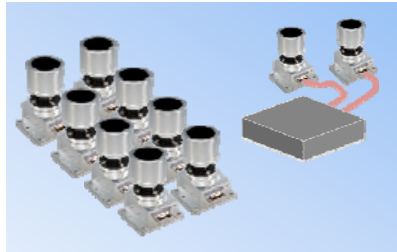
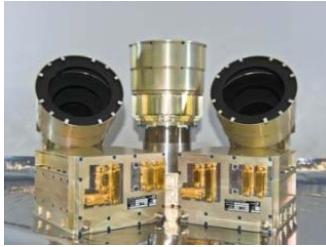
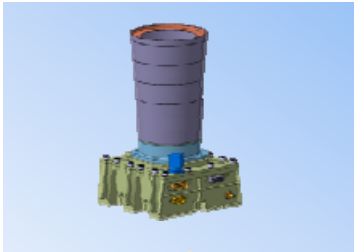
■ High fidelity of simulation tools

- Demonstrated thanks to Hydra REX on board Spot-6, Sodern simulation tools fidelity allow an accurate prediction of next generation STR performances (Horus, Auriga)

■ Horus : the new high-end star tracker for telecom market

- Starting with a high TRL thanks to Sodern heritage
- Performances

Star Tracker Offering - full market coverage



2020

End of Life
~ 2020-2021

Telecom GEO
Earth Observation LEO

Earth Observation LEO
High End Applications

Mega
Constellation
Telecom LEO

SmallSat
LEO

Beyond 2030

2019

2017

2019

2010

Telecom GEO
Earth Observation LEO

Telecom GEO
Earth Observation LEO

AURIGA

AURIGA -
Standalone

SED 26 - Single Box
Standalone

HORUS - Single Box
Standalone

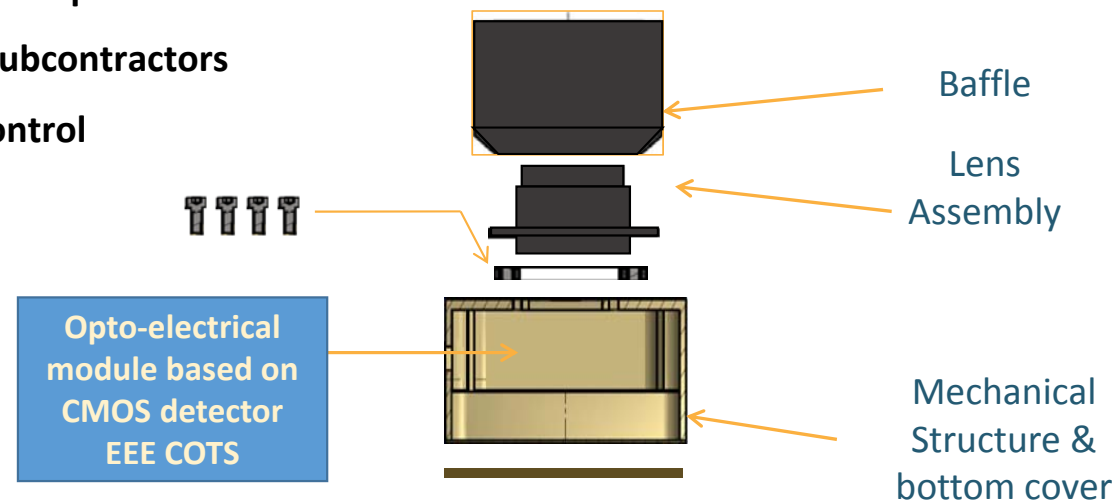
HYDRA series - Multi Box
Standalone - Available in
different form factor for EU

Single Box
S/W in OBC

Multi Box
S/W in EU

AURIGA - Cost driven Design

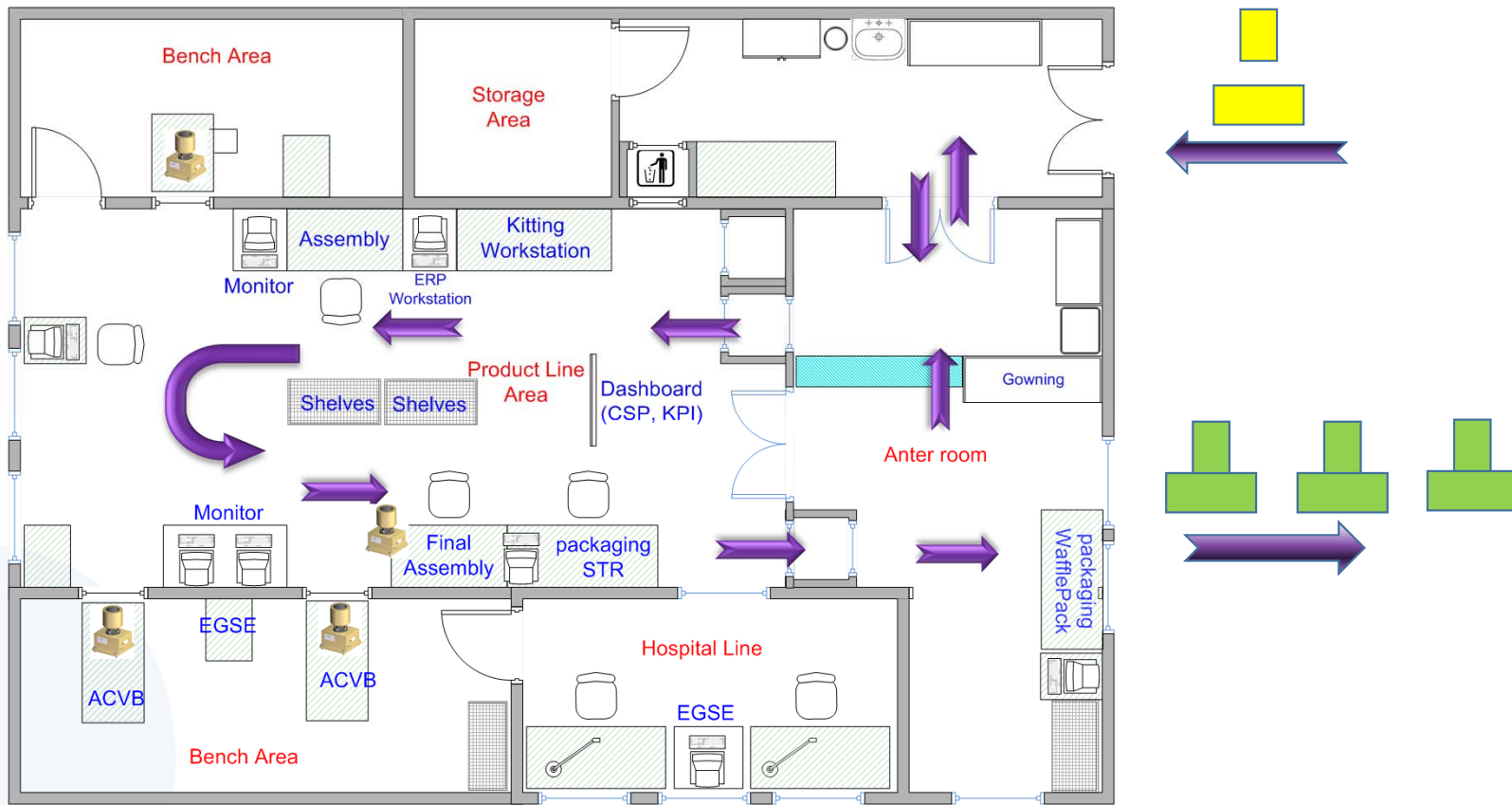
- **Modular Architecture allows a verification approach at the lowest level and a basic integration process to secure final assembly line**
 - Only 5 subassemblies
 - Well known and proven process
 - Limited number of subcontractors
 - Easy integration / control
 - Lean production



AURIGA Vs HYDRA

Environmental characteristics	AURIGA	HYDRA
Operating range	-30°C to +45°C; up to +60°C	-30°C to +60°C
Storage temperature	-40°C to +70°C	-40°C to +70°C
Volume / mass	56 x 66 x 94 mm ³ / <210g	113 x 119 x 283 mm ³ / 1400g
Reliability, Availability and Lifetime		
EEE component class	Level 3 equivalent	Level 2 or Level 1
Reliability	<1000 fit (RDF 2005 method)	241 / 190 fit
Outage	7.10 ⁻² Per day	No
Lifetime	7 yrs in LEO	7 yrs in LEO / 15 yrs in GEO
Performance & Robustness		
Bias	110 arcsec	11 arcsec
FOV error Yaw, pitch / roll	2 / 11 arcsec	0.5 / 4 arcsec
Space-time noise Yaw, pitch / roll @1s	6 / 40 arcsec	4 / 30 arcsec
Time from lost-in-space @EOL 0.06°/s, @99%	< 12s	< 4s
Kinematics in Acq / Tracking @EOL	up to 0.2 / 3 deg/s	15 deg /s
Moon effect	No effect of Moon	No effect of Moon
Baffle SEA / EEA (half angle)	34 / 29 deg	26 / 18.5 deg
Electrical Interfaces		
Power Supply / Consumption	5 V / 1 W	5V / 1W
Output data / Output rate	SpaceWire / 5Hz	SpaceWire / 30Hz

AURIGA production - Lean Manufacturing facilities

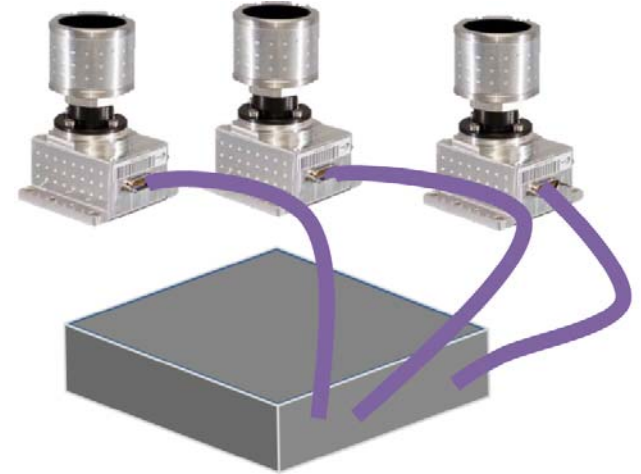


Ramping up production up to 150 STR / month in 2018

AURIGA Standalone

Multi-box solution based on Auriga Optical Head :

- Optical Head 56 x 66 x H94 mm³, <210g
- Electronic Unit 120 × 90 × H22 mm³, <350g
- EU connected to up to 3 OH through SpW I/F
- RS422 I/F ;
- +5V input; 4W + 1W per OH
- Designed for LEO 10 years
- Single head and blended quaternion at 5 Hz



- Same performances as Auriga OH

FOV error

1 OH		2 or 3 OH
X/Y (" 3 σ)	Z (" 3 σ)	X/Y/Z (" 3 σ)
6	35	6

V (°/s)	High Frequency Spatial Error			Temporal NEA		
	1 OH		2 or 3 OH	1 OH		2 or 3 OH
	X/Y (" 3 σ)	Z (" 3 σ)	X/Y/Z (" 3 σ)	X/Y (" 3 σ)	Z (" 3 σ)	X/Y/Z (" 3 σ)
0.06	7	45	7	15	90	15

Noise Equivalent Angle

HYDRA Family

CMOS detector Star Tracker solutions based on :

Same 23 deg FOV Optical Head - Spacewire I/F

Same electronic design, only different Electronic Unit packaging , 1553/RS422

Same S/W with 3 Fields Of View data fusion at up to 30 Hz

Hydra baseline



up to 4 OH + 1 or 2 EU in cold redundancy

TRL9 achieved with Spot6 launch

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Hydra-TC



2 OH + fully redundant EU

**TRL8 in Q4 2012
1st launch in 2014**

Hydra-M



2 OH + EU without TEC

**TRL8 in Q3 2013
1st launch in 2015**

Hydra-CP



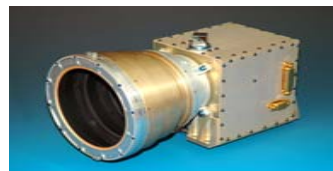
OH + S/W Hosted into S/C OBC

SPOT Satellites

SPOT6: first Satellite of AstroTerra program based on Astrium AS250 P/F
Daily global revisits: 1 day to 5 days with off-track capability
10 years - LEO @ 700km - phased on the same orbit as Pleiades 1A&1B



SED26 CCD Autonomous Star Tracker



HYDRA CMOS Multiple Head Autonomous Star Tracker

SPOT6&7 configuration



Successful Launch from India
September 2012 with PSLV-C21

2 Electronic Units in cold redundancy with 3 Optical Heads

90 deg LOS angle between Heads

CMOS detector (HAS-2) maintained @ +15 Celsius with Thermo Electric Cooler

Electronic Unit operates three Optical Heads simultaneously
and delivers quaternion TM at **16Hz**

45 stars used for the blended solution (15 per OH)

Enhanced robustness in tracking when one/two OH not available

In-orbit validation

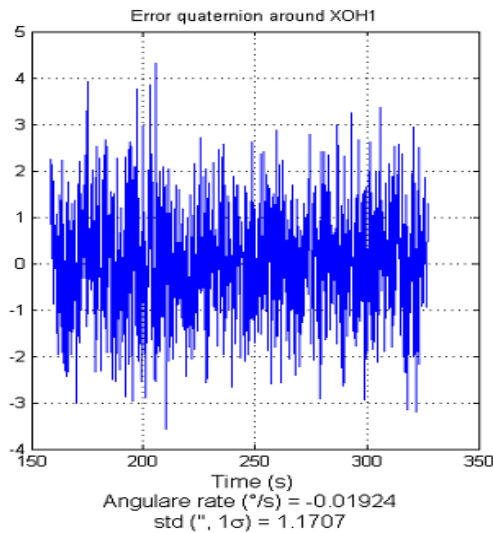
Monitoring during a period of 3 months with ASTRIUM & CNES support

- Good-Health diagnostic after switch “ON” of 3 OH and 1 EU:
 - house-keeping: All TM OK,
 - Detector cooling down temperature reached in 15 sec,
 - Quick acquisition in “lost in space” mode with 3 OH in few seconds
- Performance in tracking mode: star tracker is in tracking since beginning of the mission thanks' to multiple head robustness
- Sun and Earth limb exclusion angles
- Moon in the Field of View
- Robustness during maneuver
- Catalogue and photometric calibration
- Quality Index



→ Confirm ground test & simulation

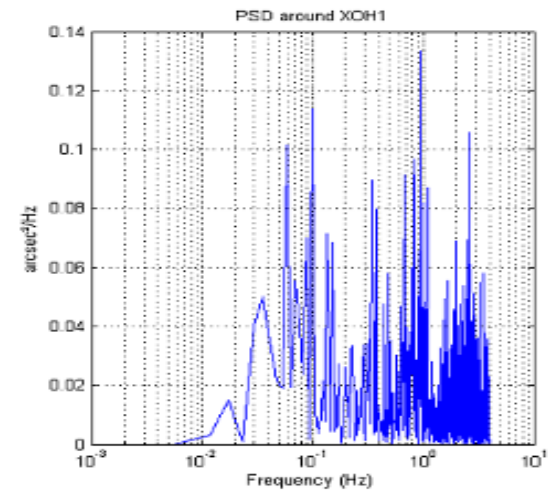
Performance in Tracking mode



Fast Fourier Transform on 3 axes

Quaternion attitude error \mathcal{E}

At 0,06 deg/s



$$\mathcal{E} = Q_{\text{measured}} - Q_{\text{fifth order polynomial law}}$$

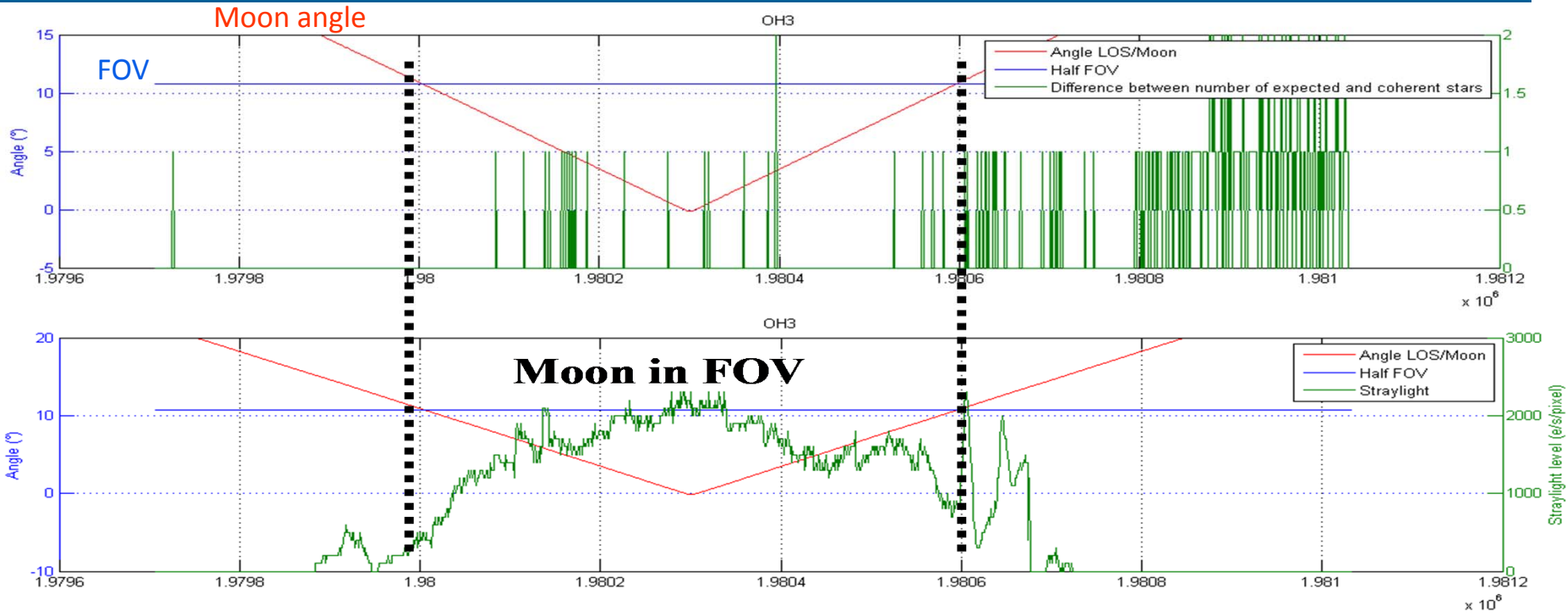
- Noise Equivalent Angle \rightarrow temporal noise
- High Spatial Frequency Error \rightarrow Non-Uniformity & interpolation response
- Low Spatial Frequency error \rightarrow FOV error = Geometric & Thermal residual Distortion, Catalogue

Performance in tracking mode @0.06deg/s

Arcsec @ 3 Sigma 3 Head solution (1 Head solution)	Axes	Measurement	Performance Prediction
NEA temporal noise @16Hz	Around X_{OH}	1.7 (2.7)	1.9 (2.9)
	Around Y_{OH}	1.1 (2.6)	1.9 (2.9)
	Around Z_{OH}	1.7 (23.8)	2.0 (22.9)
High Spatial Frequency Error	Around X_{OH}	1.4 (2.1)	1.4 (2)
	Around Y_{OH}	2.0 (2.8)	1.4 (2)
	Around Z_{OH}	1.7 (15.8)	1.5 (15.7)
Low Spatial Frequency error	Around X_{OH}	0.2 (0.3)	0.5 (0.7)
	Around Y_{OH}	0.4 (0.5)	0.5 (0.7)
	Around Z_{OH}	0.3 (2.2)	0.5 (4.7)

Results offered by Hydra are fitting the predicted performance

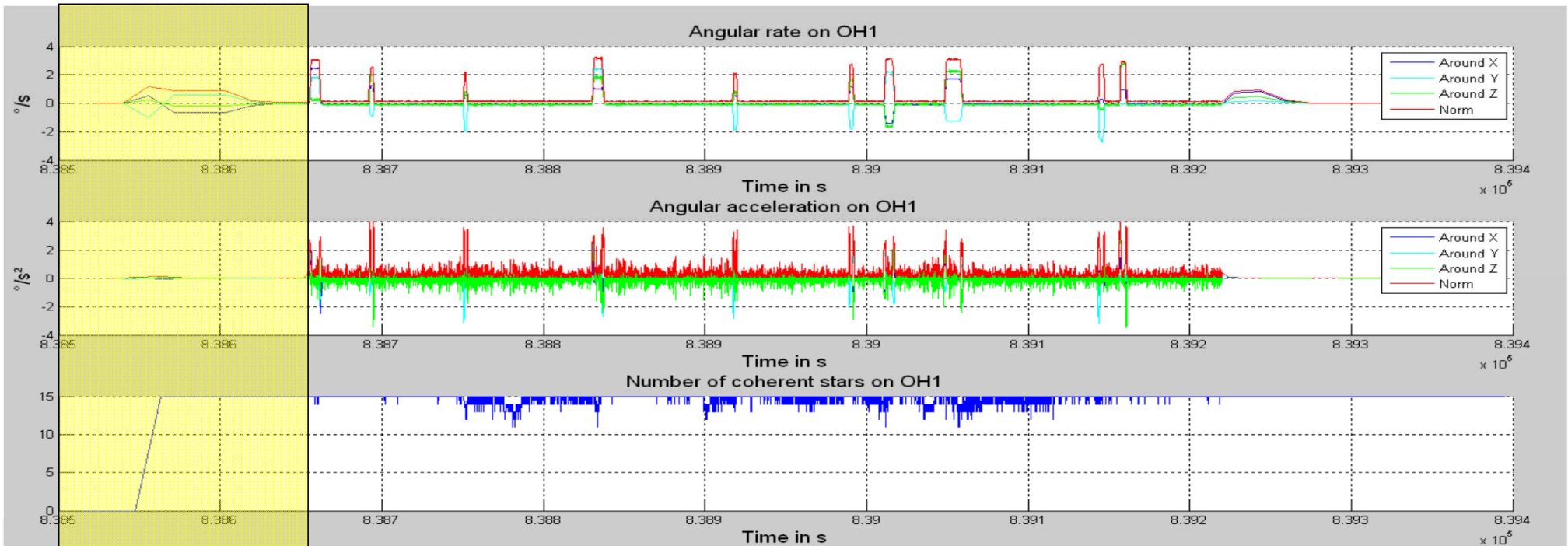
Moon in the Field Of View



Number of coherent stars still 15 per OH – Stray-light background level increased

The Moon in FOV with CMOS detector has negligible impact on performances

Robustness during satellite maneuver



Blinding of OH1

Angular rate up to 3 deg/s – acceleration up to 4 deg/s²

Star tracker robustness up 8 deg/s and 7 deg/s²

Conclusion for Hydra

First Hydra on-board Spot6 Astrium AS250 P/F

Agile Satellite with Sun/Earth Star Tracker occultation, High rate

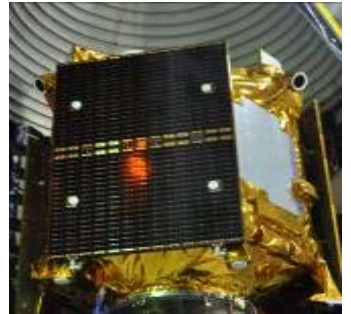
**Hydra offers high performances, availability and robustness
thanks to multiple FOV blended solution at 16Hz**

Performances with blended solution: **LSFE=0.4 arcsec**, HFSE<2 arcsec, NEA=0.4 arcsec/VHz –
Simulation fits measurement

Sun&Earth exclusion angle validated with few degrees margin

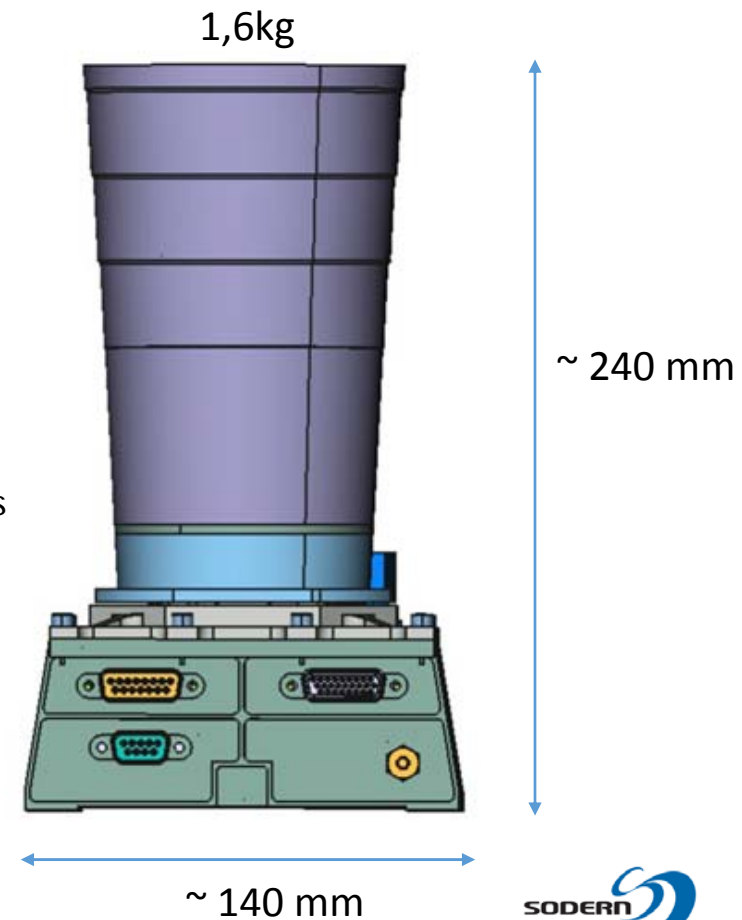
Robustness toward kinematics up to 3°/s and 4°/s²

Negligible impact of Moon in the FOV on performances



HORUS Overview

- **Best of autonomous and single box star tracker**
 - Blend of HYDRA and AURIGA
 - Life Time: 18 years, Weight: 1600 g, Power: 5 W, Accuracy: 2 arcs
 - primary power line 20-100V - 1553 dialog interface
 - 24° baffle
 - New APS generation
- **Acquisition and tracking data**
 - Acquisition & tracking for worst peak solar flares and for radiation belts
 - Tracking is operational at $2^\circ/s$ & $2^\circ/s^2$
 - Acquisition and Tracking Robust to the Moon in the field of view



HORUS Key Data

Performance & Robustness in End Of Life (EOL) conditions (18 years GEO)		
Performances		
Power	W	5
Volume	Cm ³	4000
Mass	Kg	1.6
Bias	Arcsec (3 sigma)	10
Thermo-elastic error	Arcsec / °C (3 sigma)	< 0.05
Low Frequency Spatial Error on XY / Z	Arcsec (3 sigma)	0.9 / 6
High Frequency Spatial Error on XY / Z	Arcsec (3 sigma)	2 / 15
Temporal noise on XY / Z	Arcsec (3 sigma)	8 / 60
Baffle SEA (Sun Exclusion Angle)	°	<24
Baffle EEA (Earth Exclusion Angle)	°	<17
Time to switch to tracking from lost-in-space	Second	<10
Robustness		
Kinematics in Tracking (EOL)	° / sec, °/sec ²	2, 2
Full Moon in the Field of view	-	No performance degradation
Robustness to transient protons	-	Robust to worst case of transient protons in both acquisition and tracking