

# Harness Reduction: Future Trends and Prospects

ADCSS 2017

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# What is a harness?

The spacecraft's harness is more & more complex and highly constrained.

It could exceed **50 000** connections, **200 kg** and **20km** of wire length.

It becomes a critical design driver for modern spacecrafts.



Harness Derating Rules - Opportunities for ECSS improvement  
M. Malagoli // 23/09/2013 // Space Passive Component Days

# Types and functions

Different type of harness:

DC harness

- Low voltage
- Medium voltage
- High voltage

Current

- High current
- Low current

RF harness

Spacewire/spacefiber

Different type of functions:

Power distribution (30% harness mass)

Signal

High voltage (TWTA, propulsion)

RF harness

High data rate harness

# CNES study (2009)



Satellite/harness mass	Microsat / 7Kg	Pleiades / 70 Kg	Telecom CM / 60Kg	Telecom SM / 20 Kg
Decentralised power distribution (PPCU+PDU)	- 5%	-12%	N/A	N/A
Thermal control dedicated bus for transducers acquisitions	- 2%	- 1%	N/A	N/A
Thermal control dedicated bus (PPCU + mini PDUs)	- 8%	- 15%	N/A already implemented	N/A already implemented
Aluminium cabling	- 14%	- 7%	- 25%	- 19%
Structure grounding	Power- 12% Total - 25%	Power -11% Total -18%	Baseline	Baseline
Shielding removal	- 10%	- 9%	- 5%	- 10%
Connectors miniaturisation	- 12%	- 3%	- 9%	- 10%
Cabling diameter reduction	Power -5% Total -23%	- 25 %	Power -22% Total -45%	Power -12% Total -32%



# Mass reduction: individual element

Material:

Aluminum

Changement de câble	AWG20 Cu => AWG18 Al	AWG28 Cu => AWG24 Al
Résistance ( $\Omega$ /km)	32.3 => 33	244 => 145
Masse linéique (g/m)	6.63 => 3.83	1.35 => 1.22

CNT

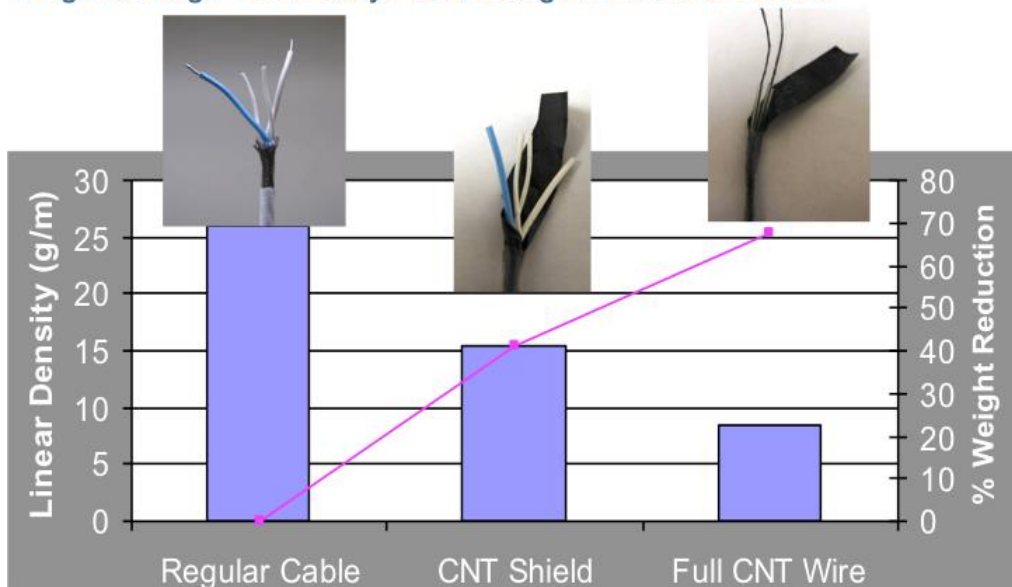
Composite (connector):

ESCC 3401/087 C&K (micro D)



40% mass reduction according to Nicomatic

Weight Savings Case Study: 69% Using All CNT construction

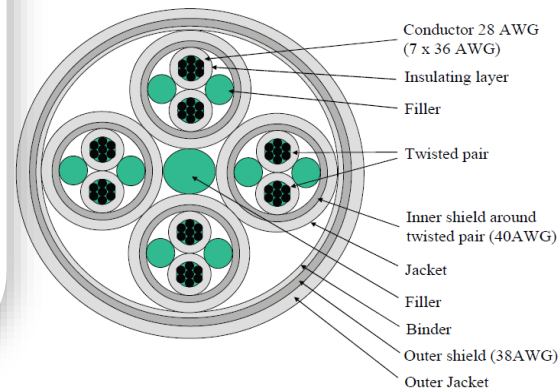
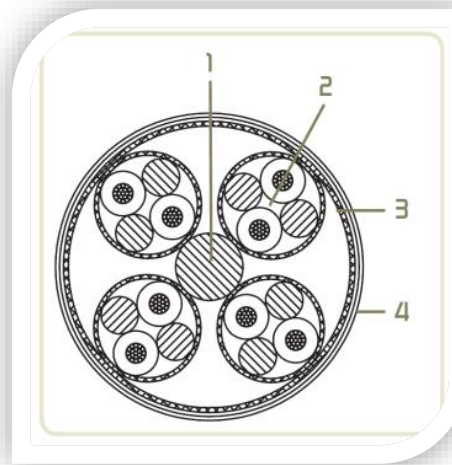


# Mass reduction: individual element

Design

Light weight space wire

Shielding

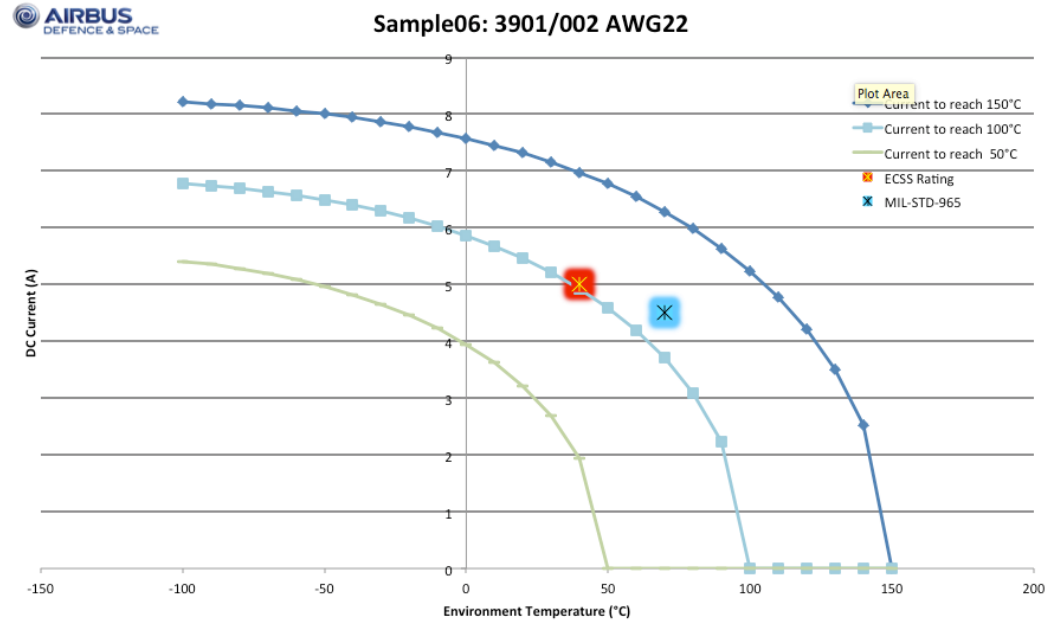


	Poids non blindé	Poids avec blindage	Pénalité de masse
Paire torsadée AWG28	2.7 g/m	5.7 g/m	+ 111 %
Paire torsadée AWG26	4.42 g/m	8 g/m	+ 81 %
Paire torsadée AWG24	5.91 g/m	10.5 g/m	+ 78 %

# Mass reduction: Bundle optimisation

Derating

Improved design and use of electrical harnesses (TRP)

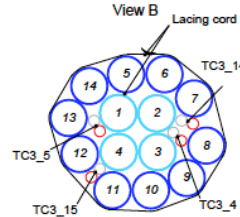


# Mass reduction: Bundle optimisation

Bundle optimisation

Simulation

Bundle shape



Improved design and use of electrical harnesses (TRP)



For use in large format (75m wing span) UAV. First flight due 2017



# Mass reduction: system optimisation



Harness shall answer to several requirements imposed by the satellite design (mechanical, thermal, electrical)

- Routing: distance between equipment, concentration of cable due to structure
- Segregation of different classes of signal
- Dismountability may increase the number of points then manufacturing operation

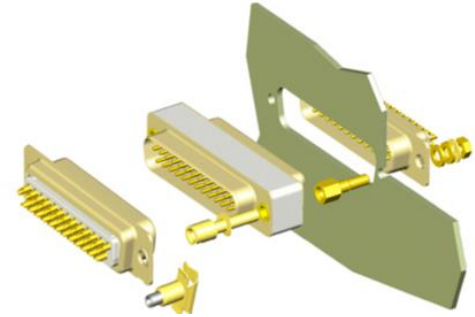
Real gain can be done if the harness routing and design is considered at satellite design.



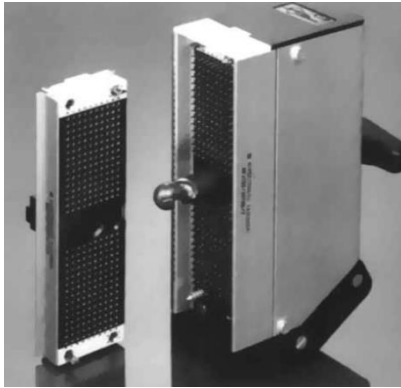
# Integration and test

Fast locking

ESCC 3401/085 (C&K)



High density connector (ARTES)



HYPERTAC

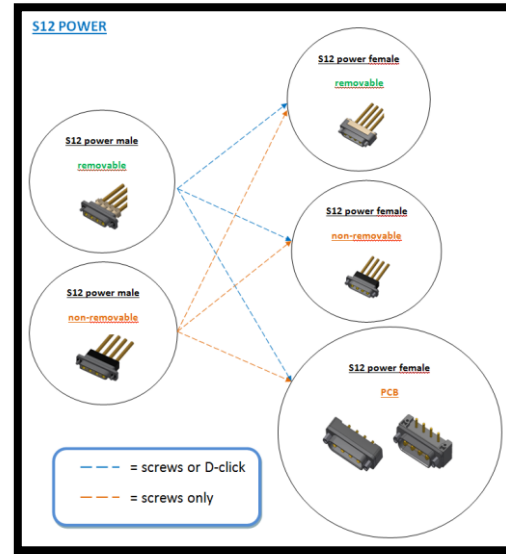
AMPHENOL

GLENAIR

# Integration and test

Modular connector

## MINIATURIZATION OF POWER/COAXIAL CONNECTORS (TRP)



CombiTac from  
Stäubli Electrical Connectors