



# STUDY IN THE FIELD OF ULTRA-GREEN LAUNCH & SPACE TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS

- STUDY PERFORMED FOR ESA STS FLPP -

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

Context – Horizon 2030 - 2050

How to define greener Launch & Space Transportation Systems

## 2. HOW TO FRAME AN ULTRA-GREEN L&ST SYSTEMS?

Approach overview

First step: define Earth environmental issues and targets

Second step: identify a set of trade-offs to be explored

Third step: define the methodology to be applied among the trade-offs

Environmental impact evaluation methodology

## 3. TOWARDS AN ULTRA-GREEN L&ST SYSTEM

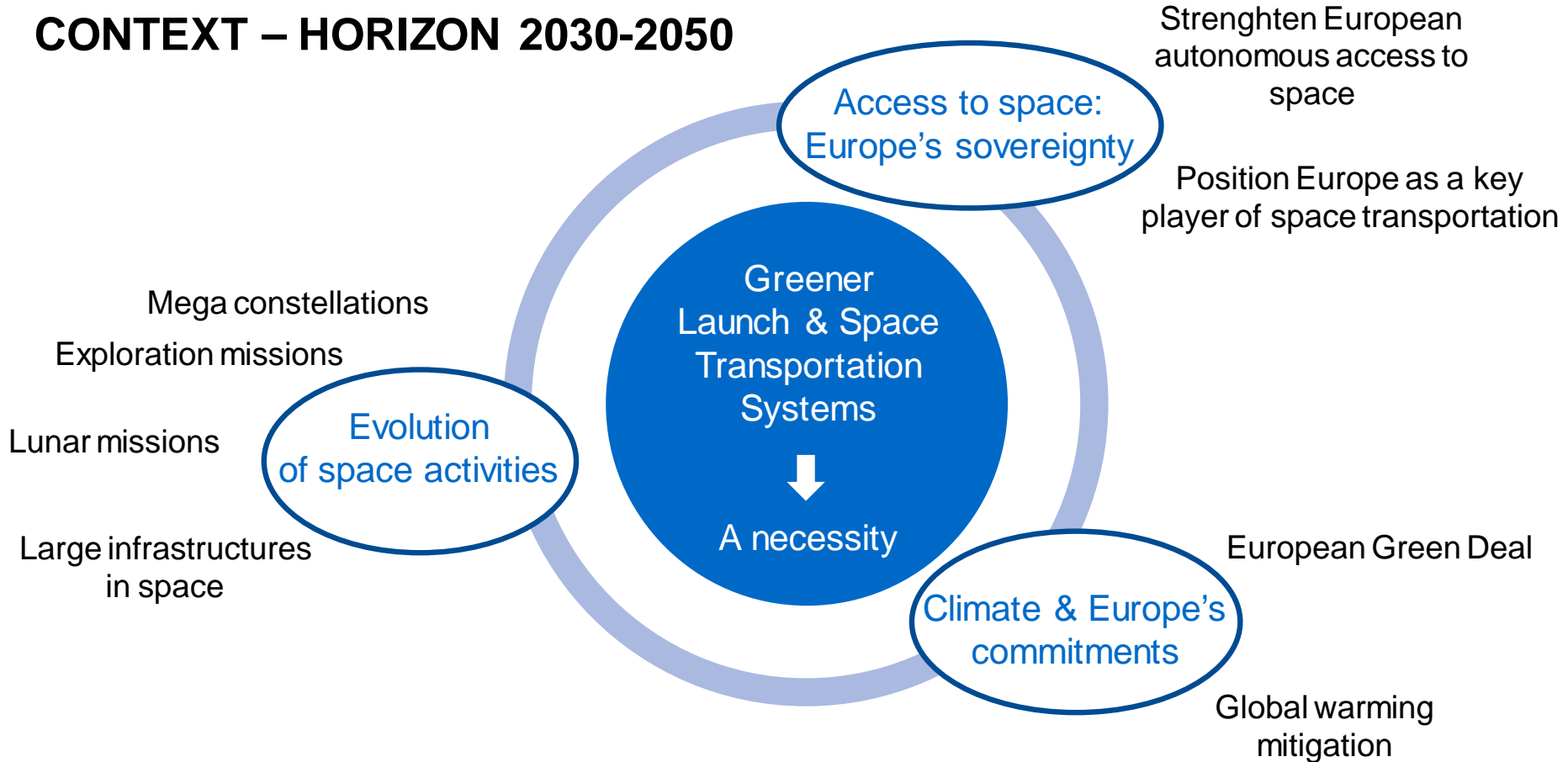
Life cycle approach

Synthesis

# 01

# INTRODUCTION

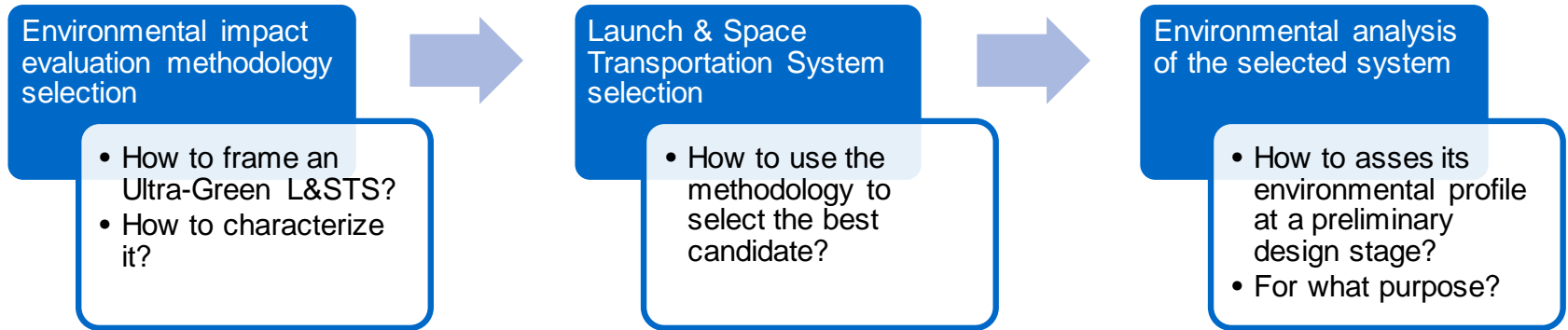
# CONTEXT – HORIZON 2030-2050



# HOW TO DEFINE GREENER LAUNCH & SPACE TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS

The study in the field of Ultra-Green Launch & Space Transportation Systems to investigate the potentiality to reach a greener system

The following steps of the study are detailed in this presentation



## Focusing on the environmental impact evaluation methodology

- ▶ As a new approach to integrate environmental aspects from the very beginning of a concept selection
- ▶ As a way to characterize what a greener Launch & Space Transportation System could be
- ▶ As a way to orientate design choices, assessing a very preliminary environmental profile

# 02

## HOW TO FRAME AN ULTRA-GREEN L&ST SYSTEM?

# APPROACH OVERVIEW



**Concept Idea,  
Service Provided**  
**No design**  
Very few data : propellant mass/type, dry mass, sub-assembly

**Preliminary design**

**Critical design**

**Ultra-Green L&ST study**

*Ecodesign*

*Ecodesign*

*Development phase timeline*



MG1

PDR/ MG5

CDR/ MG7



Environmental evaluation methodology applied to a set of trade-offs

Very preliminary LCA using extrapolation from existing LCA models

Preliminary LCA

Detailed LCA

*Environmental High Level Requirements to comply all along life cycle of the concept*

# FIRST STEP: DEFINE EARTH ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES AND TARGETS

## Environmental issues and associated targets which are:

- ▶ Critical for the space sector
- ▶ Aligned with European environmental regulation (including the European Green Deal ambition)
- ▶ Relevant considering the available data at this stage

### Climate change

- ❖ Reduction of greenhouse gases

### Energy Demand

- ❖ Reduction of energy consumption
- ❖ Use of renewable energy

### Resource depletion & criticality

- ❖ Reduction of resource consumption
- ❖ Reduction of supply risk linked to Critical Raw Material (CRM\*)

### Ozone depletion

- ❖ Reduction of emissions impacting ozone layer

### Human toxicity & Ecotoxicity

- ❖ Reduction of toxic substances use
- ❖ Reduction of marine pollution



# SECOND STEP: IDENTIFY A SET OF TRADE-OFF TO BE EXPLORED

On what to focus the efforts to reach a greener L&ST ?



Main contributors to all impacts  
(total share of 72%)

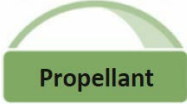
*Propellant: share of impact is 88% for solid propellant*



Focus on Launcher: *Environmental profile of A64- Global trends*

# SECOND STEP: IDENTIFY A SET OF TRADE-OFF TO BE EXPLORED

On what to focus the efforts to reach a greener L&ST ?



- ▶ **T/O on Reusability**
- ▶ T/O on Technology manufacturing and raw material
- ▶ **T/O on Propellant Launcher and Space Transportation vehicle**

✓ **assessed**  
through the methodology

✗ **Not feasible**  
at this step

✓ **assessed**  
through the methodology



Focus an Launcher: Environmental profile of A64- Global trends

# THIRD STEP: DEFINE THE METHODOLOGY TO BE APPLIED AMONG THE TRADE-OFF

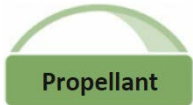
« **Internal** » inventory data available at this stage: service provided → dry mass, mass of the propellant, sub-assembly architecture and mass

« **External** » inventory data available : existing LCA models (Ariane 6, Themis study), ESA Space LCI database.



## Extrapolation of **existing LCA models**:

generic data creation adapted to the level of reusability studied  
→ quantify **emissions factors** on **GWP, Energy demand and Abiotic Resource depletion**

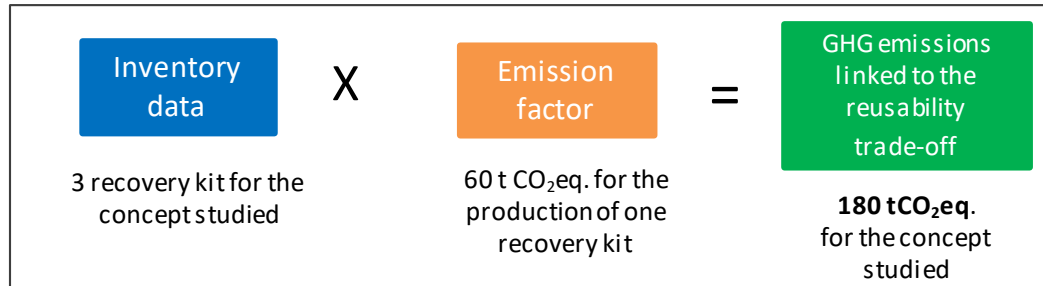
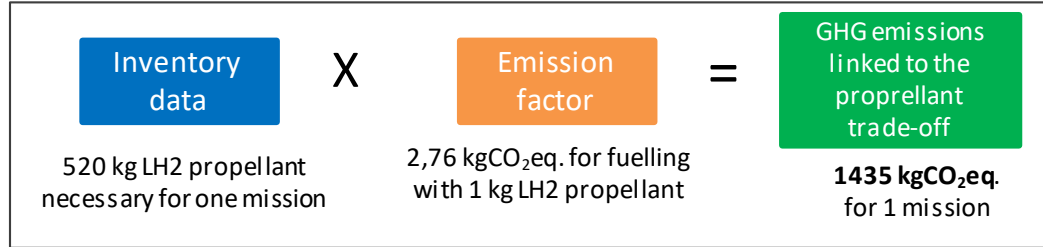


## Use of the « **propellant modules** » available in **ESA Space LCI DB**

→ quantify **emissions factors** on **GWP, Energy demand and Abiotic resource depletion**

# ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT EVALUATION METHODOLOGY- EMISSIONS FACTORS PRINCIPLE

- Examples for Climate Change Issue



- For each T/O : scope (life cycle step), applicability of criteria and availability of data were specified

# ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT EVALUATION METHODOLOGY-

## SYNTHESIS

Climate change

Energy Demand

Resource depletion & criticality

Ozone depletion

Human toxicity & Ecotoxicity

Emissions factors principles  
→ results in:

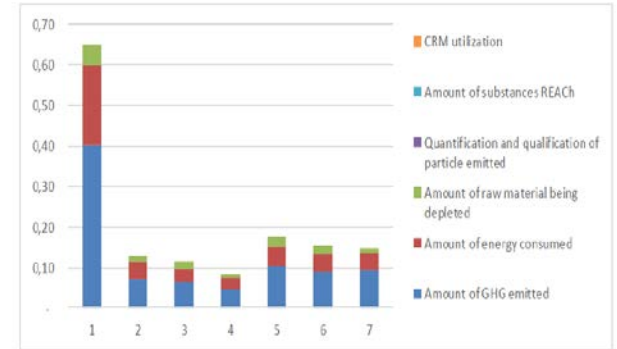
- x Kg CO2 eq
- y MJ
- z Kg Sb eq

① Normalized

② Weighted

Assessment using « primary data » (mass, ..), which availability depending on the design level

Not detailed here



→ Decision making results

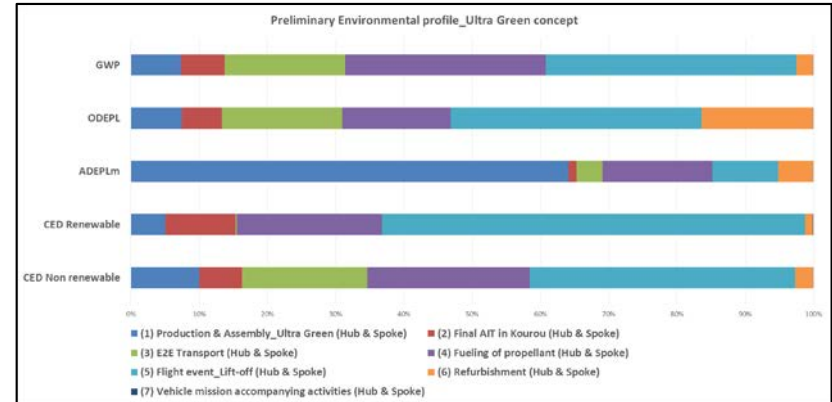
# 03

## TOWARDS AN ULTRA-GREEN L&ST SYSTEM

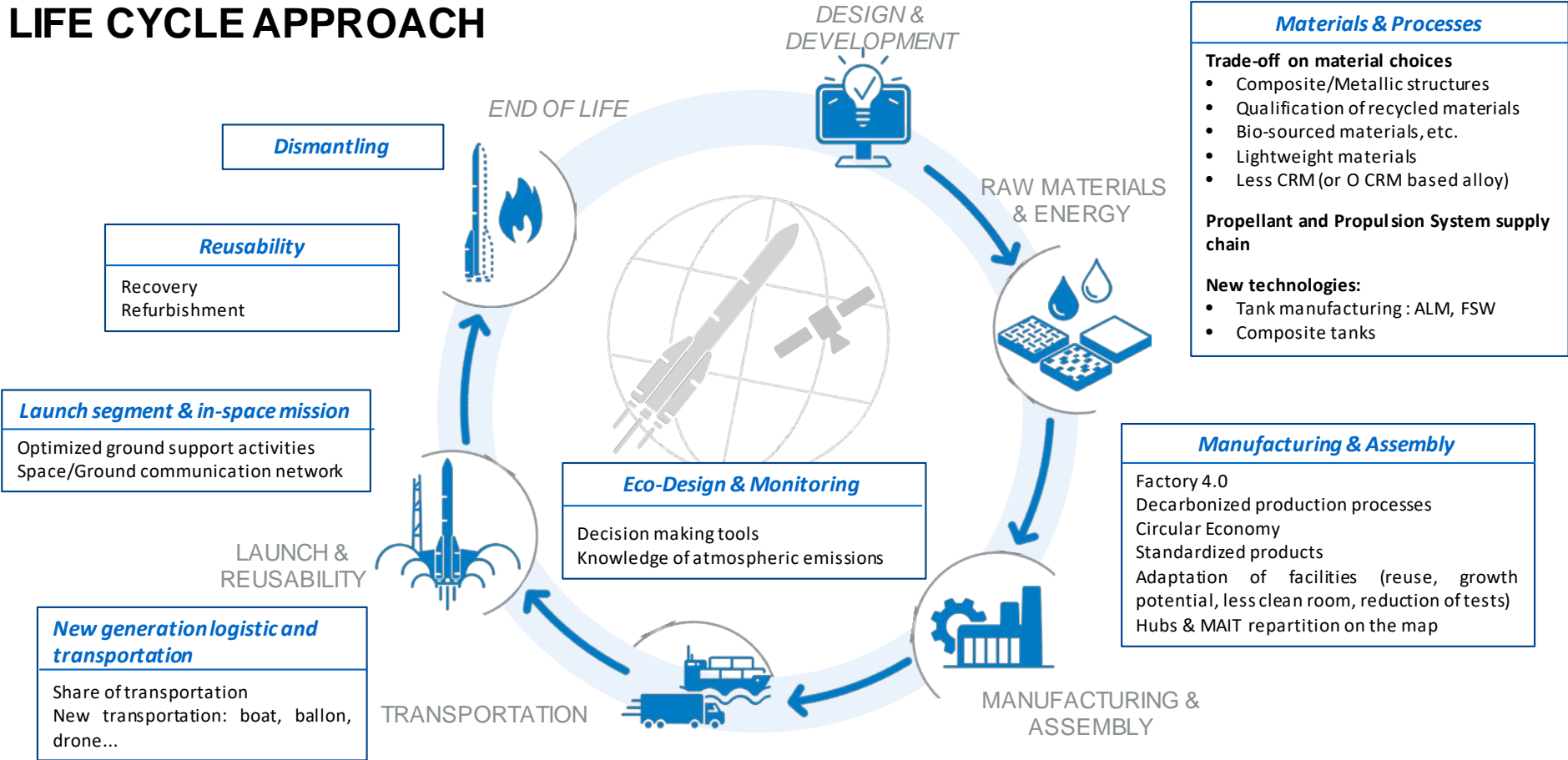
# TOWARDS AN ULTRA-GREEN L&ST SYSTEM / LIFE CYCLE APPROACH

## Preliminary LCA outcome / Topics to be further explored

- ▶ Choice of High temperature raw material
- ▶ Production route of propellant
- ▶ Better application of ALM
- ▶ Material and energy efficiency of manufacturing processes and sequences
- ▶ Energy consumption of launch activities during lift-off



# TOWARDS AN ULTRA-GREEN L&ST SYSTEM / LIFE CYCLE APPROACH



**Dismantling**

**Reusability**

Recovery  
Refurbishment

**Launch segment & in-space mission**

Optimized ground support activities  
Space/Ground communication network

**New generation logistic and transportation**

Share of transportation  
New transportation: boat, ballon, drone...

**Eco-Design & Monitoring**

Decision making tools  
Knowledge of atmospheric emissions

**Materials & Processes**

**Trade-off on material choices**

- Composite/Metallic structures
- Qualification of recycled materials
- Bio-sourced materials, etc.
- Lightweight materials
- Less CRM (or O CRM based alloy)

**Propellant and Propulsion System supply chain**

**New technologies:**

- Tank manufacturing : ALM, FSW
- Composite tanks

**Manufacturing & Assembly**

Factory 4.0  
Decarbonized production processes  
Circular Economy  
Standardized products  
Adaptation of facilities (reuse, growth potential, less clean room, reduction of tests)  
Hubs & MAIT repartition on the map



# TOWARDS AN ULTRA-GREEN L&ST SYSTEM / SYNTHESIS

## Eco-design is key to improve the Earth environment impact of Launch & Space Transportation Systems...

- ▶ Applying a **high level** environmental impact **methodology**
- ▶ Comply **High level requirements** all along the life cycle step
- ▶ Identify **ways of improvement** using ecodesign approach through each development step

## ... But needs to be supported by ambitious key sector decarbonization targets

- ▶ Benefit **decarbonization** of the operations, from production to refurbishment phases

## Towards a Green Deal for Launch and Space Transportation Systems

- ▶ How to translate Green Deal ambitions to space sector and have a common Ultra-Green vision?