

# Space Radiation and Plasma Monitoring Workshop 2014

13-14 May 2014

European Space Research and Technology Centre (ESTEC)

## Compact payload SATRAM on-board Proba-V satellite for radiation monitoring in open space with quantum and directional sensitivity based on the pixel detector Timepix



Carlos Granja, Štěpán Polansky\*, Stanislav Pospíšil, Zdeněk Vykydal\*, Daniel Tureček\*, Benedikt Bergmann\*#

*Institute of Experimental and Applied Physics, Czech Technical University in Prague, Czech Republic*

Karim Mellab, Alan Owens, Petteri Nieminen  
*European Space Agency (ESA), ESTEC, Netherlands*



Zdenek Dvořák, Marek Šimčák, Z. Kozaček\$, P. Vána\$, J. Máreš\$  
*Czech Space Research Center, Brno, Czech Republic*



\*PhD student

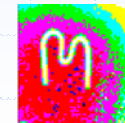
#MC simulations

\$former staff



Research performed in frame of the CERN Medipix Collaboration

Project funded by the European Space Agency



IEAP-CTU Prague



# INSTITUTE OF EXPERIMENTAL AND APPLIED PHYSICS

Czech Technical University in Prague



- 10 years
- Research
- Education
- Facilities
- Products
- People
- About us
- Wrote about us
- Links

Basic Research

### Astroparticle & non-accelerator physics

- Neutrino physics (NEMO3/SuperNEMO, TGV)
- Cosmic rays (CZELTA)
- Dark matter (PICASSO)

### ATLAS at LHC

- SCT detection modules
- Neutron shielding
- Medipix radiation monitoring
- Higgs boson physics

### Nuclear spectroscopy

- Fission fragment spectroscopy
- Laser induced nuclear excitation
- Ultra cold neutrons



Applied Research

### Radiation imaging

- Medipix pixel detectors: SW, HW
- X-ray radiography and tomography
- Charged particle & neutron imaging
- Biomedical imaging
- Material science and defectoscopy

### R&D of semiconductor detectors

- 3D and semi-3D detectors
- Thermal neutron detectors
- Room-temperature detectors
- Instrumentation for detector testing

### Applied spectrometry

- Material analysis (CINAA, XRF, Radon)
- Particle tracking and spectroscopy
- Space: (gamma, neutron, micro-sensor, SATRAM payload)



Fundamental Experiments in the Physics of the Microworld

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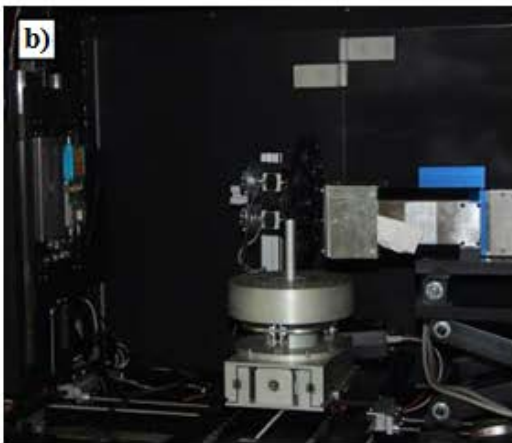
#### Recent events

- [NSS MIC IEEE Conference](#)  
Seattle, USA  
8-15 Nov 2014
- [NSS MIC IEEE Conference](#)  
Seoul, Korea  
27 Oct - 2 Nov 2013
- [15th IWORID](#)  
Paris  
23-27 June 2013

All.

# IEAP CTU in Prague

R&D Radiation Detectors/Instrumentation/Spectroscopy, VdG ion accelerator

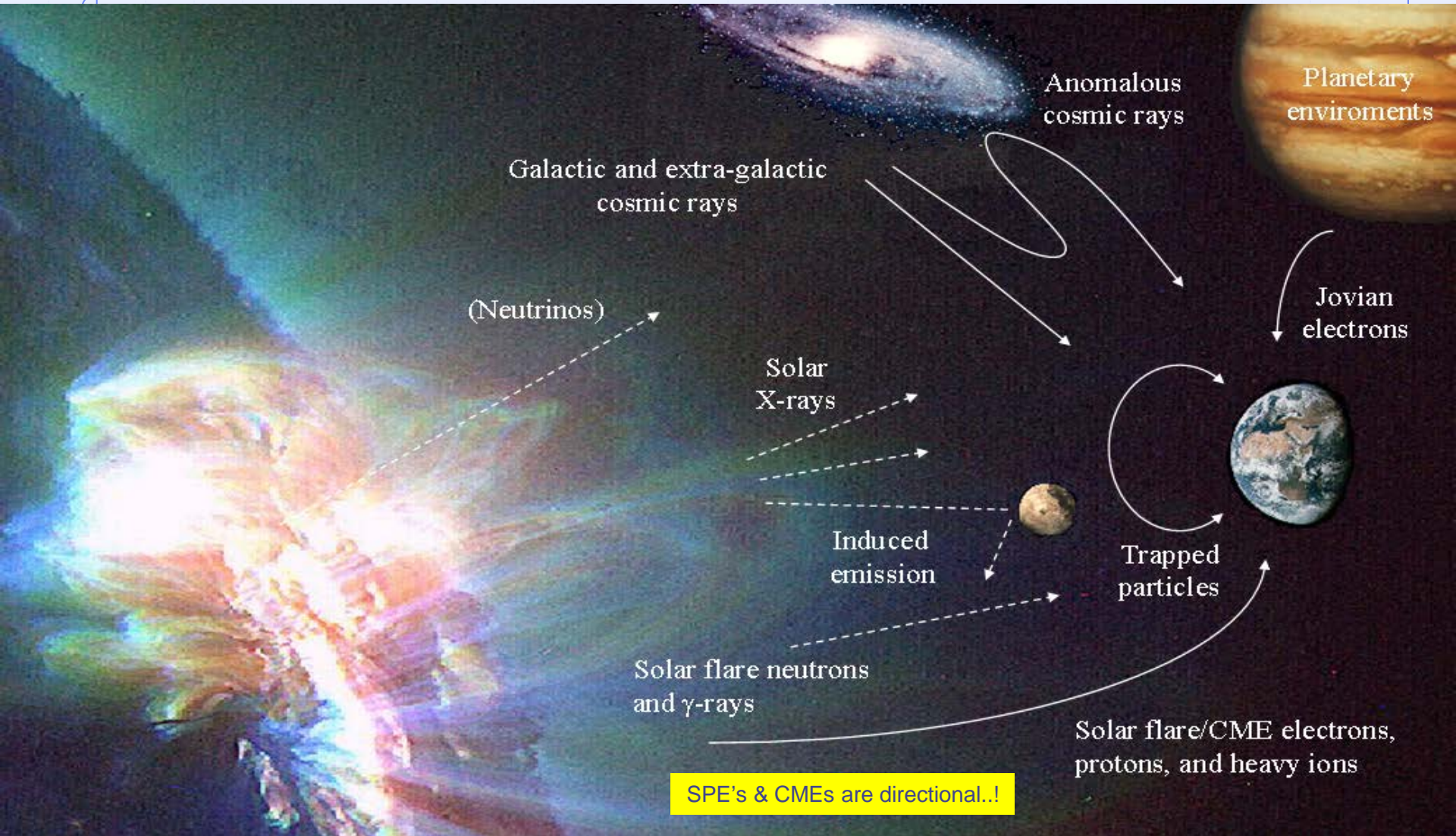


Clean room (a), X-ray  $\mu$ -imaging &  $\mu$ -tomography unit, X-ray pencil beam test bench (b), Van de Graaff accelerator, beam guides (c).



# Space Radiation Environment

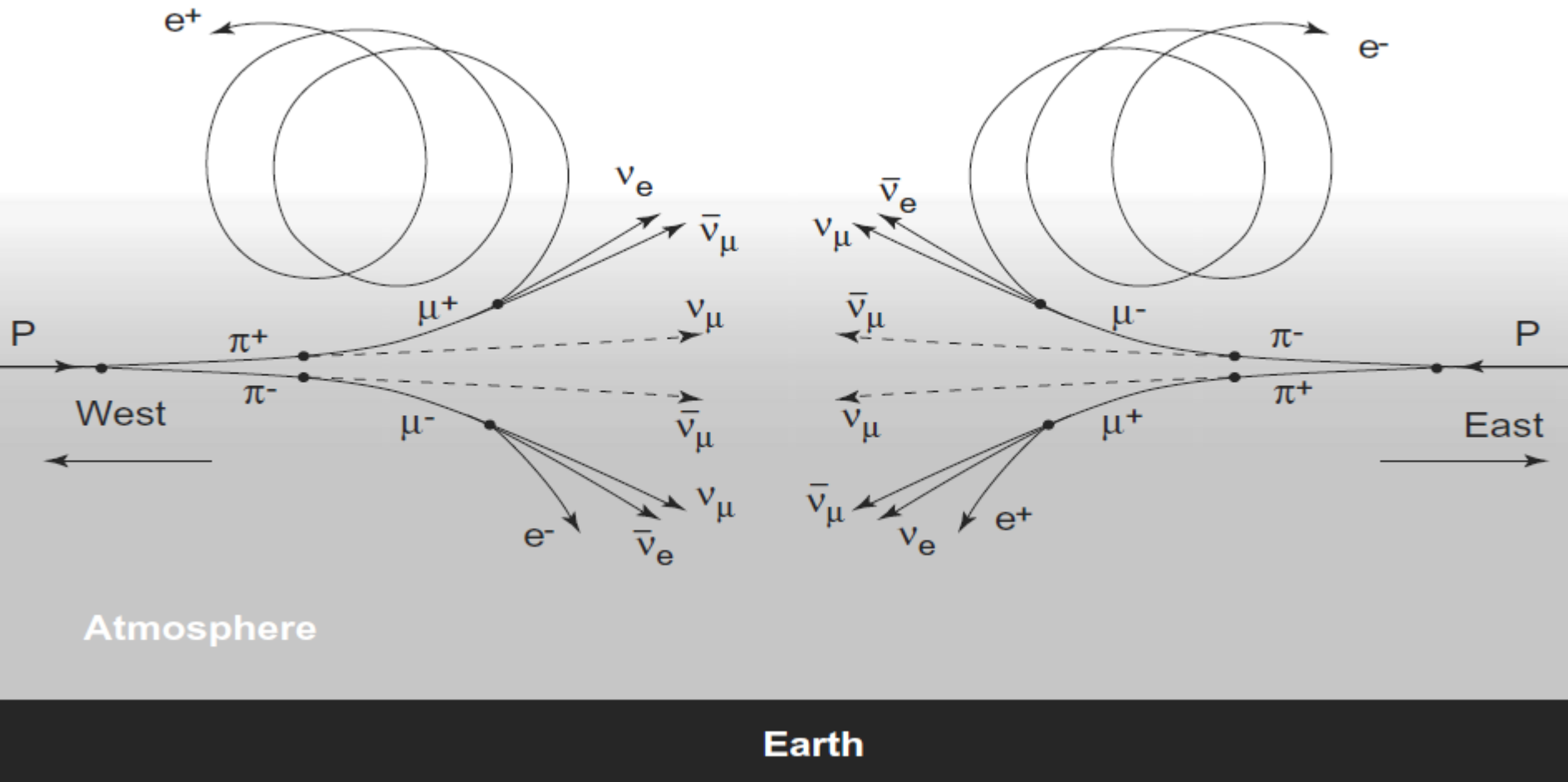
Mixed radiation field + broad E spectra + high flux gradients + directionality

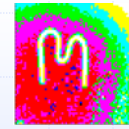


# Earth radiation belts

## Charged particle interactions + directional information

Production of secondary particles in inelastic interactions of cosmic rays with atmosphere



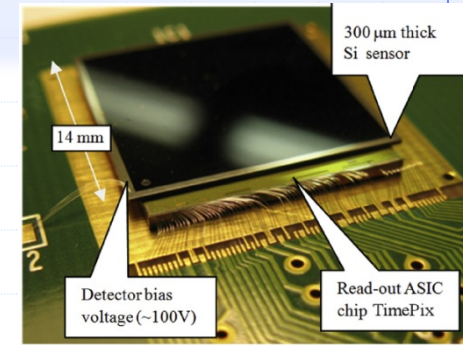
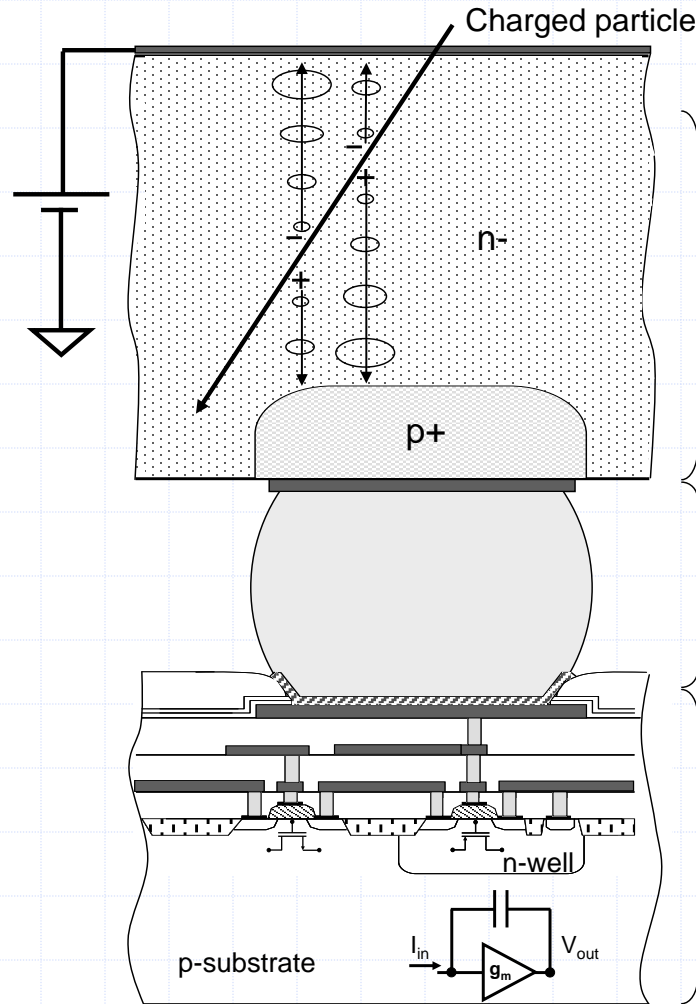


# Hybrid semiconductor pixel detector Medipix Per-pixel signal readout electronics

Core architecture of the hybrid pixel detectors where the sensor chip (top) is bump-bonded to the readout ASIC (bottom). Hybrid technology allows using semiconductor sensors of different

- ❑ material (e.g. Si, CdTe, GaAs)
- ❑ thickness (e.g. 300, 500, 700, 1000  $\mu\text{m}$ ).

Per-pixel pulse processing electronics provides simultaneously fast and dark-current free images of single particles (quantum counting).



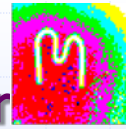
Semiconductor detector

Bump-bond contact

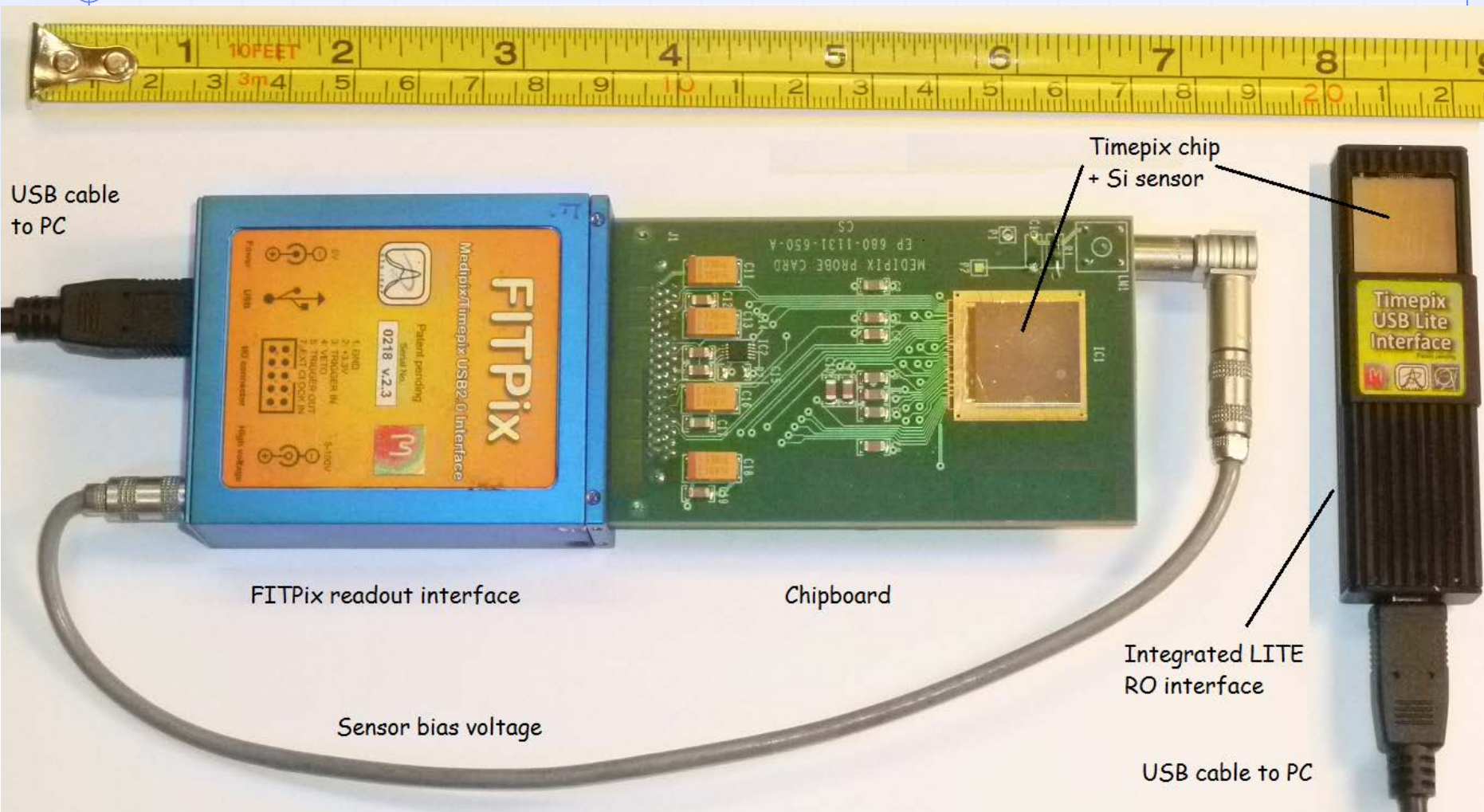
ASIC



# Pixel detectors Medipix/Timepix + Integrated RO electronics + Online & data processing SW + Nuclear Physics know-how: Integrated Radiation Camera



[www.cern.ch/medipix](http://www.cern.ch/medipix)



**Radiation camera** assembled from the Timepix chip, detector chipboard and FITPix readout interface (left). Highly miniaturized Timepix LITE (right). Straightforward connection to PC via USB cable.

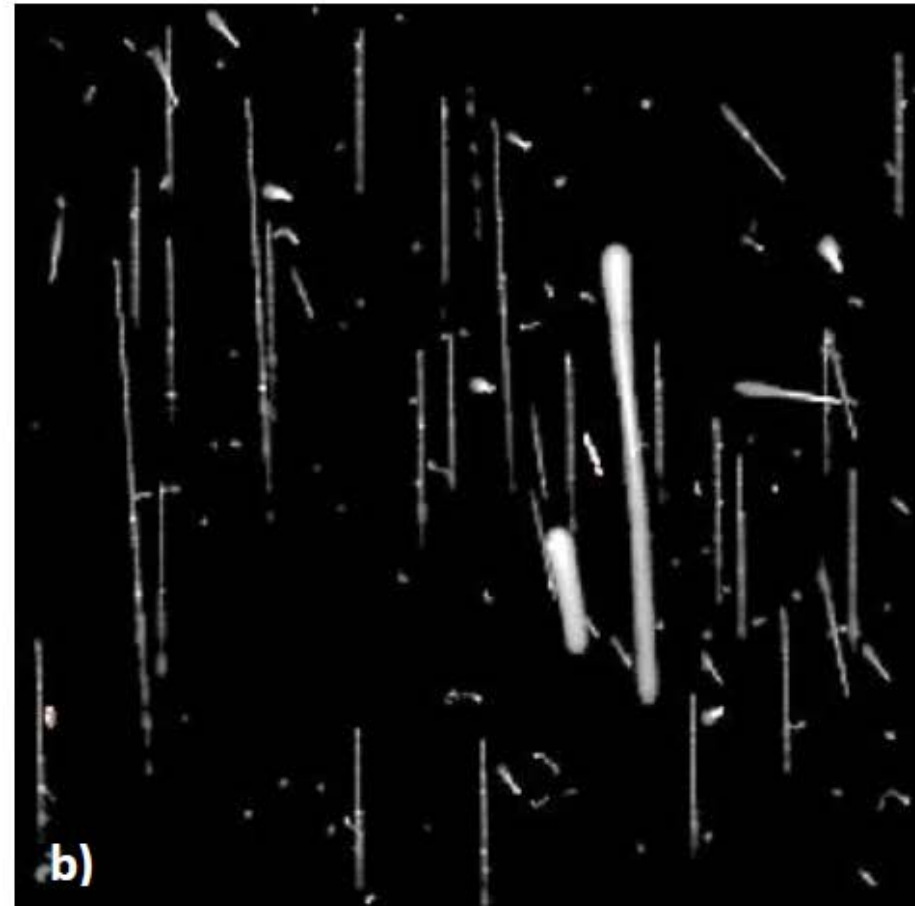


# Timepix: Energetic Particle Tracking

## Energetic radiation: Atmosphere & Hadron Therapy

Cosmic rays @ 10 km

Ion beam therapy: 221 MeV proton beam



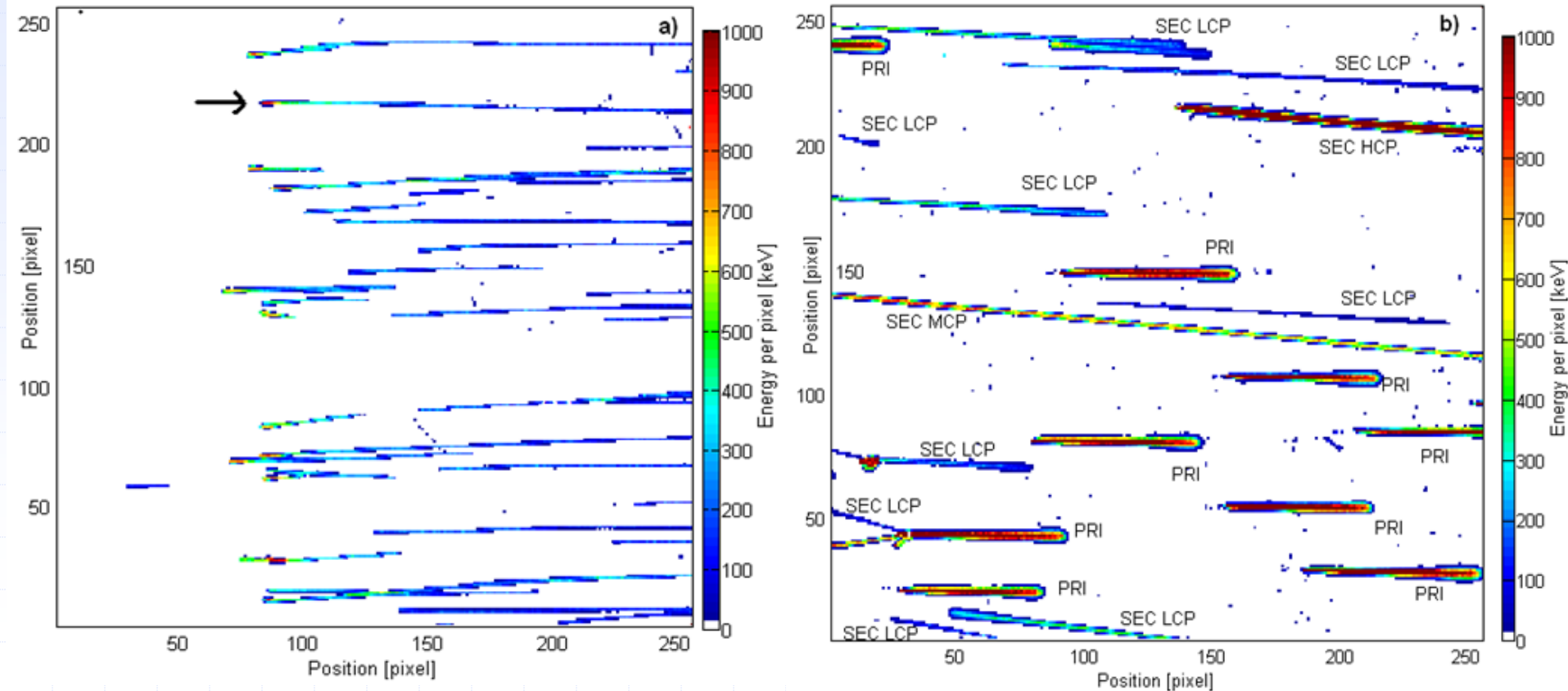
Registration of atmospheric cosmic rays at 10 km (a) and 221 MeV synchrotron protons at grazing angle (b) by Timepix. The images correspond to the entire sensor area (14 mm × 14 mm) which consists of an array of 256 × 256 sq. pixels of pitch size 55 μm. The white depth is a measure of the energy deposited per pixel. Single particles are detected and distinguished by their characteristic tracks resolving electrons (fast, slow, delta), muons and energetic and recoiled ions. Directional information can be obtained with μm resolution.





# Timepix: Energetic Particle Tracking

## HCP's: 48 MeV protons and 1.1 GeV $^{12}\text{C}$



Detection of 48 MeV protons (a) and 88 MeV/u  $^{12}\text{C}$  ions (b) by Timepix operating in TOT mode (the energy deposited in each pixel is recorded and is shown by the vertical bar in color in keV). The beam was incident from right to left at  $0^\circ$  (i.e. parallel) and  $5^\circ$  to the sensor plane, respectively. The undeflected protons are fully stopped in the sensor. The  $^{12}\text{C}$  ions cross the sensor volume. The event labeled with an arrow in (a) is shown in detail next. On figure (b) are indicated primary beam  $^{12}\text{C}$  ions (PRI) as well as secondary particles (SEC) which can be grouped into light- (LCP), medium- (MCP) and heavy- (HCP) mass charged particles.

# Timepix in orbit + in open space

## Composition + spectral characterization + particle visualization

Quantum counting/spectrometric/imaging/directional detector + integrated RO electronics + data processing SW + nuclear physics/radiation spectrometry/imaging/tracking

### sensitivity

- ❑ p,  $\alpha$ , ions, e<sup>-</sup>, muons, neutrons, X-rays: dE + particle species resolving power

### tasks

- ❑ Detection, radiation monitoring, quantum imaging dosimetry + wide DR
- ❑ Tracking , visualization, directional information (particle telescope)
- ❑ Spectrometry (dE), coincidence spectroscopy, reaction/fragmentation, ...

### capability, dynamic range

- ❑ Single-quantum sensitivity, noiseless detection, high signal-to-noise ratio
- ❑ Wide dynamic range (particle flux, particle energies, particle species)
- ❑ Linear-energy transfer (LET) measurement, low level threshold  $\approx 4$  keV
- ❑ High spatial resolution (sub-pixel resolution  $\approx \mu\text{m}$ )
- ❑ Directional angular resolution:  $\approx 1^\circ$  (single sensor),  $\approx 0.1^\circ$  (stack telescope)
- ❑ Wide field-of-view:  $2\pi$ , even  $4\pi$  (no collimators, full sky mapping)

### instrumentation

- ❑ Single device, integrated electronics, no cryogenics, no shielding

### technical

- ❑ Light weight: e.g. (only) launch cost  $\approx 100$  EUR per g
- ❑ Miniaturized size, low power



# Timepix-based space payloads/instruments

Institute of Experimental and Applied Physics  
Czech Technical University in Prague

L. Pinsky, et al., U Houston/NASA, D. Turecek, Z. Vykydal, S. Pospisil, IEAP

platform device

open space

Scientific payload

International Space Station

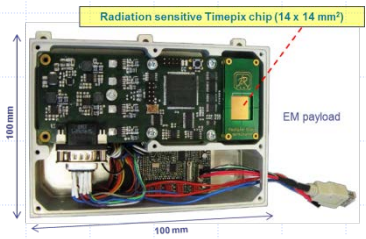
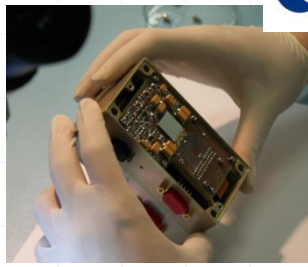
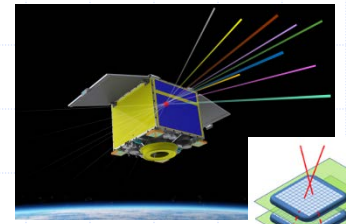
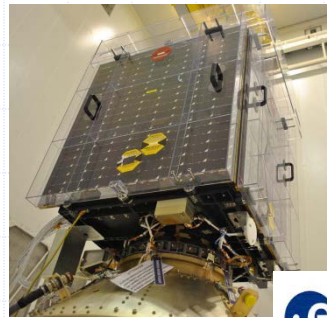
ESA Proba V satellite

RISESAT satellite

In orbit since 3Q 2012    400 km

Launched 7<sup>th</sup> May 2013    820 km

Launch 2014/5



T. Kuwahara, U Tohoku, Japan  
M. Platkevic, V. Kraus, D. Turecek, IEAP



5 x Timepix devices

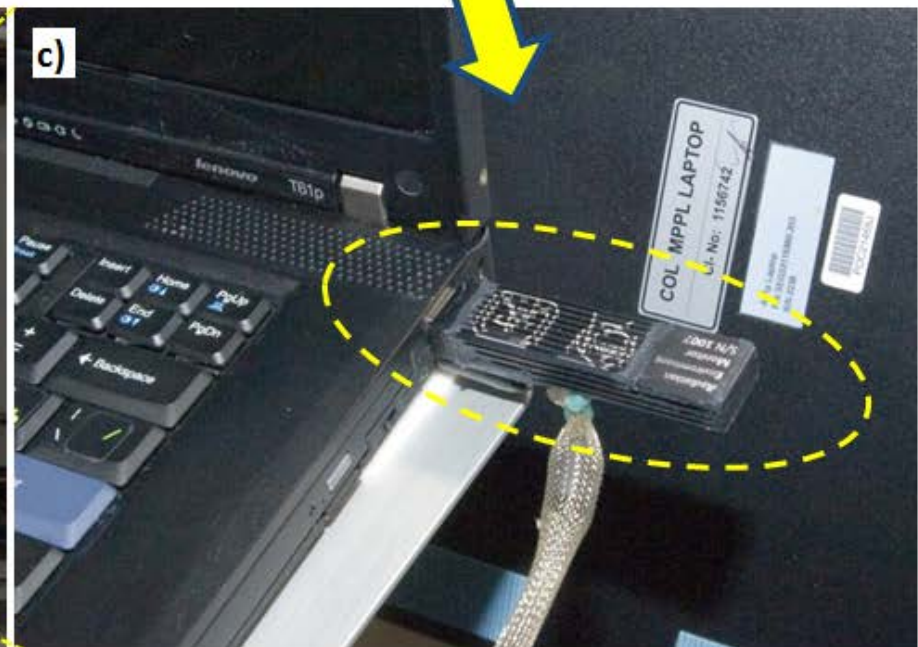
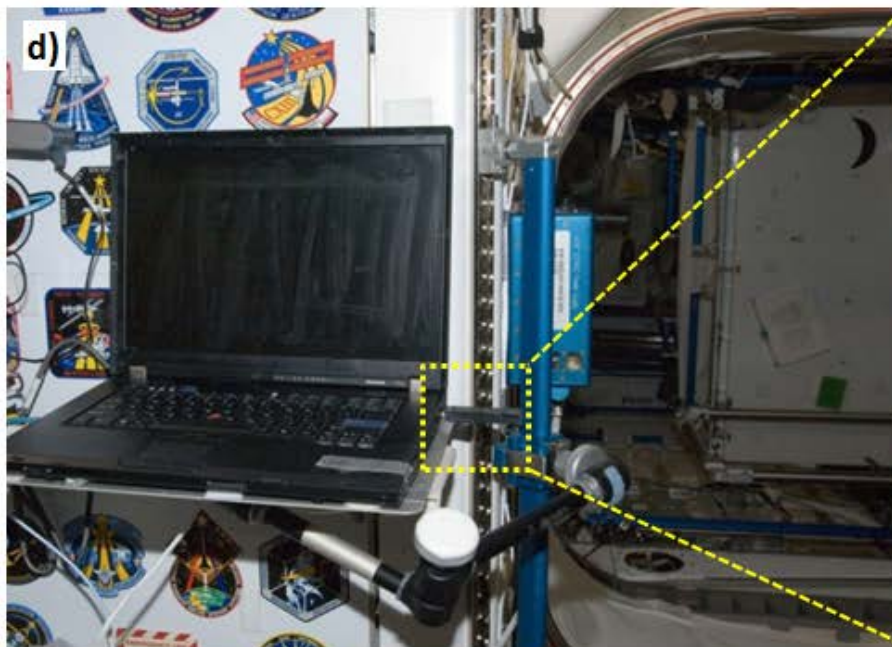
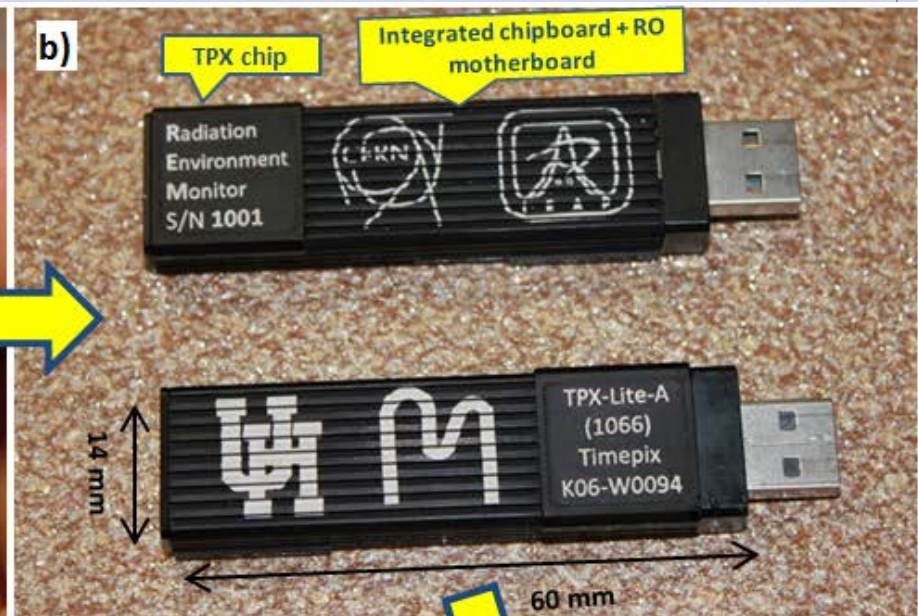
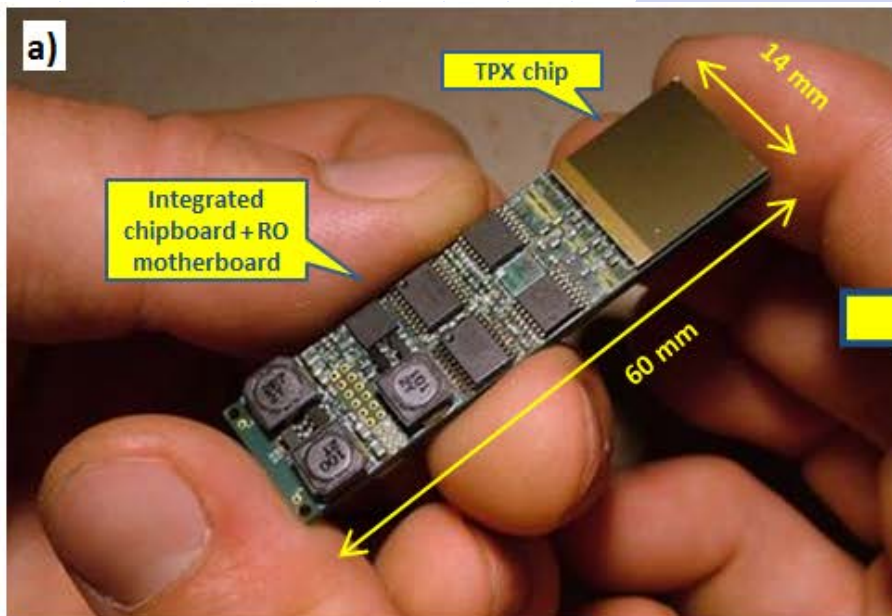
150 Kg

50 Kg

Type	Size (mass)
Minisatellite	100 – 200 Kg
Microsatellite	10 – 100 Kg
Nanosatellite	1 – 10 Kg
Picosatellite	< 1 Kg

東北大学  
TOHOKU UNIVERSITY





Timepix detector in the highly miniaturized LITE architecture (a) customized for the ISS (b) as deployed with an on-board laptop via USB port (c) in a NASA Module at the ISS (d). Work done in cooperation with NASA and the University of Houston.



# Online miniaturized Timepix Quantum Dosimeter for the International Space Station (ISS)



5 detector units launched in space on August 2012, all running since, taking data

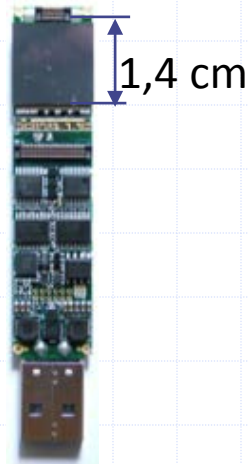
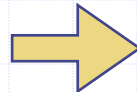
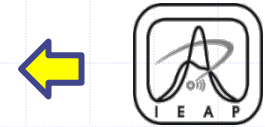
HW

+

Physics methodology

+

SW



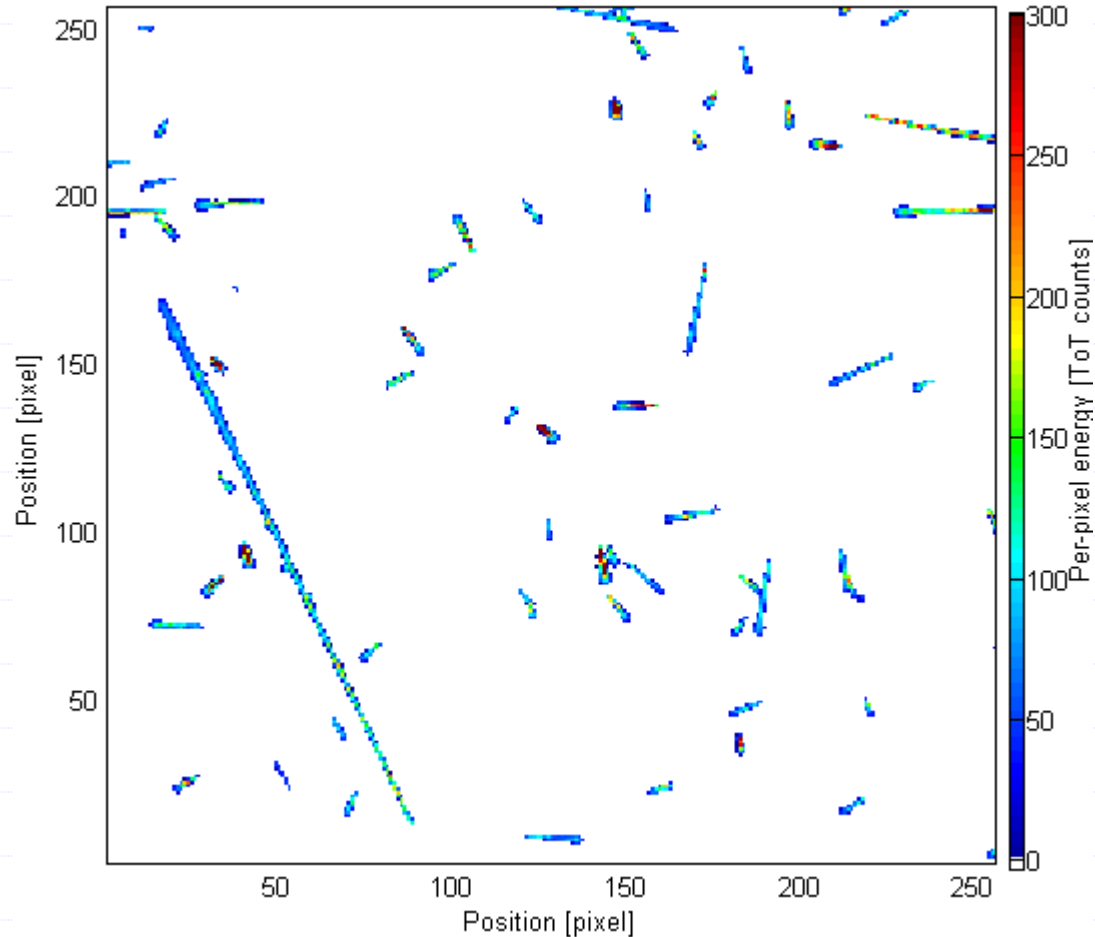




# Timepix onboard the ISS

## Detection, measurement of charged particle flux, visualization

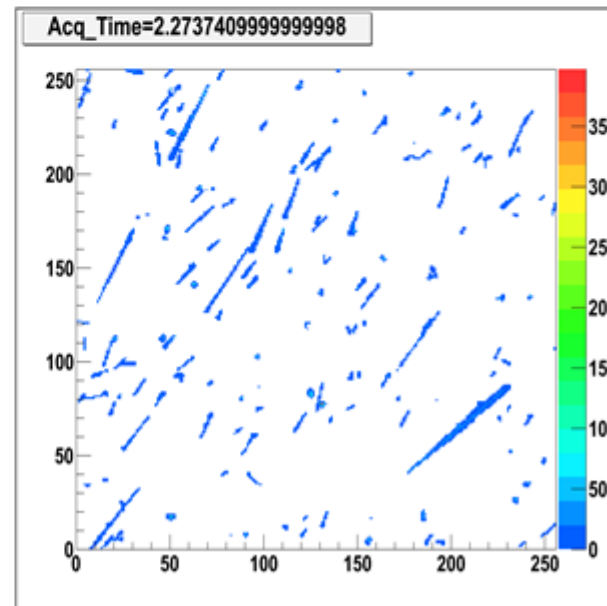
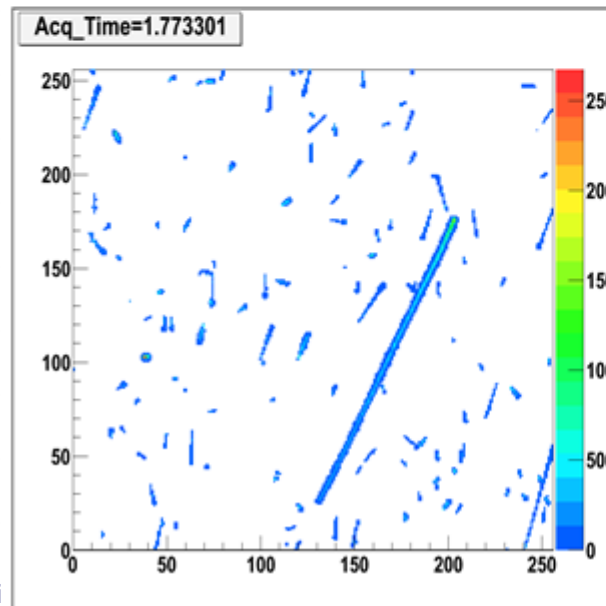
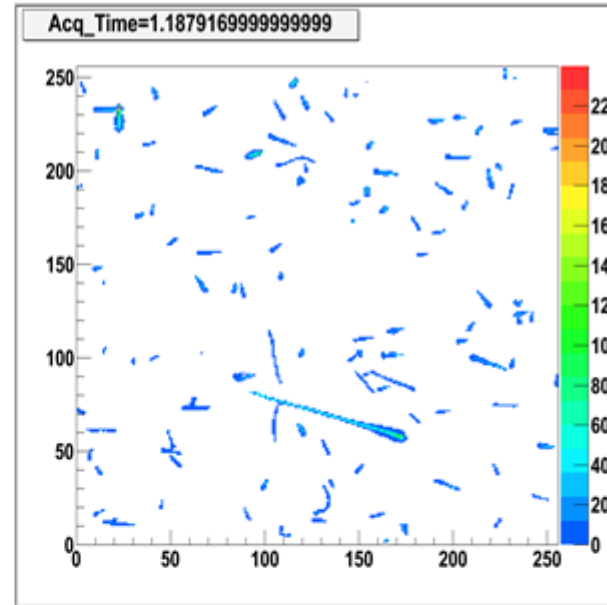
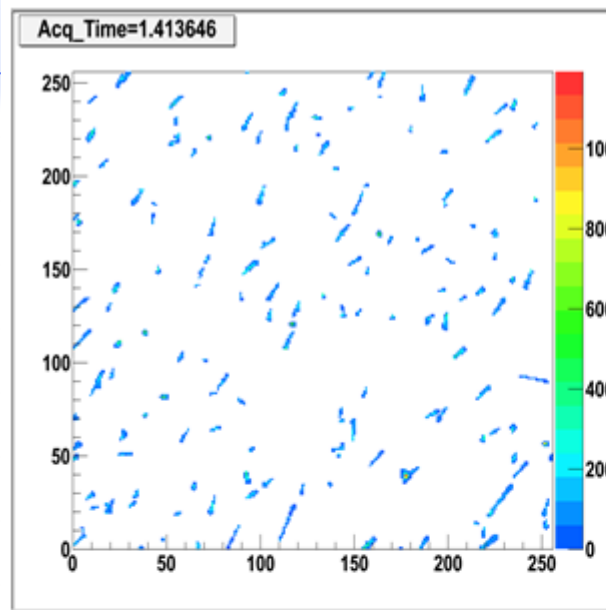
Radiation field at the ISS, acq t = 4 s





# Timepix onboard the ISS

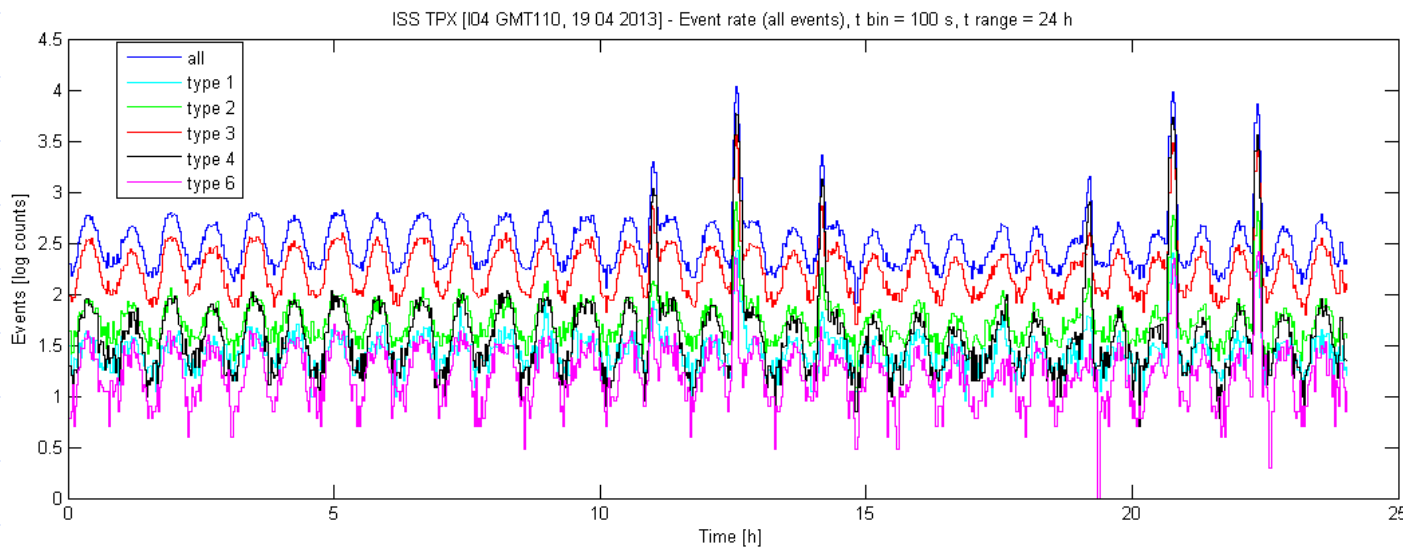
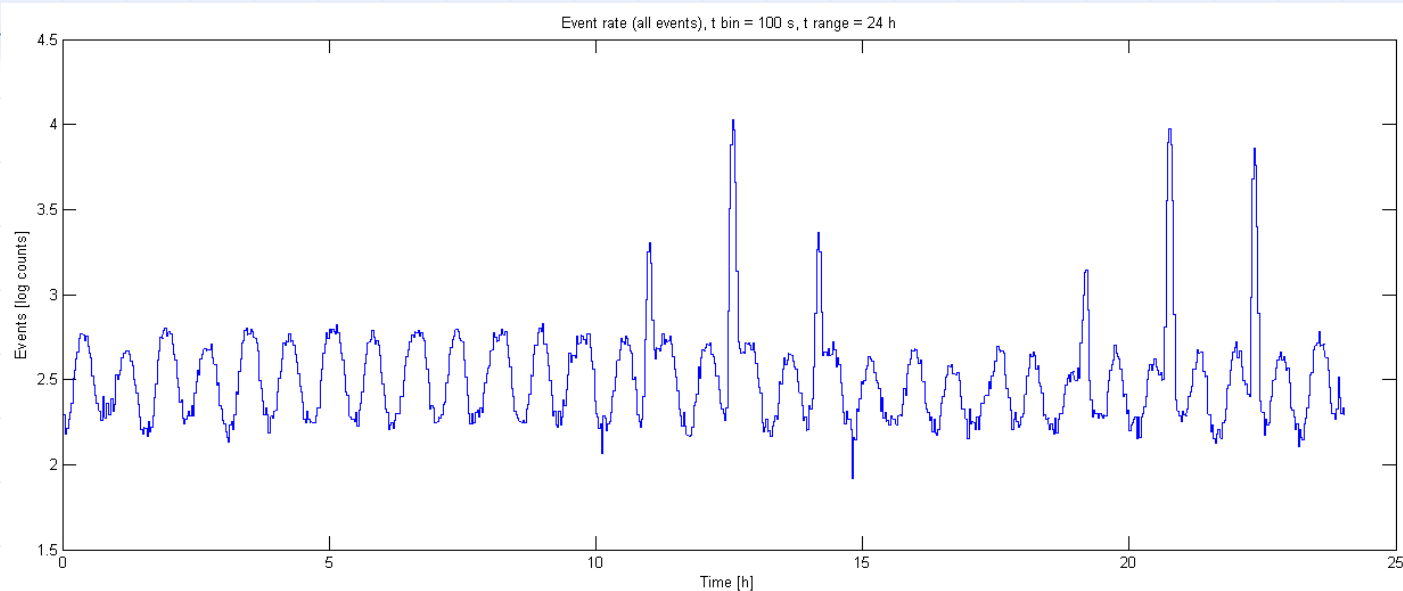
Radiation over the South Atlantic Anomaly (SAA)





# Timepix onboard the ISS

## Time-correlated flux of charged particles

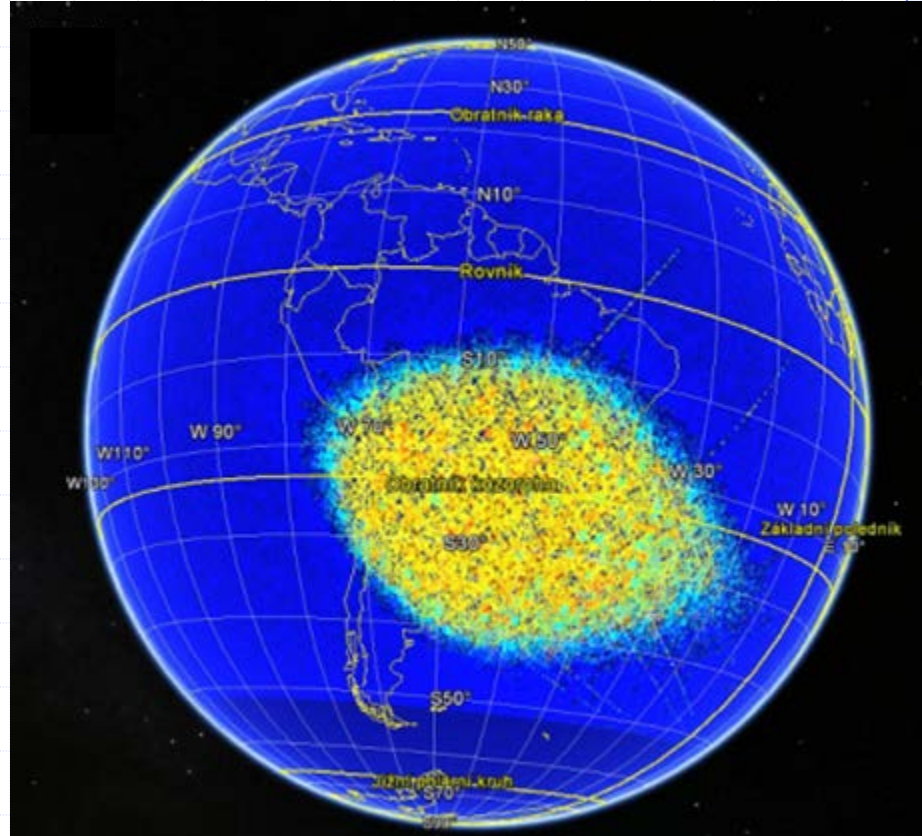
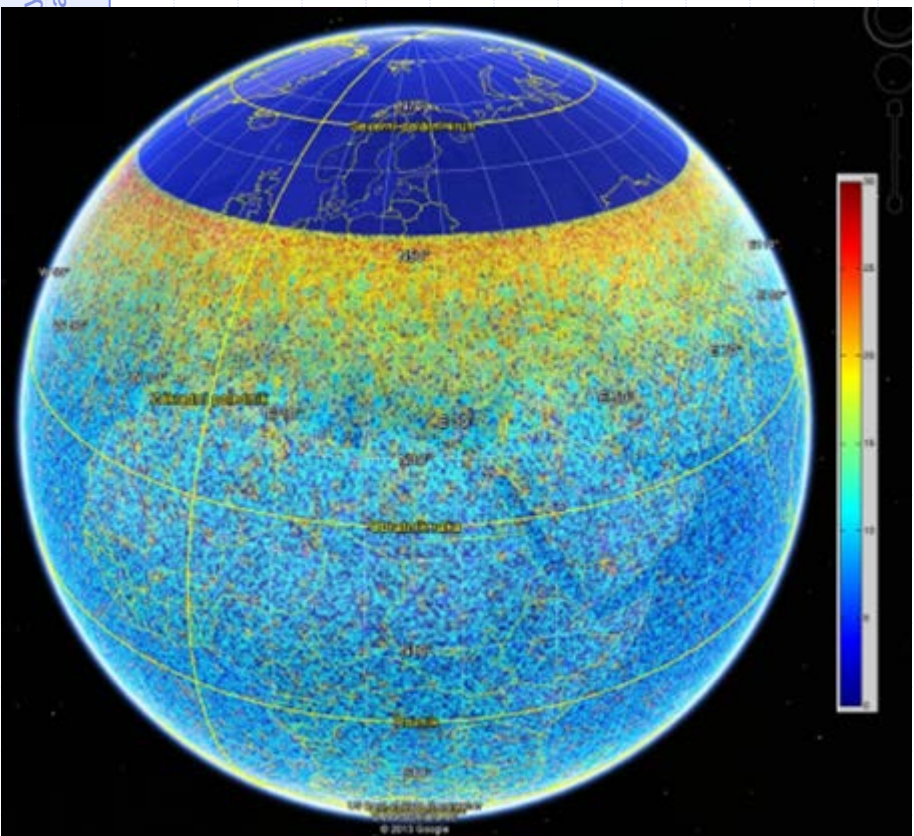




# Timepix onboard the ISS

## Spatial-correlated flux of charged particles

ysics  
ague



Detection and distribution of energetic radiation at the ISS measured by Timepix. Display on Earth position coordinates showing the Northern (left) and Southern (right) hemispheres.





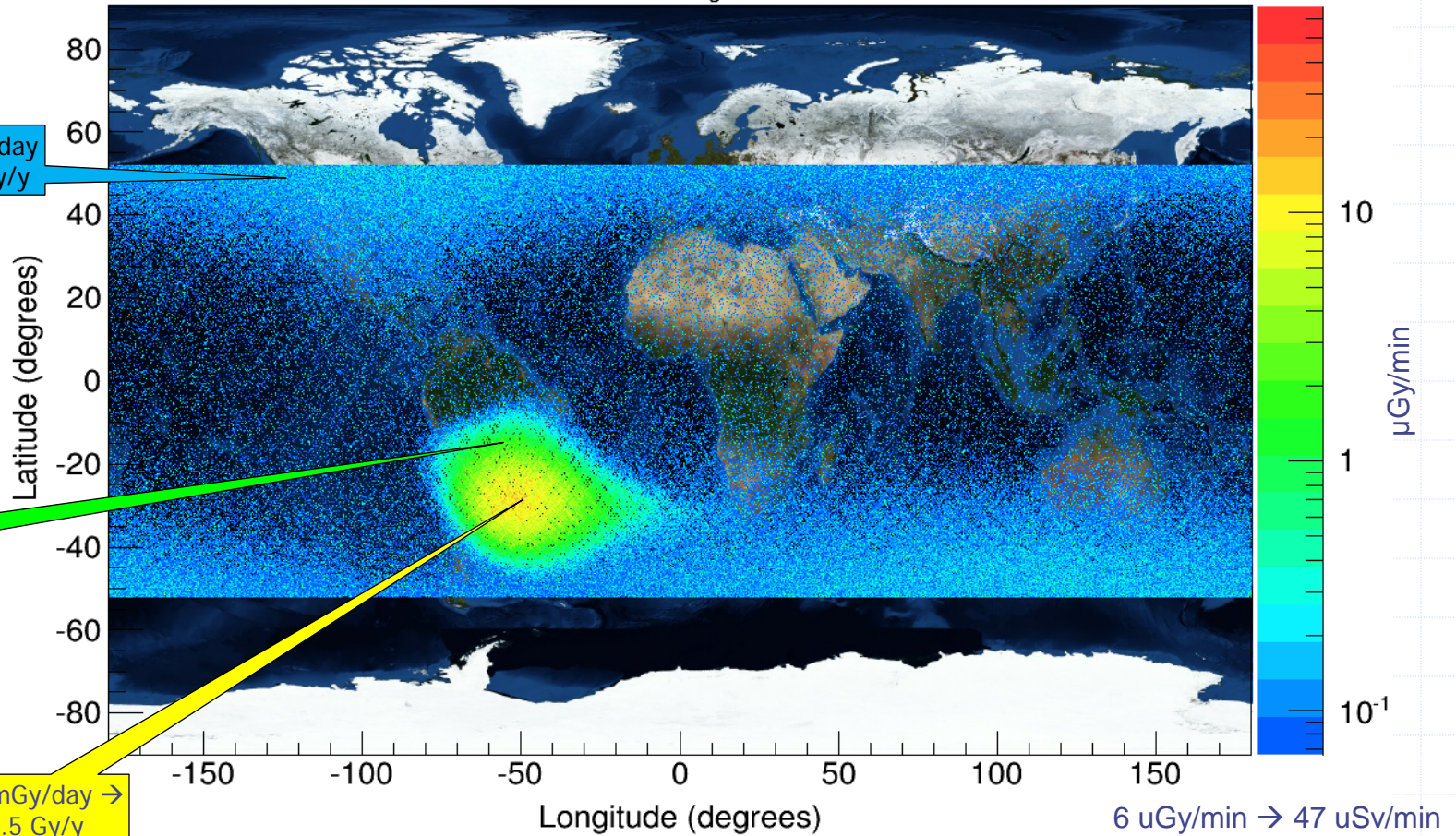
# Timepix onboard the ISS Quantum dosimetry + wide dynamic range

Airline altitude 11 km (Madrid-Bogota):  $0,025 \mu\text{Gy}/\text{min} = 0.036 \text{ mGy}/\text{d} = 13 \text{ mGy}/\text{y}$

Ground level (Prague):  $0,001 \mu\text{Gy}/\text{min} = 0.0015 \text{ mGy}/\text{d} = 0.54 \text{ mGy}/\text{y}$

Spatial-correlated radiation dose  
Earth map @ 400 km altitude

REM Orbital Dose Rate Map ( $\mu\text{Gy}/\text{min}$ )  
D03-W0094 (S/N 1007)  
GMT 2012/320 through GMT 2013/045

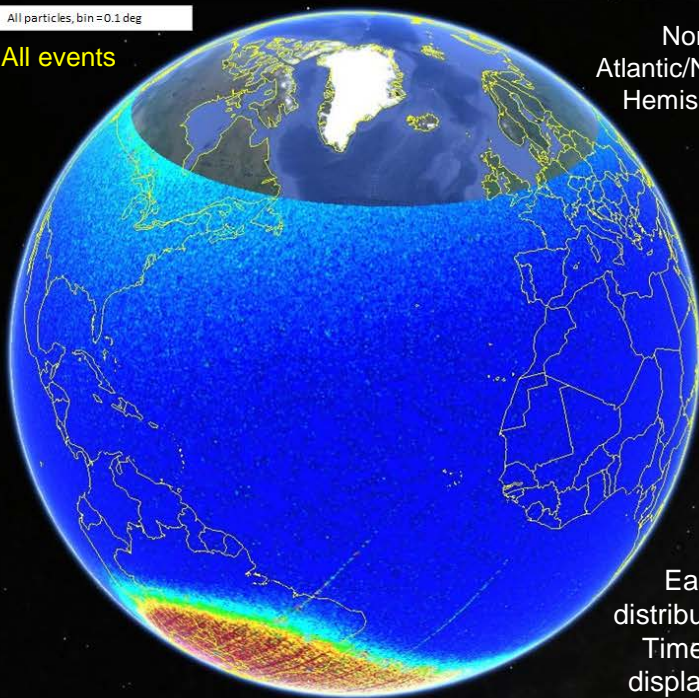


REM Dose Rate Data ( $\mu\text{Gy}/\text{min}$ ) measured by Timepix onboard the ISS

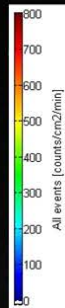


All particles, bin=0.1 deg

All events

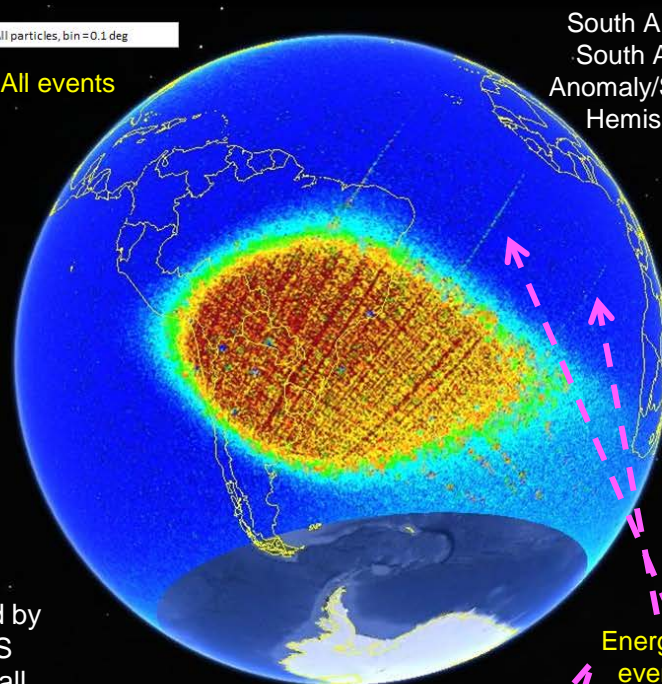


North Atlantic/Northern Hemisphere

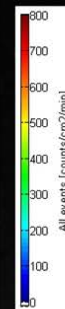


All particles, bin=0.1 deg

All events



South America/South Atlantic Anomaly/Southern Hemisphere



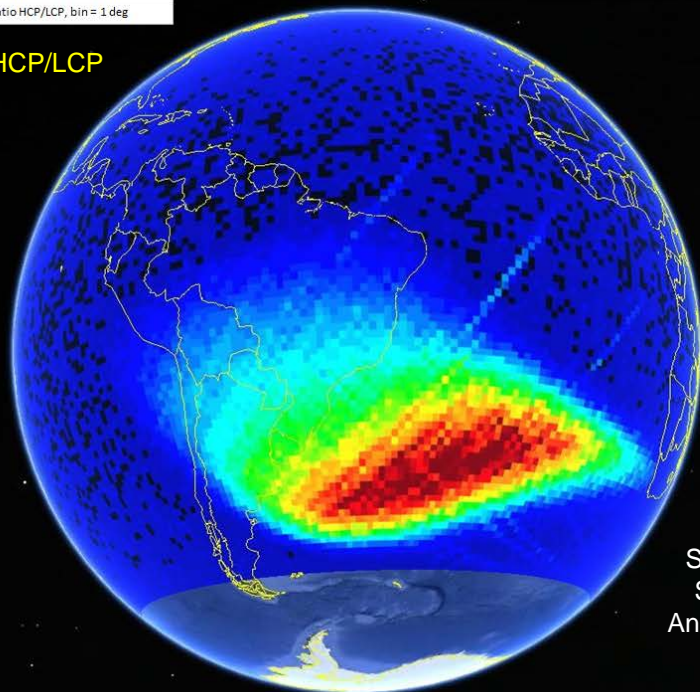
Earth map spatial distributions measured by Timepix onboard ISS displaying the flux of all radiation components integrated

Energetic events

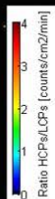
Radiation flux measured by Timepix onboard ISS at 400 km altitude, 12 month data

Ratio HCP/LCP, bin = 1 deg

HCP/LCP

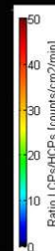
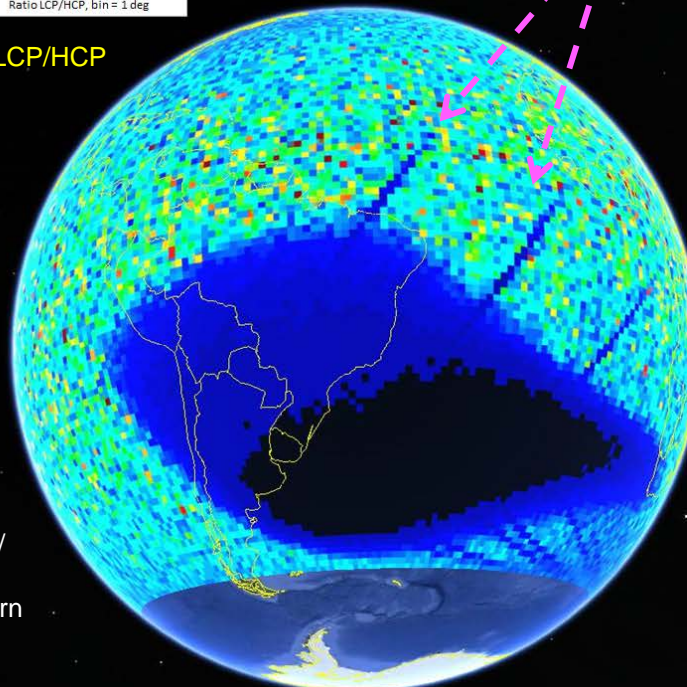


South America/South Atlantic Anomaly/Southern Hemisphere



LCP/HCP

Ratio LCP/HCP, bin = 1 deg



# Data visualization and evaluation: Web-portal display & time-distributions



Medipix Radiation Monitor at Institute of Experimental and Applied Physics

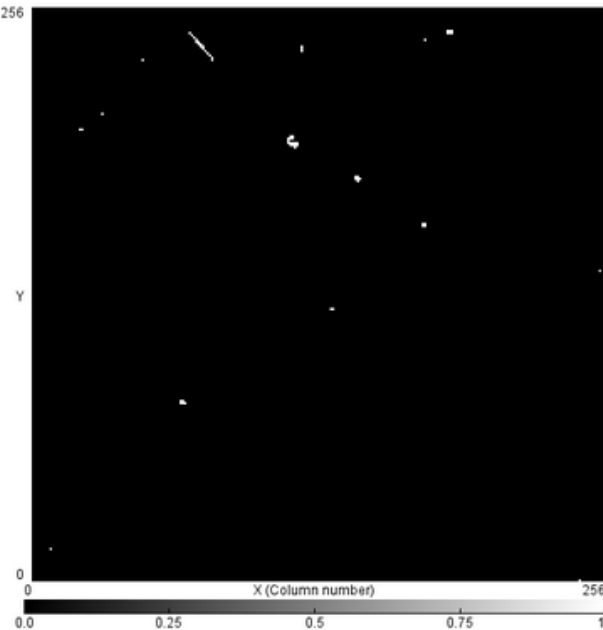


[UTEF](#)
[ZCU](#)
[VDG](#)
[MOEDAL](#)
[SURO](#)
[REZ](#)
[ISS](#)
[SATRAM](#)

mpx01

## Last Frame

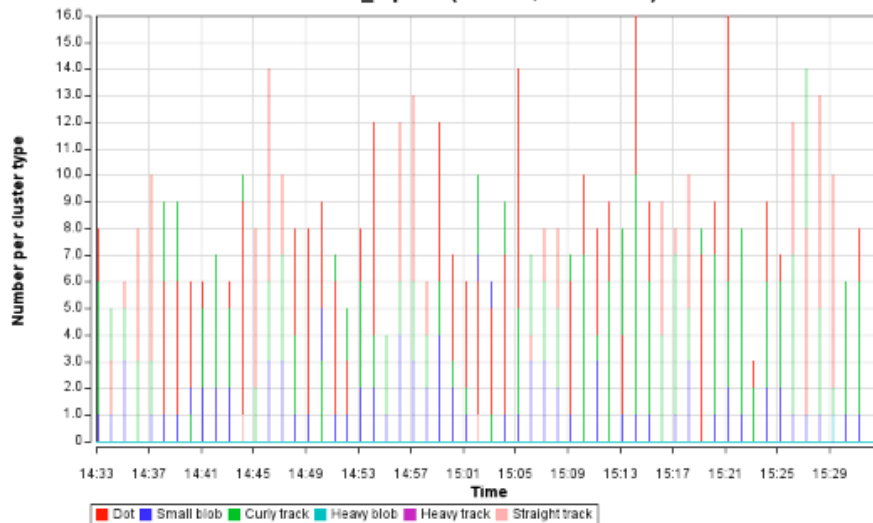
12.05.2014 15:32:07



## Cluster Time Plot

[Last hour \(6\)](#)
[Last 24 hours \(7\)](#)
[Last week \(8\)](#)
[Last month \(9\)](#)

utef\_mpx01 (60.00 s, 59 frames)



## User Manual

### Change location

- 1 ... move to previous location
- 2 ... move to next location

### Change plot time range

- 6 ... 1 hour
- 7 ... 24 hours
- 8 ... last week
- 9 ... last month

### Change detector

- + ... move to next detector
- - ... move to previous detector

## Cluster Statistics

Track type	Sum	Average [s-1]
All	15	0.250
Dots	8	0.000
Small blobs	1	0.000
Curly tracks	6	0.000
Heavy blobs	0	0.000
Heavy tracks	0	0.000
Straight tracks	0	0.000

## Energy Statistics

Track type	Sum	Average [s-1]
All	0	0.000
Dots	0	0.000
Small blobs	0	0.000
Curly tracks	0	0.000
Heavy blobs	0	0.000
Heavy tracks	0	0.000
Straight tracks	0	0.000

## Cluster Statistics

Track type	Sum	Average [s-1]
All	928	0.262
Dots	484	0.137
Small blobs	104	0.029
Curly tracks	333	0.094
Heavy blobs	1	0.000
Heavy tracks	0	0.000
Straight tracks	6	0.002





# Timepix in open space

## Spacecraft payload HW/SW Redesign + space qualification testing

Spacecraft payload + constraints/limitations/requirements

- **HW: front-end + readout electronics**
  - Low power, heating dissipation, high vacuum
  - Light weight, shielding, payload accommodation
  - DAQ & memory/downlink capacity
  - Space-qualified components/parts/FPGA's etc
- **SW: firmware + control + readout**
  - Remote/on-board control, autonomous operation
  - On-board memory buffer (limited capacity)
  - Data downlink (limited capacity)
  - Telecommanding + file compression + data parsing
- **Qualification/space flight testing**
  - Thermal, heating dissipation, high vacuum
  - Vibrational + G-force acceleration
  - EM interference
- **Integration to satellite system**

■ Reengineering  
 ■ Downgrade

■ Breadboard model  
 ■ Engineering model (EM)  
 ■ Flight model (FM)

Spacecraft payload

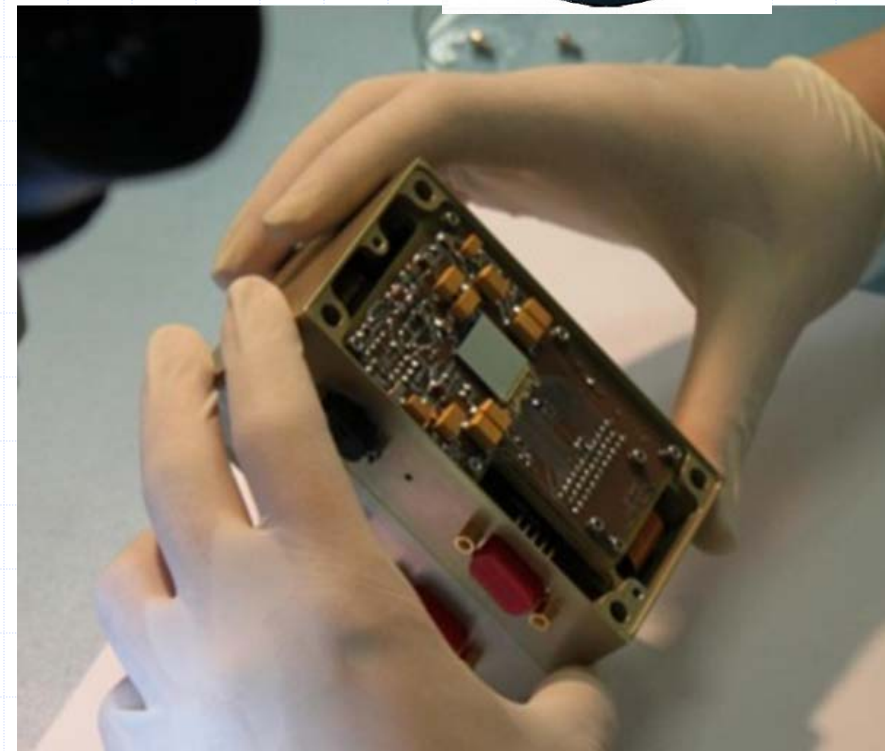
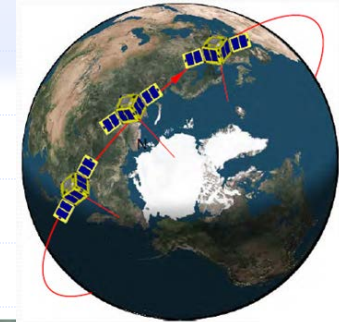
# Spacecraft Payload SATRAM

## Space Application of Timepix Radiation Monitor



### Characterization of space radiation in Low Earth Orbit (LEO) onboard ESA PROBA-V satellite

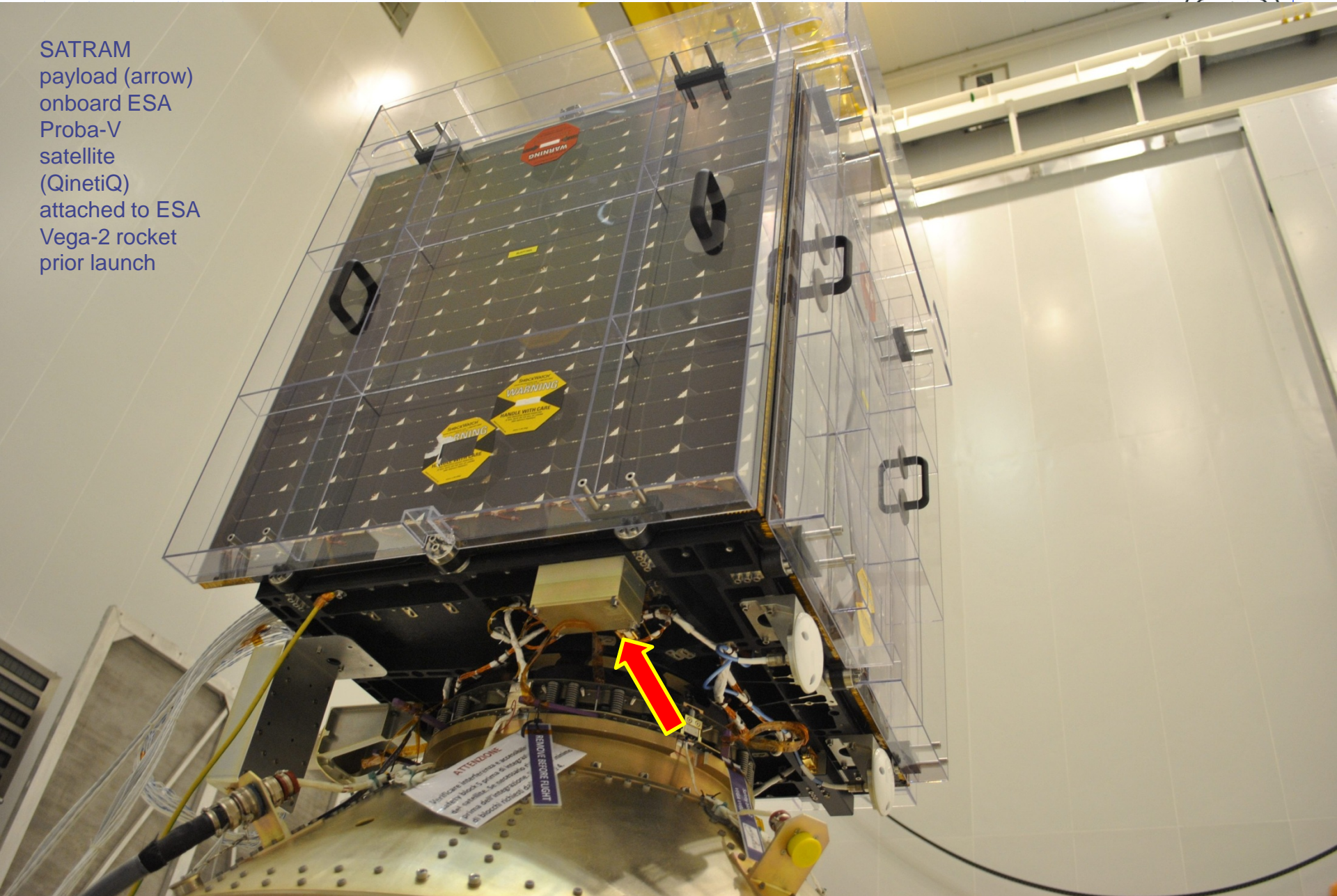
- ◆ Altitude ~ 820 km, sun synchronous orbit, 82° inclination
- ◆ Timepix for the first time in **open space** – currently TRL 9
- ◆ Launched 7<sup>th</sup> May 2013, duty cycle up to 90%



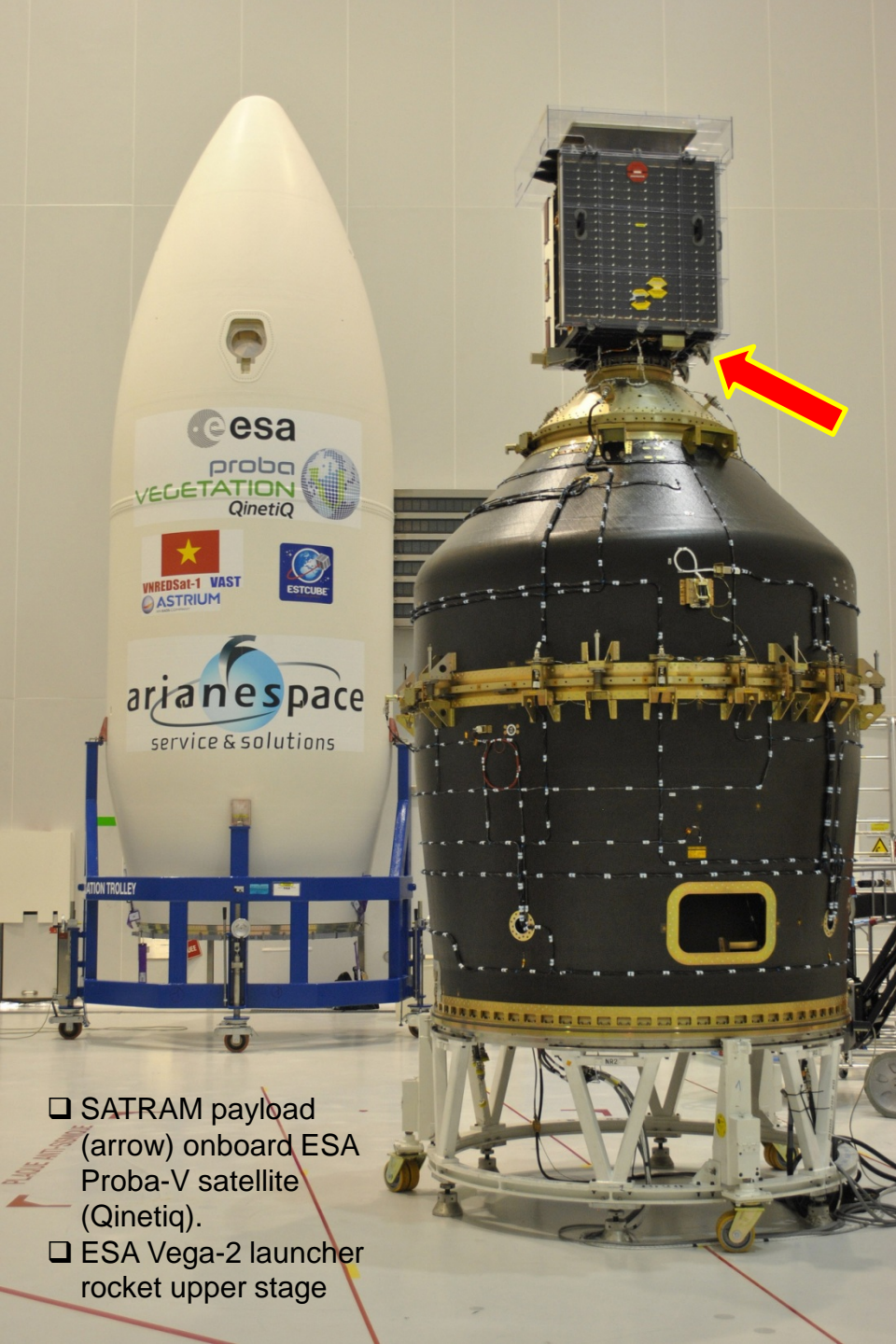
- Size: 108 mm x 63 mm x 56 mm, volume of 380 ml and weight 172 g including casing/shield box, 28 V voltage input, power consumption ≤ 3 W
- Wide field of view (2π), spatial resolution px size & sub-px, angular resolution 10°-0.1°,
- Energy threshold 4 keV (behind shielding casing), energy resolution 100 keV FWHM for 5.5 MeV alpha particles



SATRAM  
payload (arrow)  
onboard ESA  
Proba-V  
satellite  
(QinetiQ)  
attached to ESA  
Vega-2 rocket  
prior launch







- ❑ SATRAM payload (arrow) onboard ESA Proba-V satellite (QinetiQ).
- ❑ ESA Vega-2 launcher rocket upper stage



ESA Vega-2 rocket



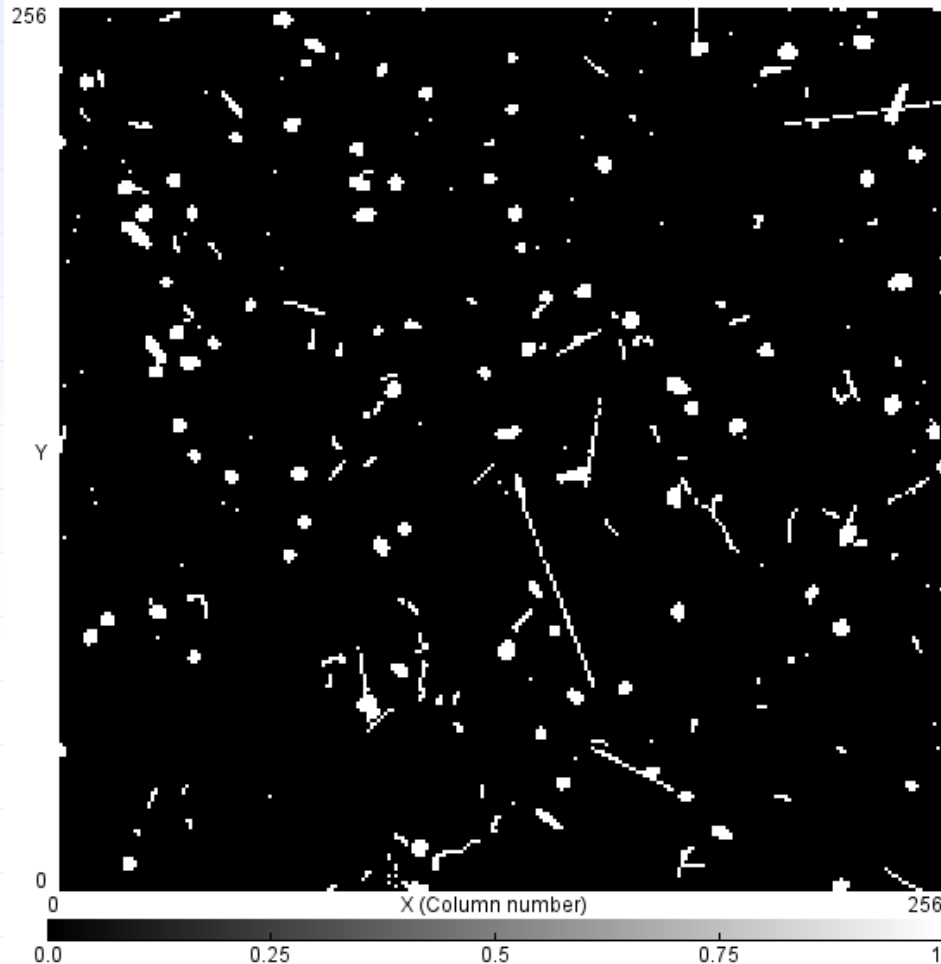
# Timepix/ESA Proba-V

## Quantum imaging detection/monitoring of space radiation

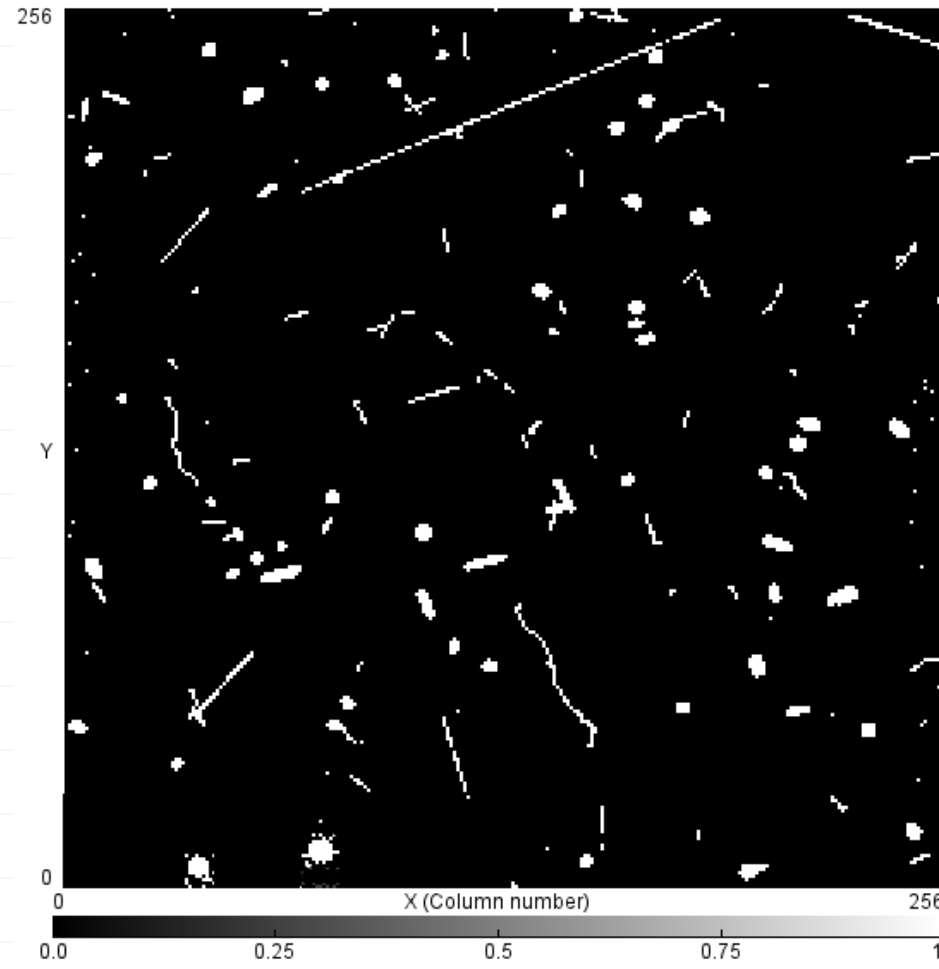
physics  
Prague

High radiation regions & dominant flux of heavy charged particles (p's)

11.11.2013 12:00:00 Download



11.11.2013 12:39:17







# Timepix/ESA Proba-V

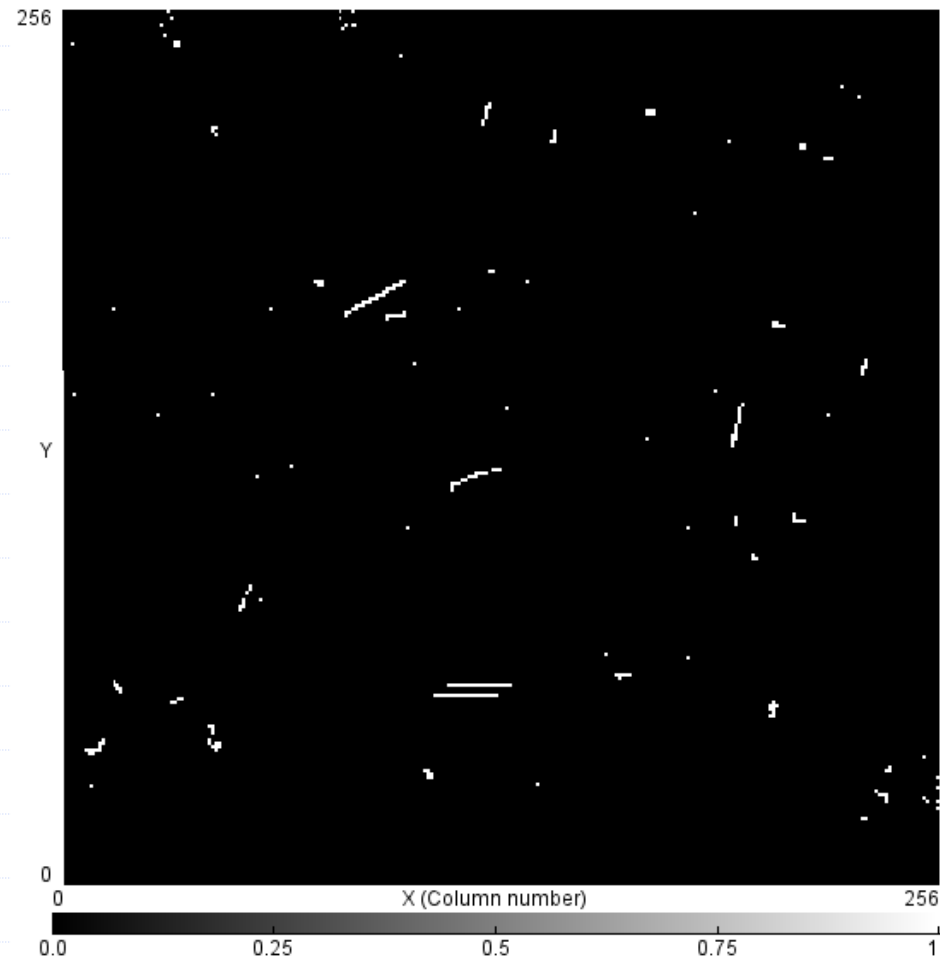
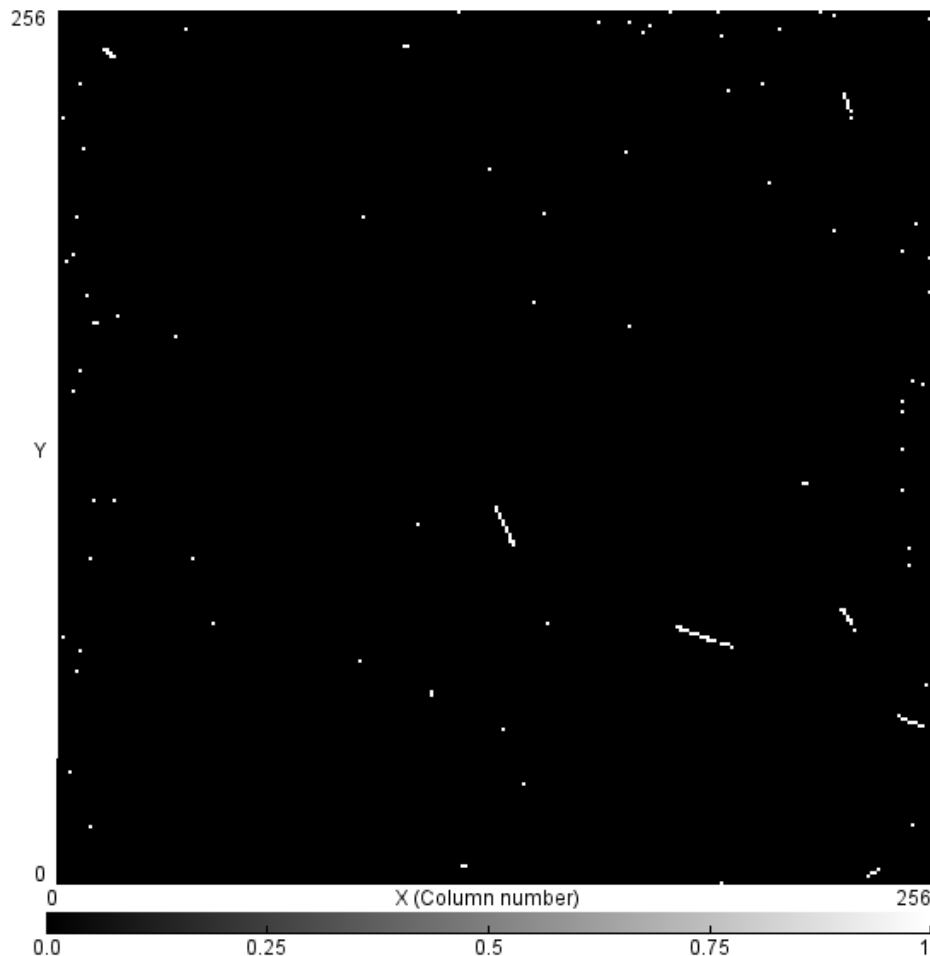
## Quantum imaging detection/monitoring of space radiation

physics  
Prague

Low radiation regions & light charged particles (p's)

11.11.2013 11:03:29

11.11.2013 11:12:53







# Timepix/ESA Proba-V

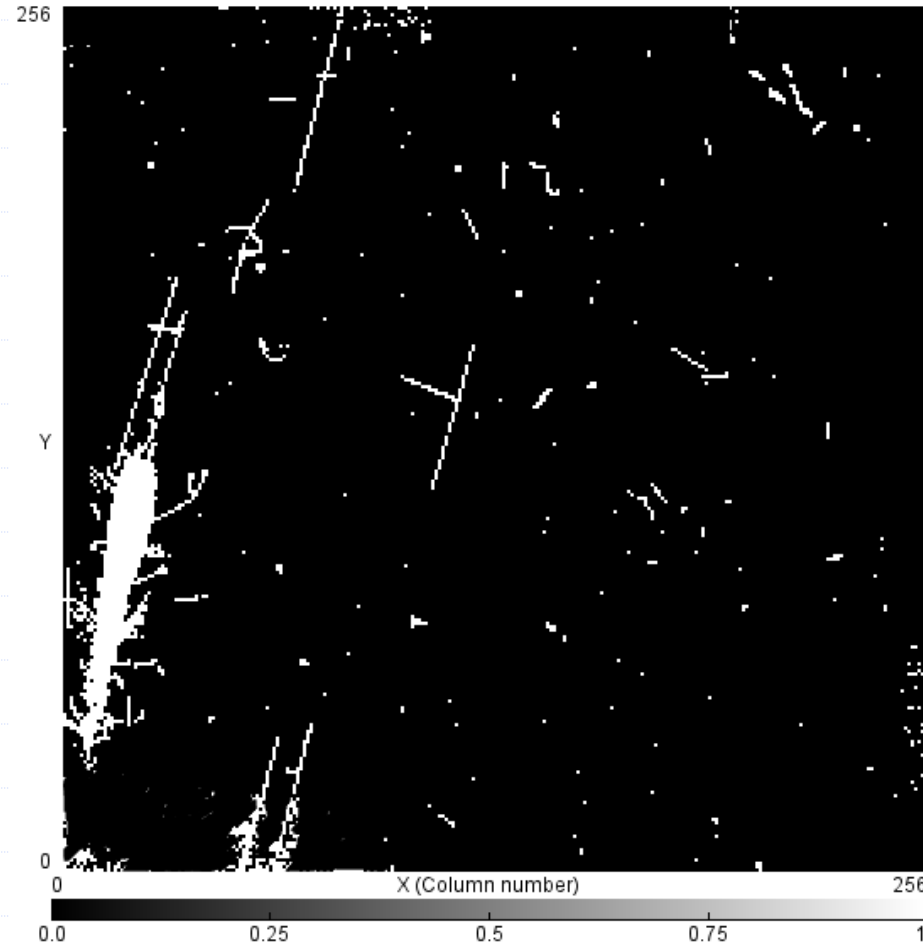
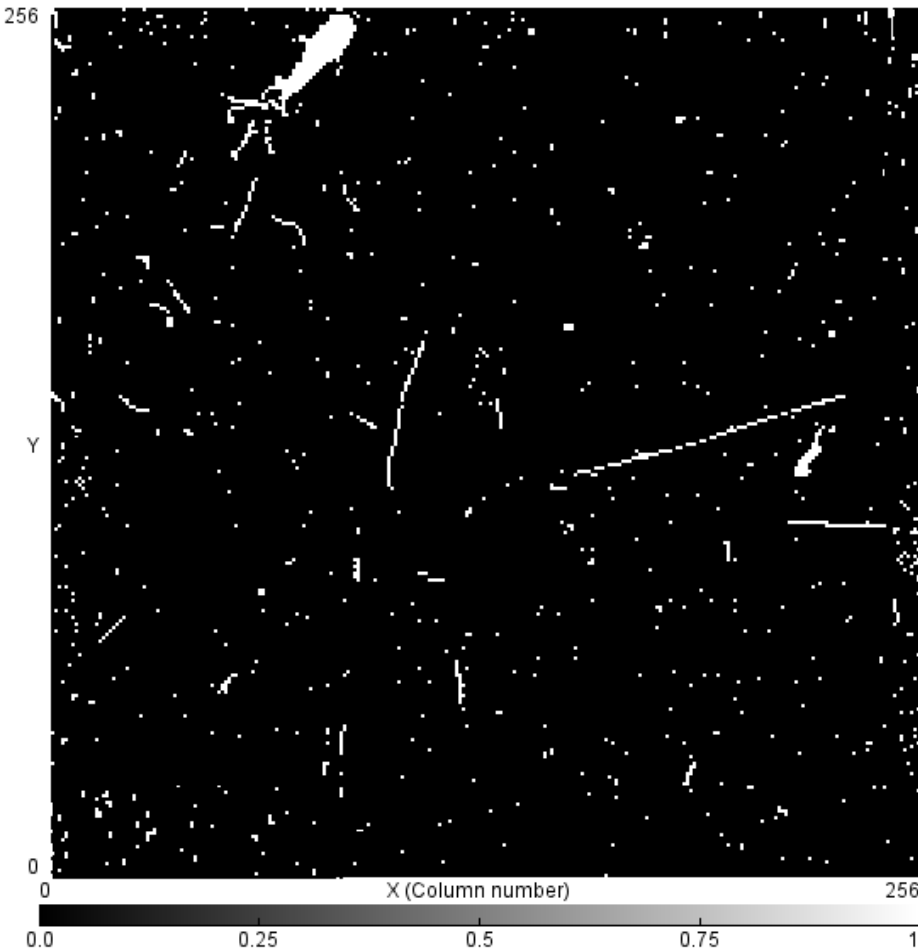
## Quantum imaging detection/monitoring of space radiation

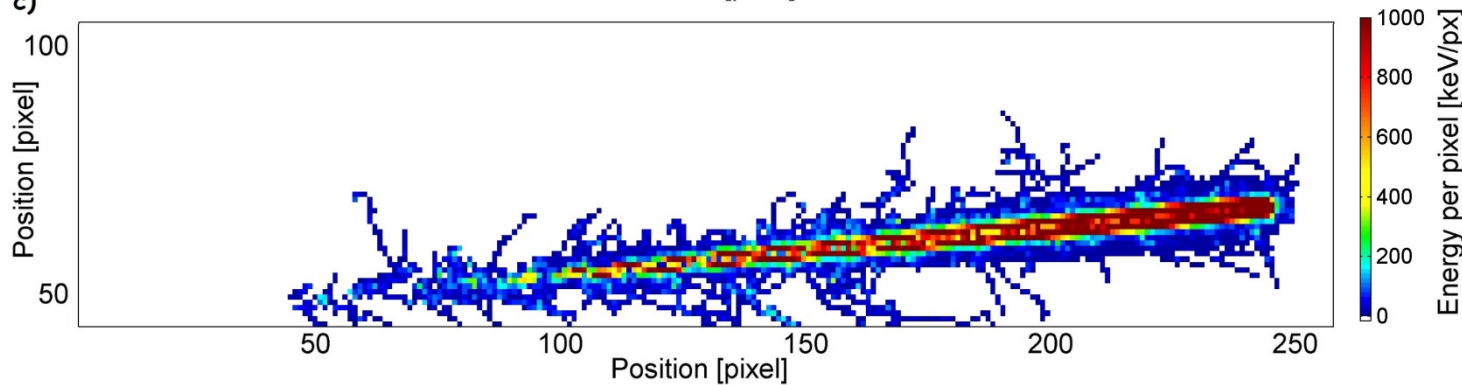
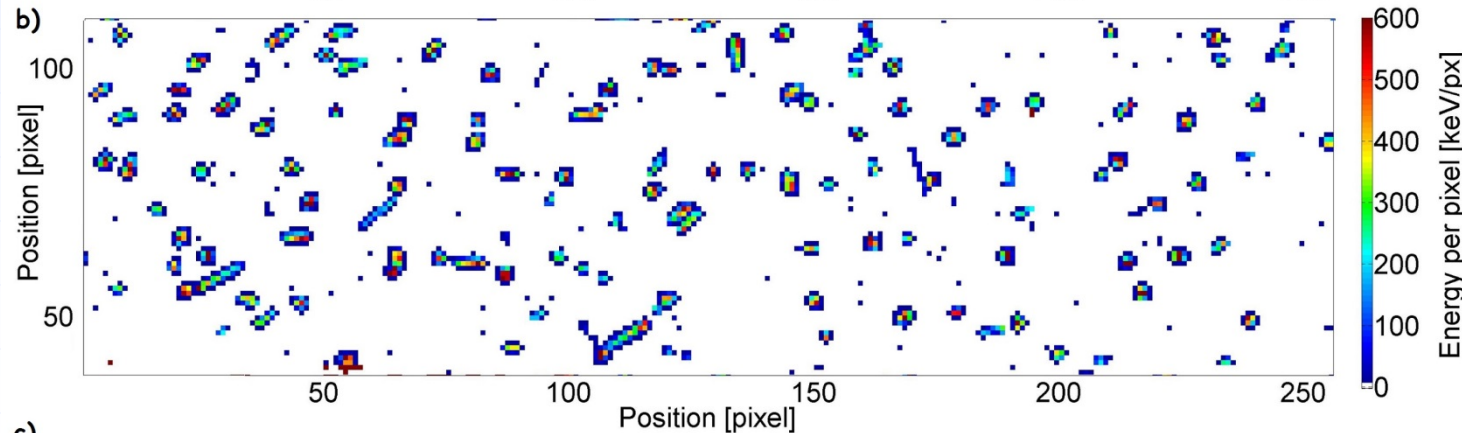
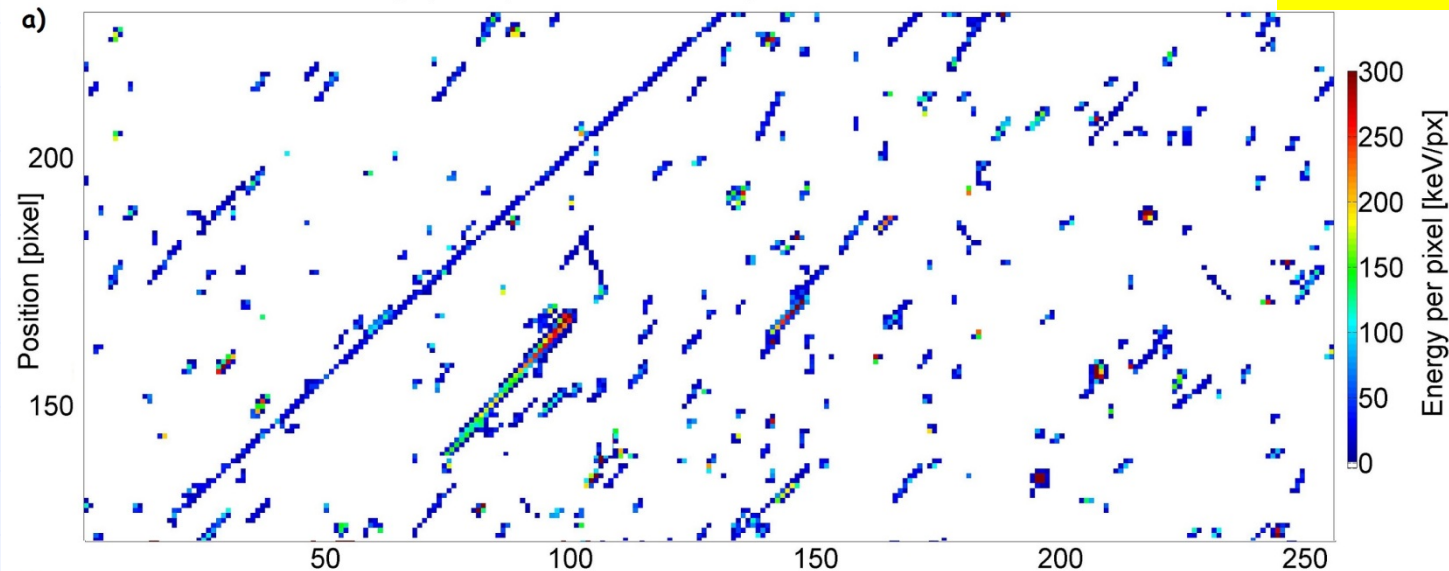
Physics  
Prague

Energetic heavy charged particles (ions)

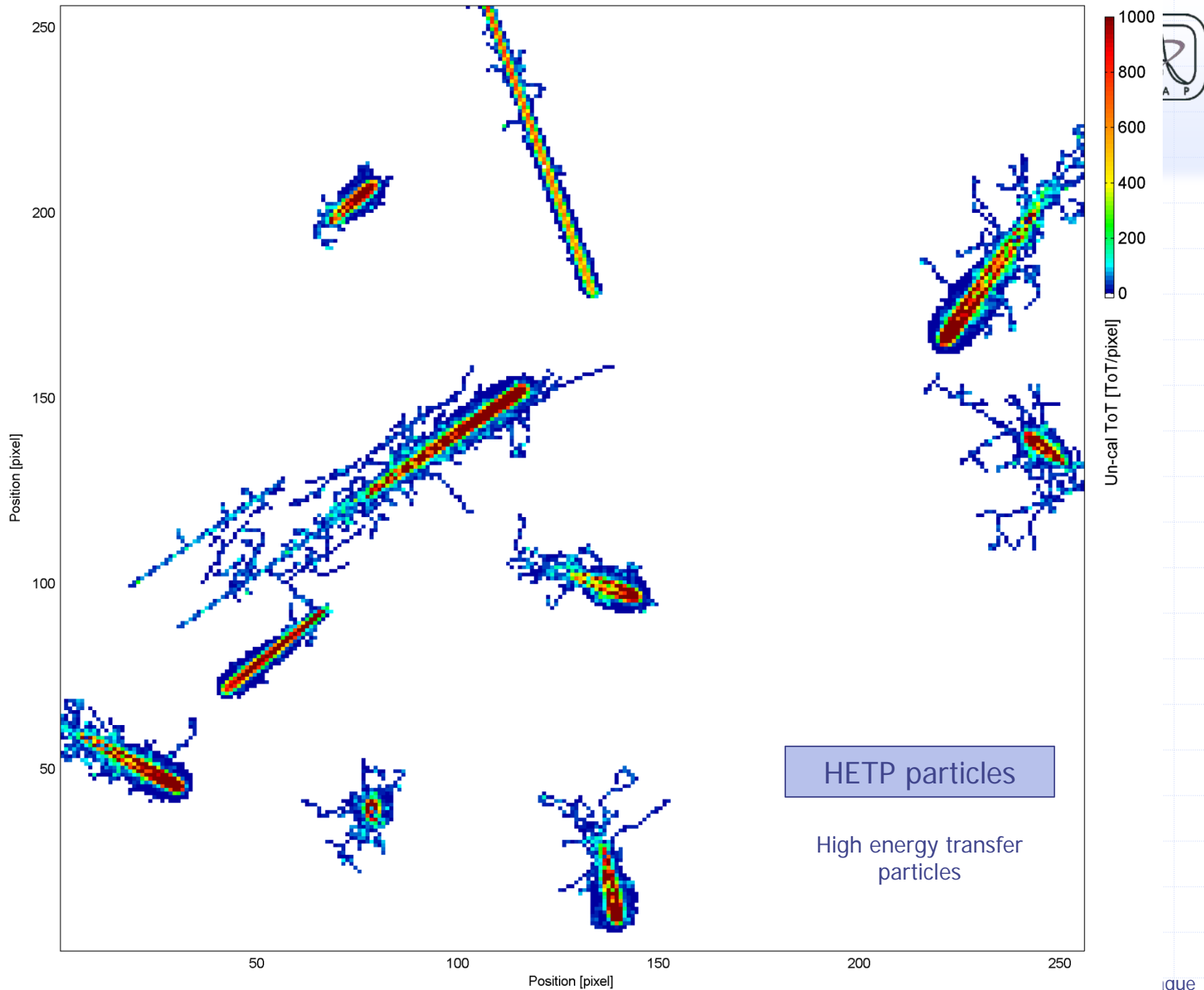
11.11.2013 10:24:53

11.11.2013 11:16:59





- Quantum imaging detection
- Resolving power radiation components
- directional sensitivity
- dE + track path → LET



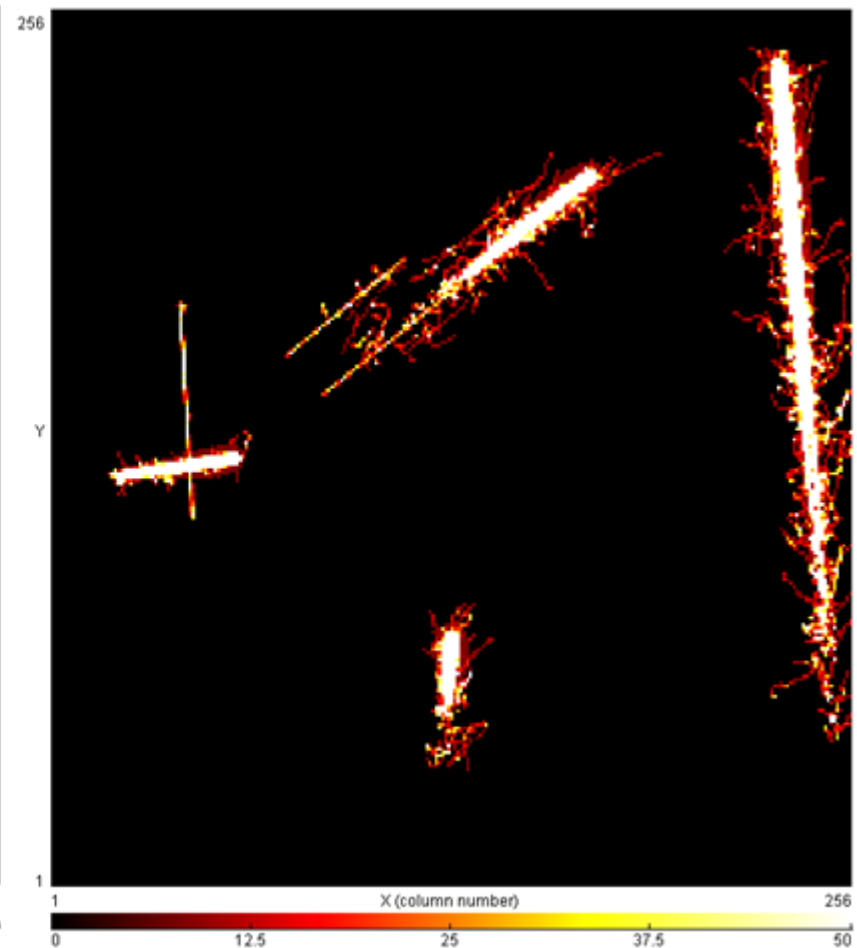
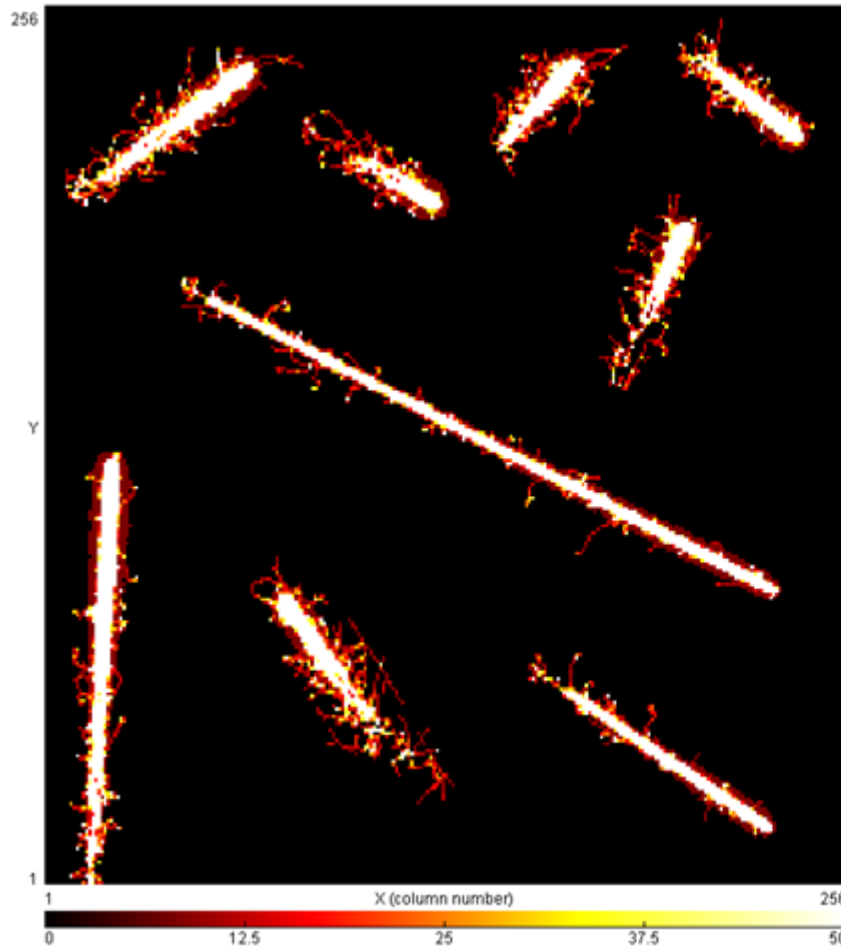




# Timepix/ESA Proba-V

## Quantum imaging detection/monitoring of space radiation

HETPs: Highly energetic heavy charged particles (ions) → HZE's

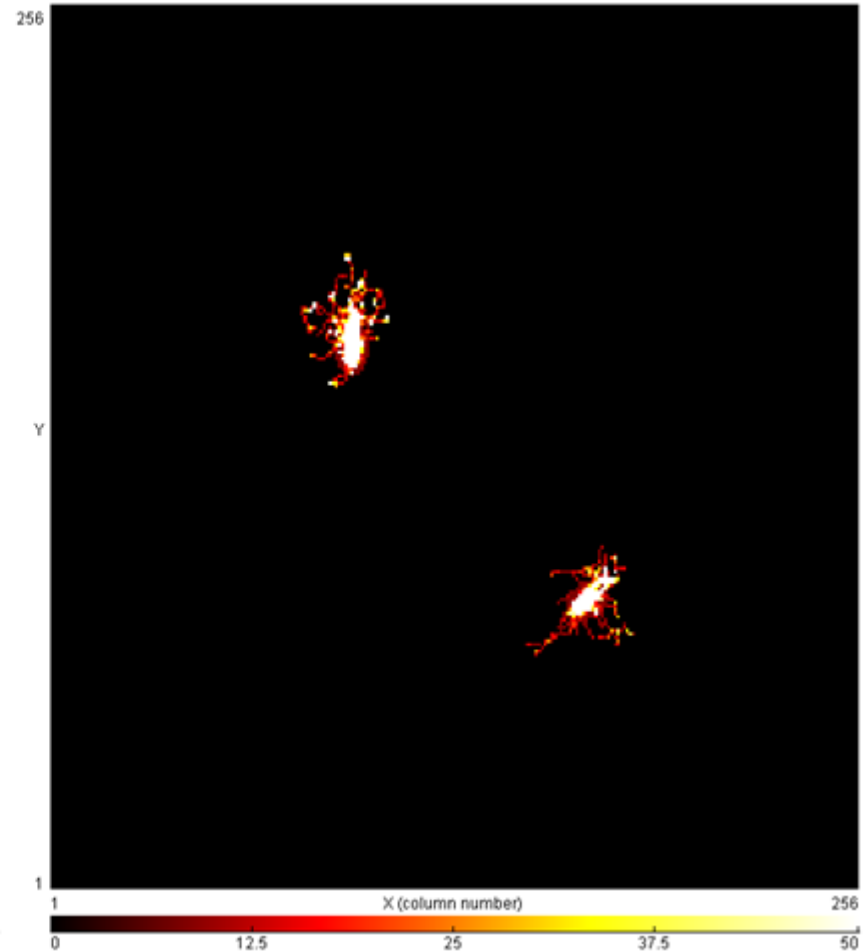
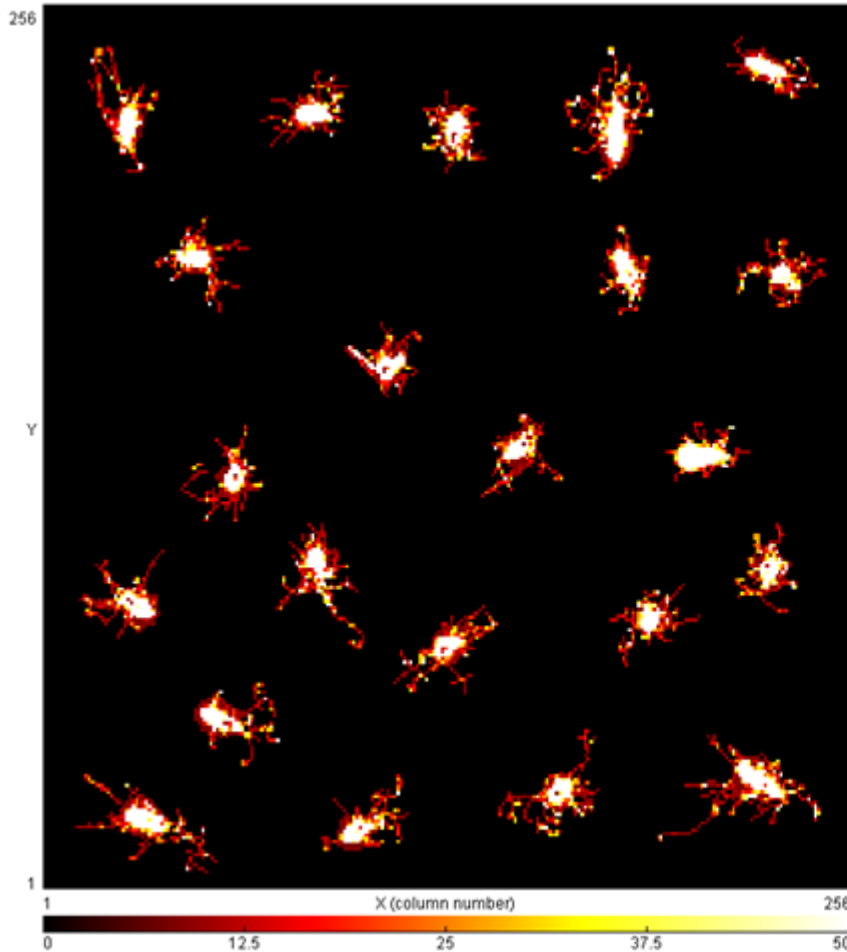




# Timepix/ESA Proba-V

## Quantum imaging detection/monitoring of space radiation

HETPs: Highly energetic heavy charged particles (ions) → HZE's

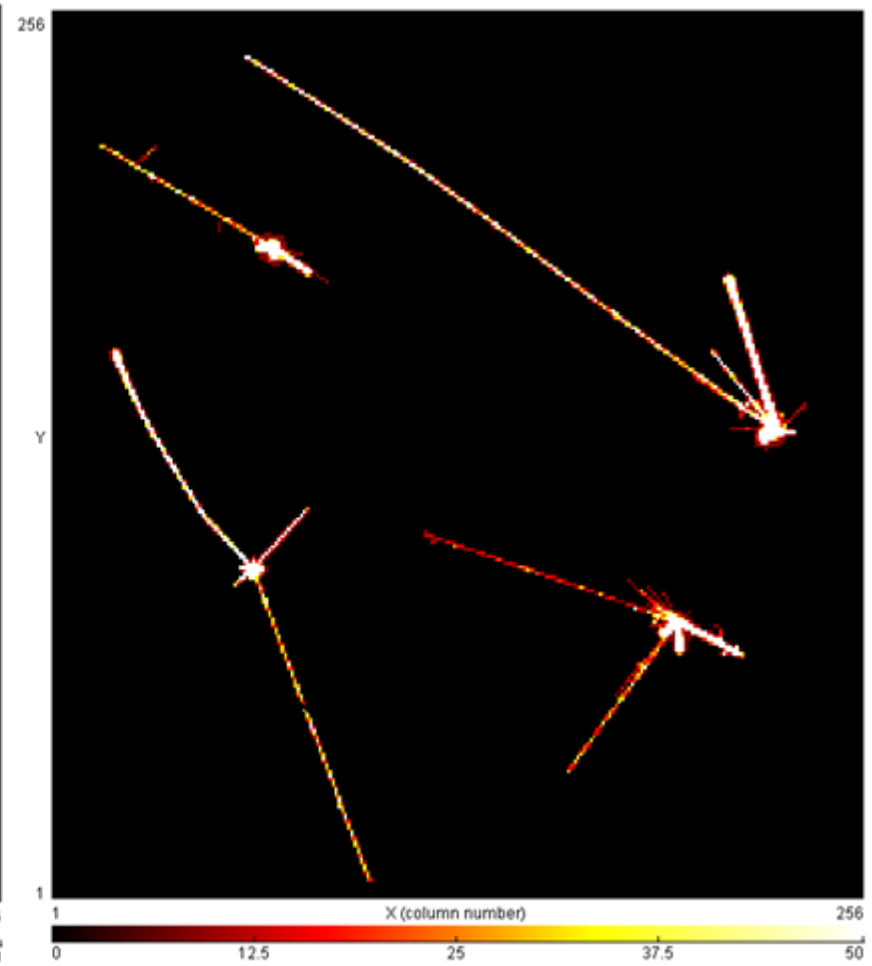
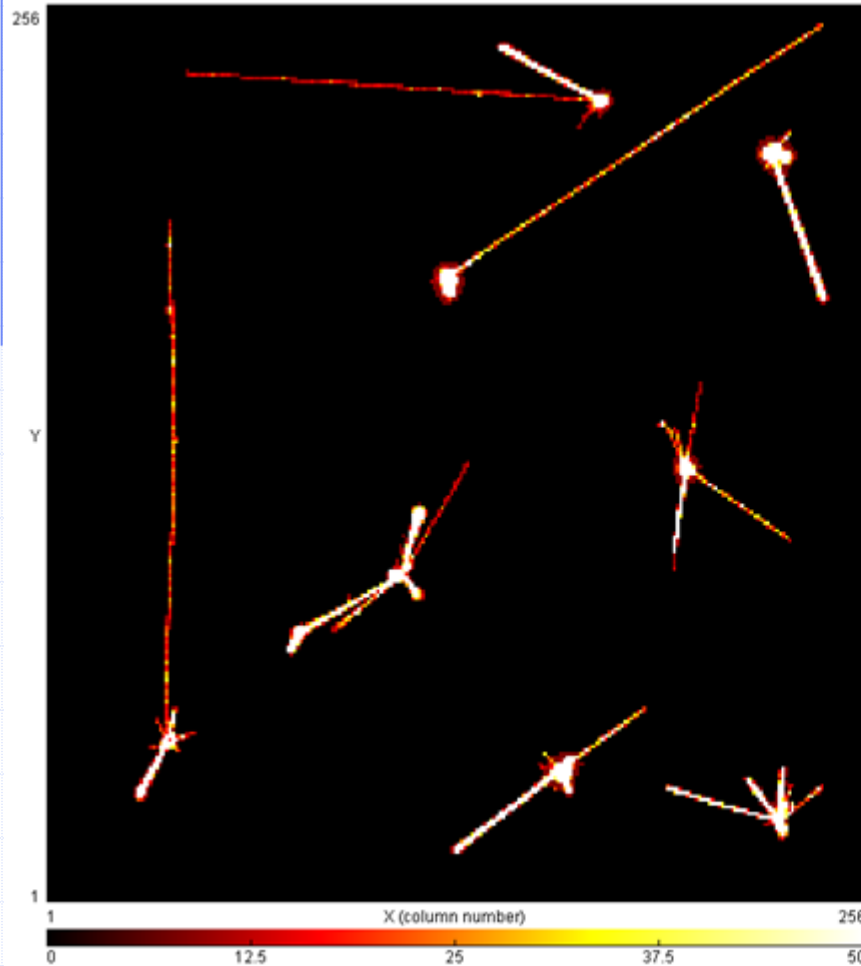




# Timepix/ESA Proba-V

## Quantum imaging detection/monitoring of space radiation

LETPs: Energetic light charged particles (l) + nuclear interactions/high-energy transfer events



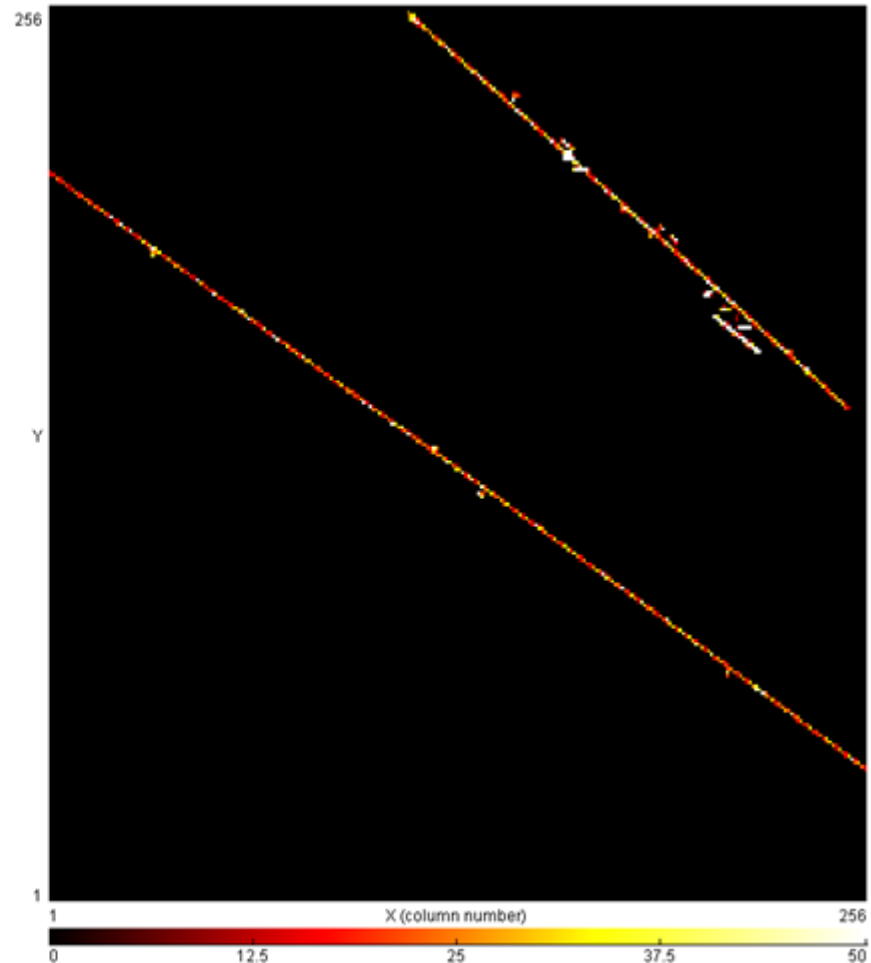
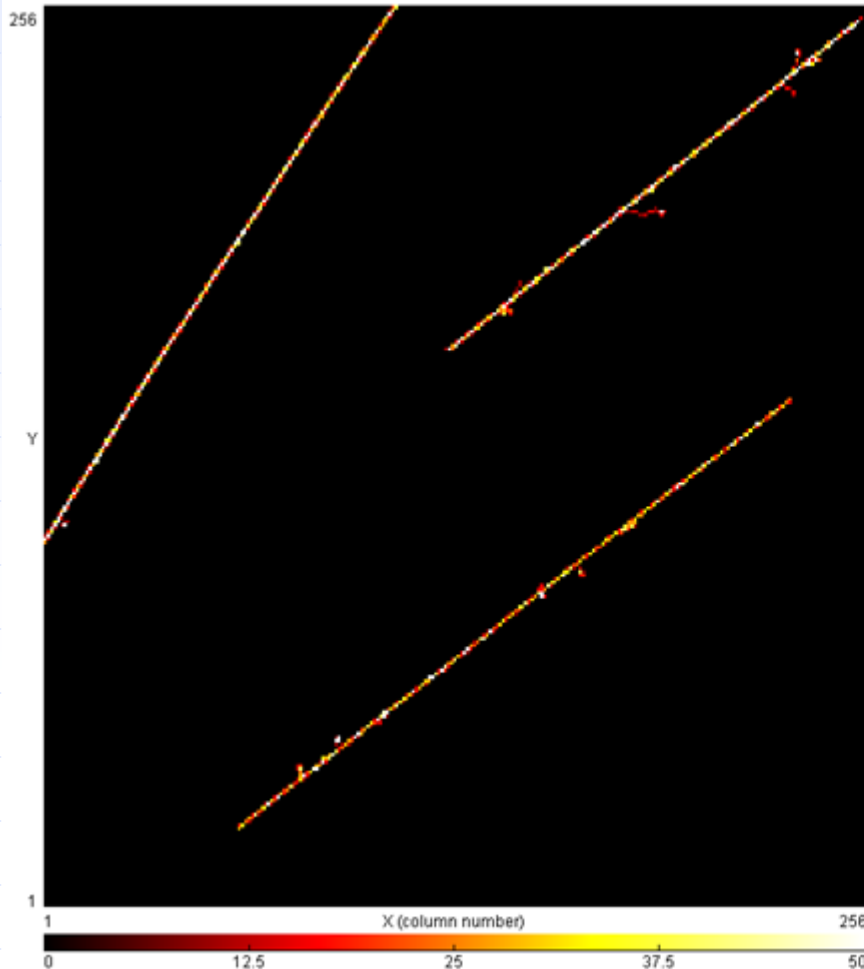




# Timepix/ESA Proba-V

## Quantum imaging detection/monitoring of space radiation

LETPs: Energetic light charged particles (II)

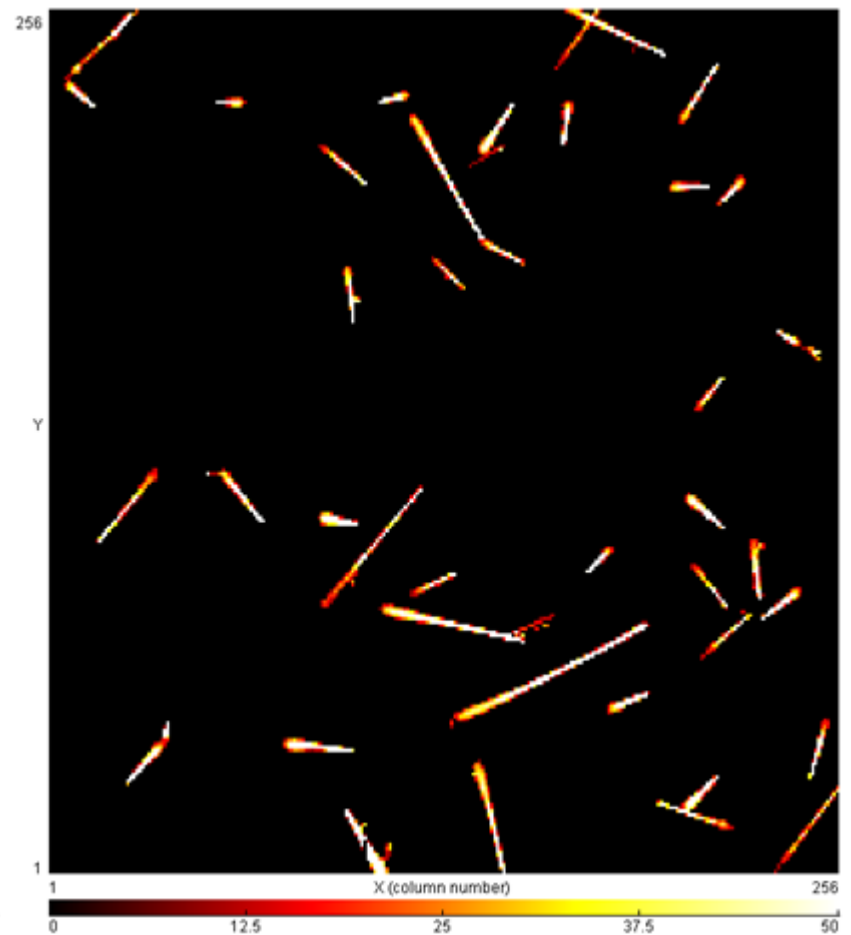
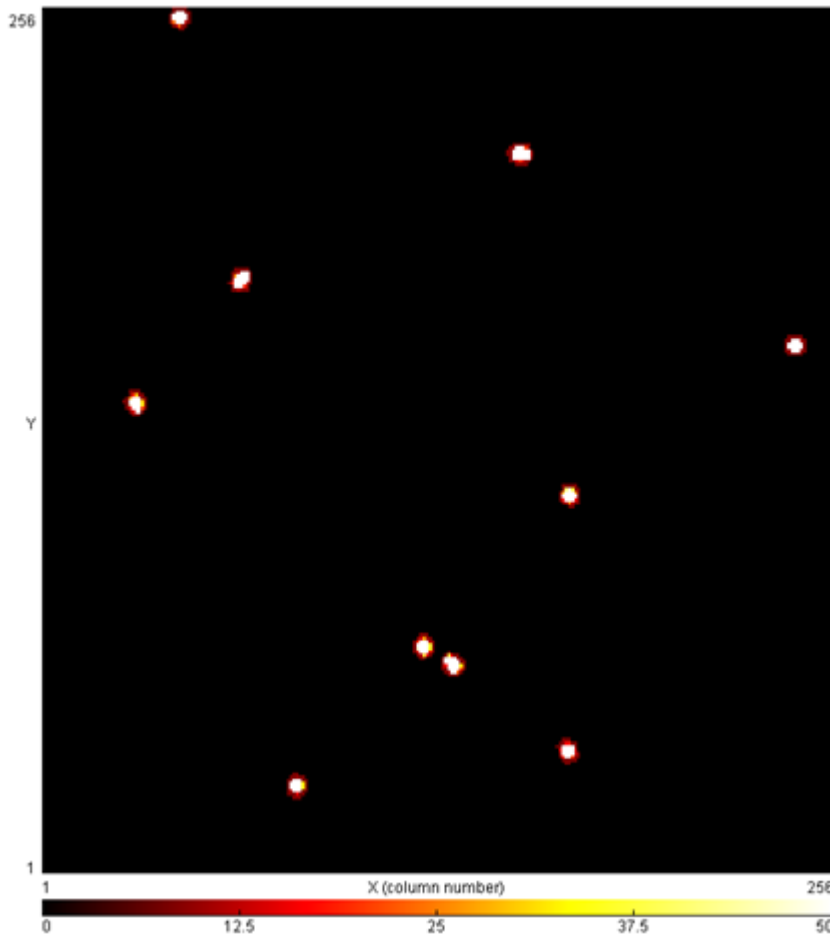




# Timepix/ESA Proba-V

## Quantum imaging detection/monitoring of space radiation

HETPs: mid-energetic heavy charged particles (protons)



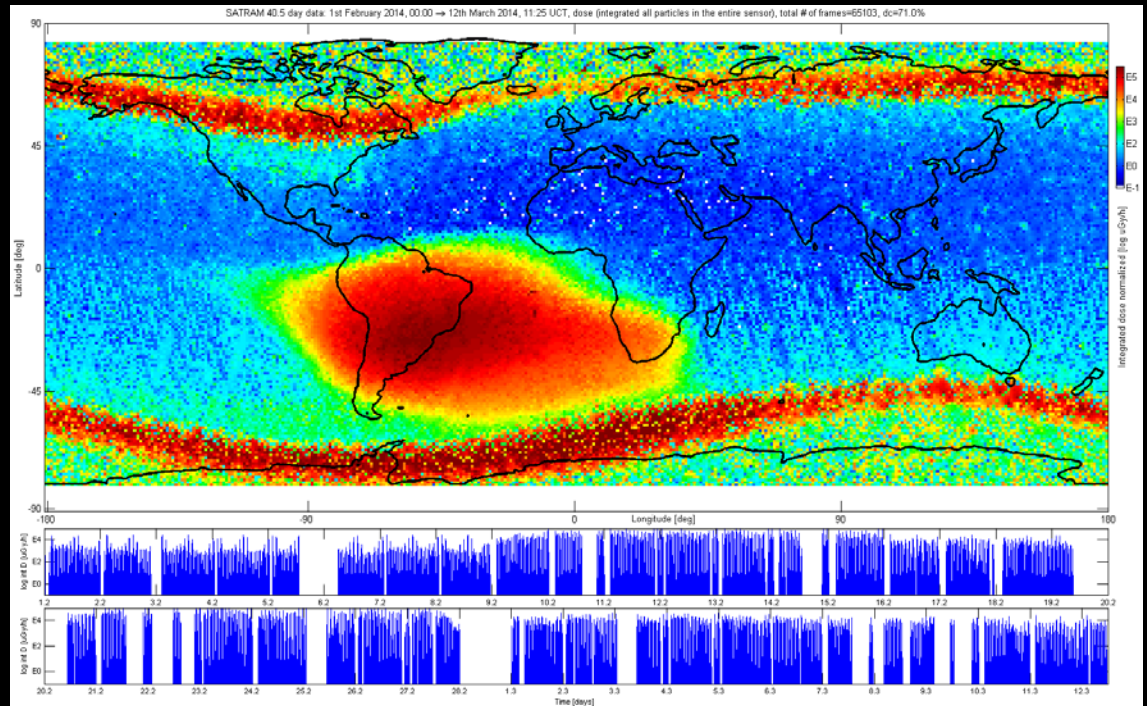
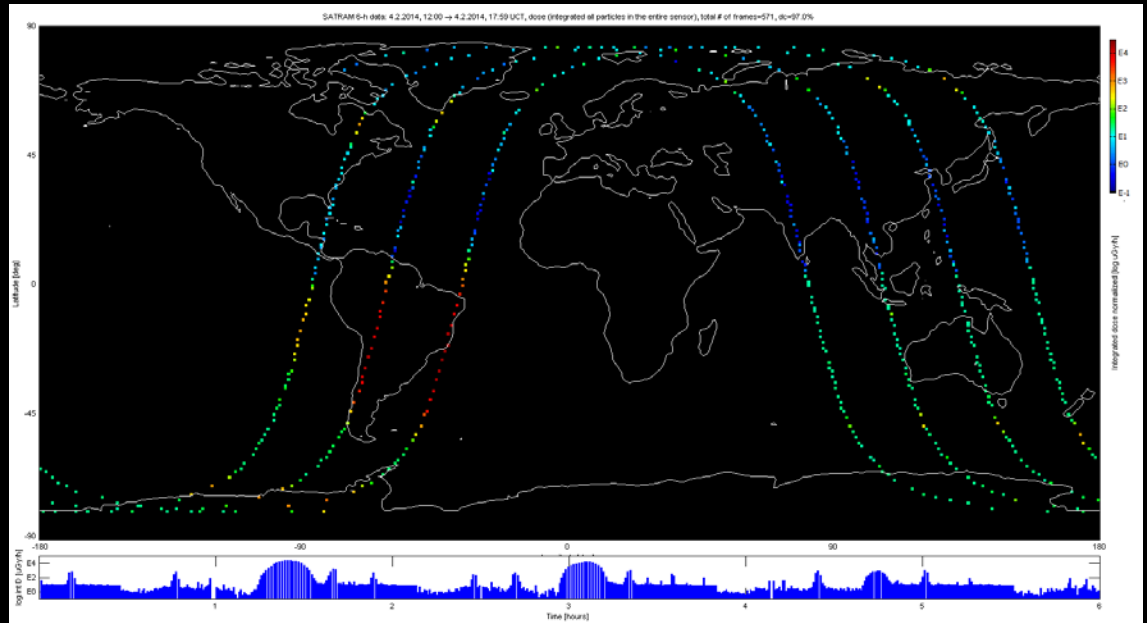
6 h: 4<sup>th</sup> Feb 2014

## Spatial and time distributions of total absorbed dose at 820 km LEO orbit measured by SATRAM.

Data averaged from 571 and 65.103 Timepix frames collected over these periods, respectively (overall SATRAM operation duty cycle 97% and 71%, respectively).

The quantity displayed (total absorbed dose, displayed in uGy/h) covers 6 orders of magnitude (see color bar log scale).

40 days: 1<sup>st</sup> Feb – 13<sup>th</sup> March 2014

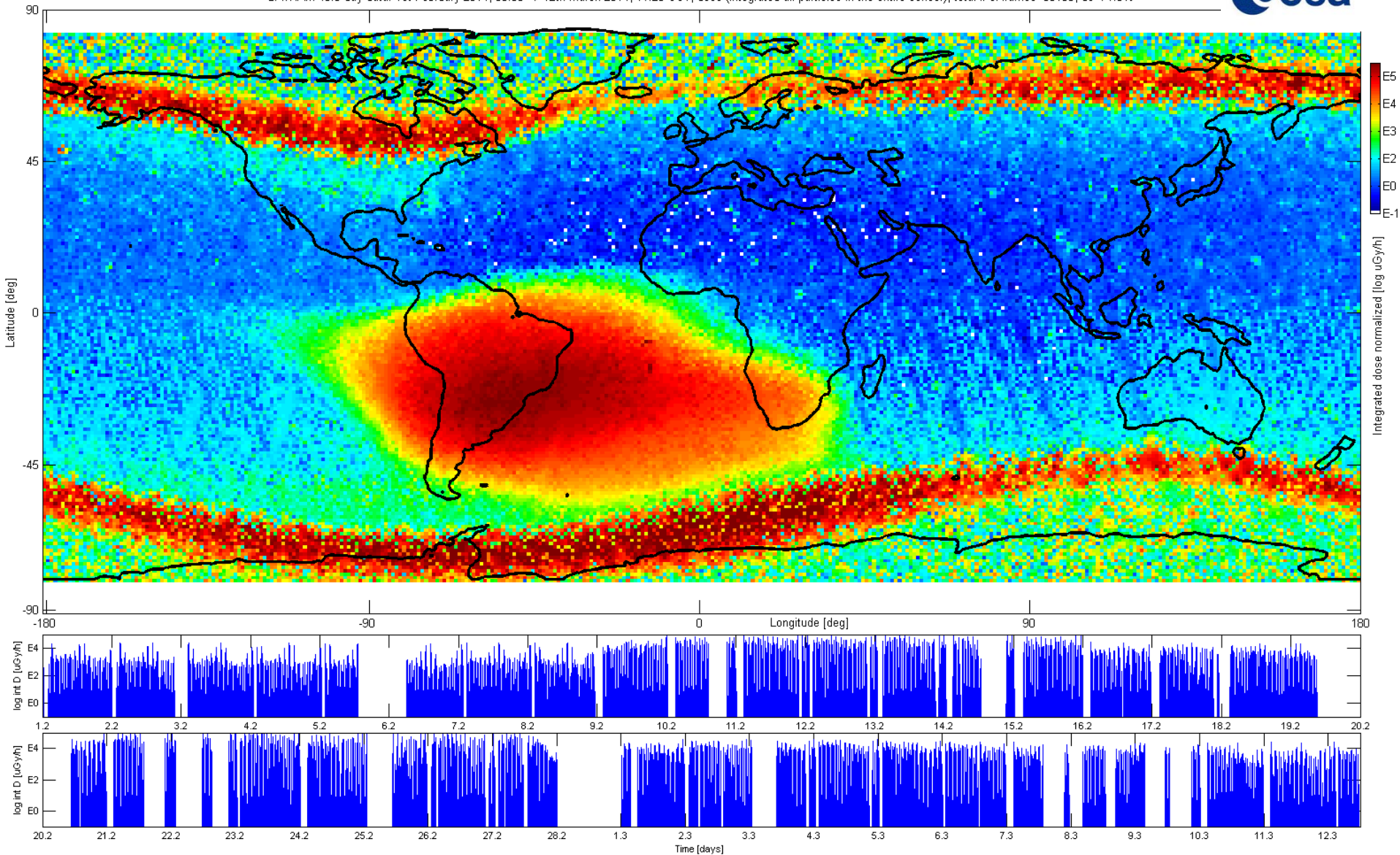


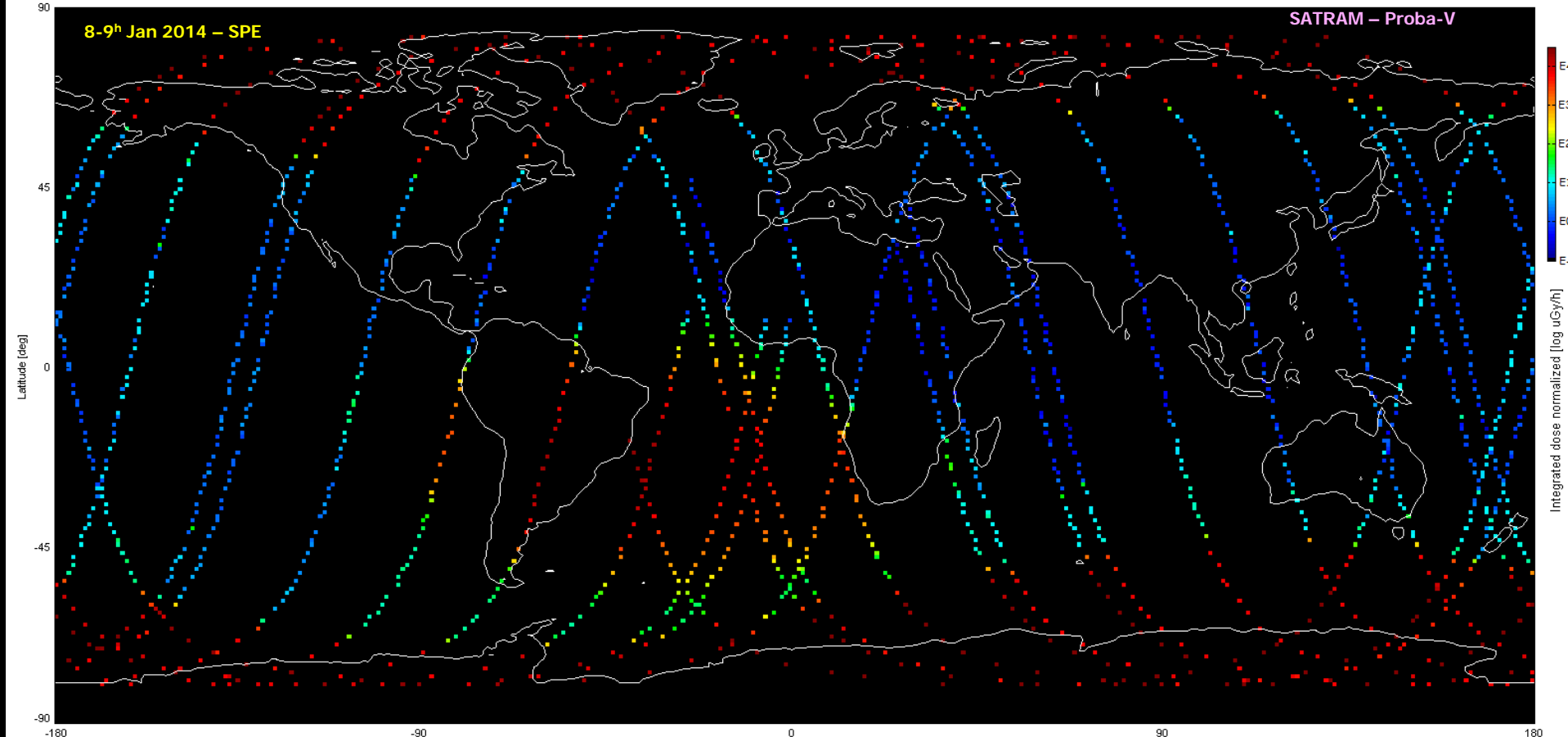
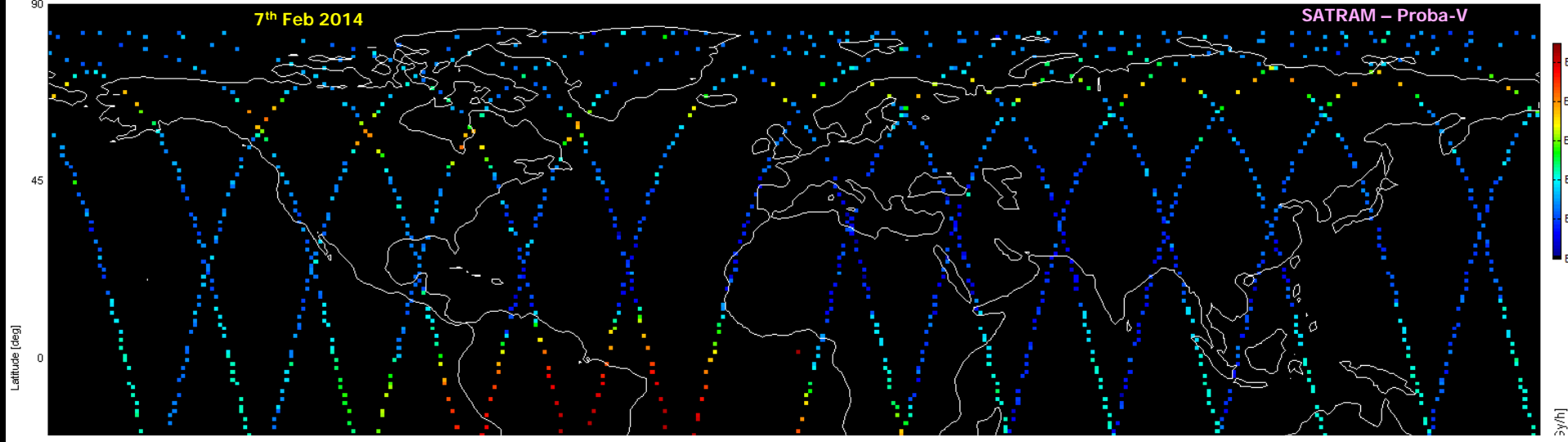


# Timepix/ESA Proba-V + LEO space radiation @ 820 km Spatial + time correlated distributions



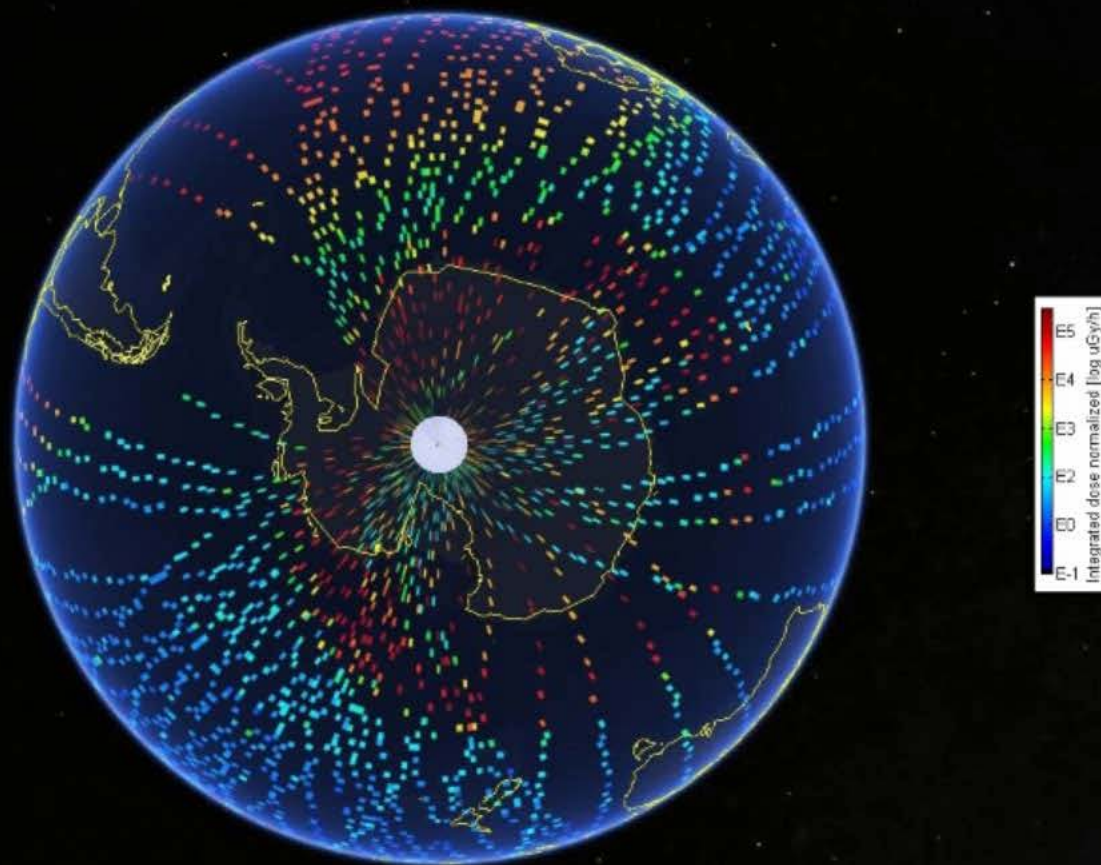
SATRAM 40.5 day data: 1st February 2014, 00:00 → 12th March 2014, 11:25 UCT, dose (integrated all particles in the entire sensor), total # of frames=65103, dc=71.0%





South Pole

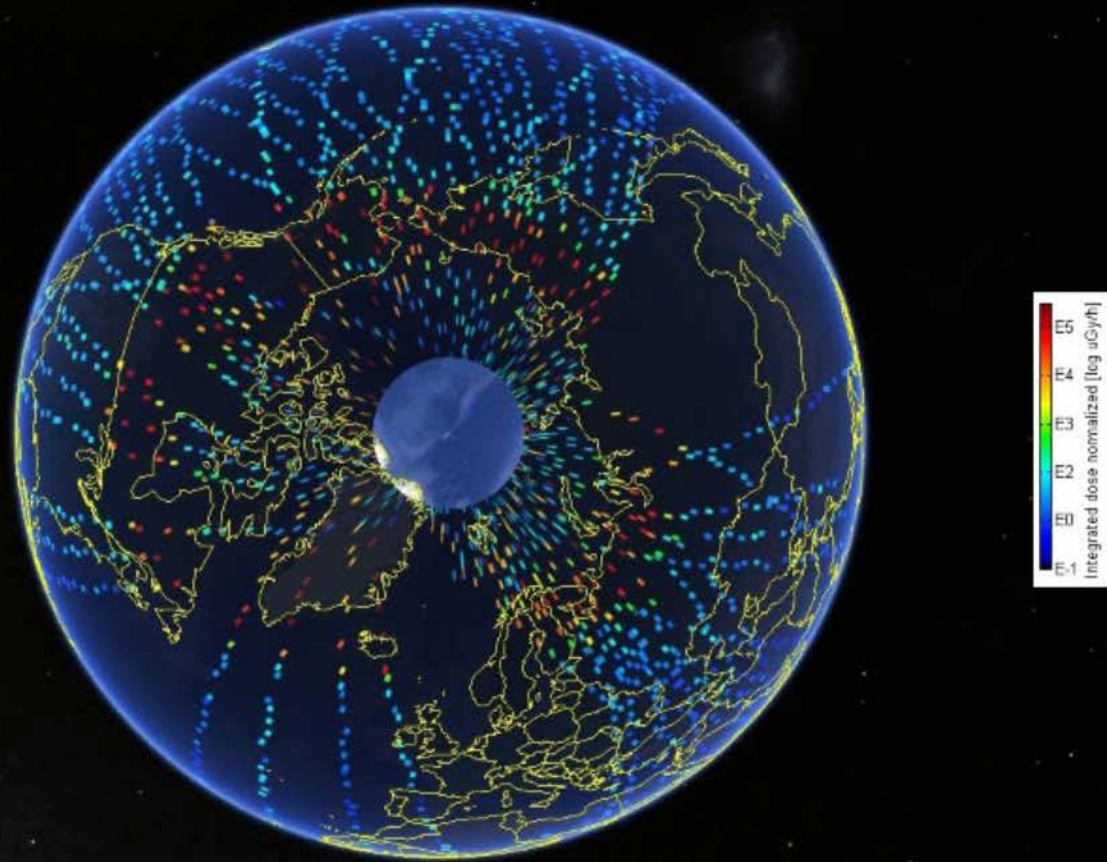
3-9 Jan 2014





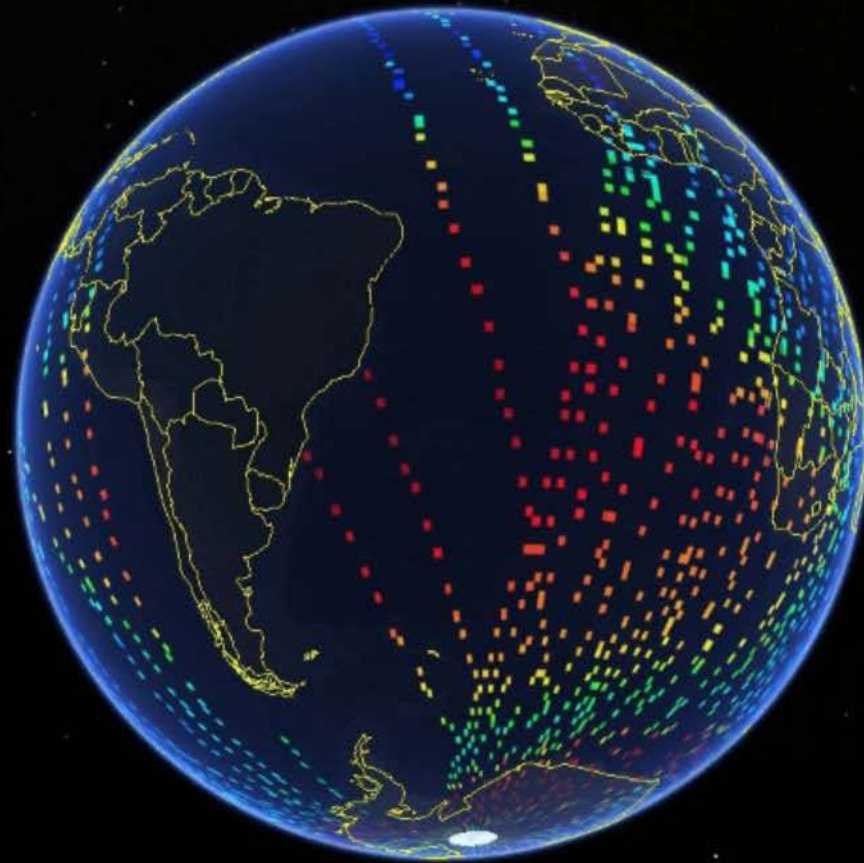
North Pole

3-9 Jan 2014



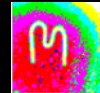
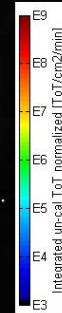
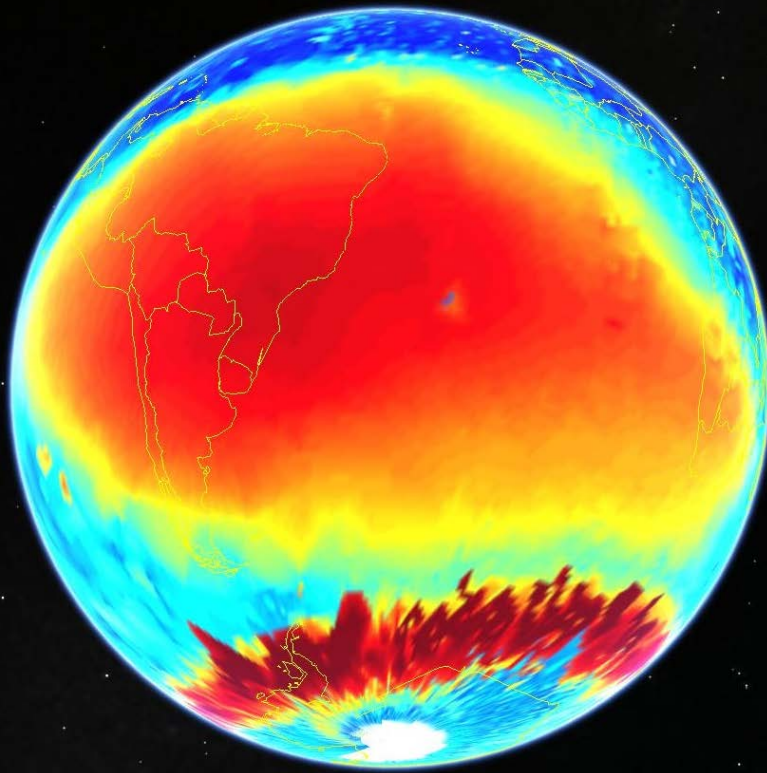
# South Atlantic Anomaly

3-9 Jan 2014

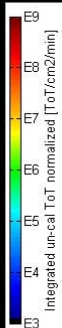
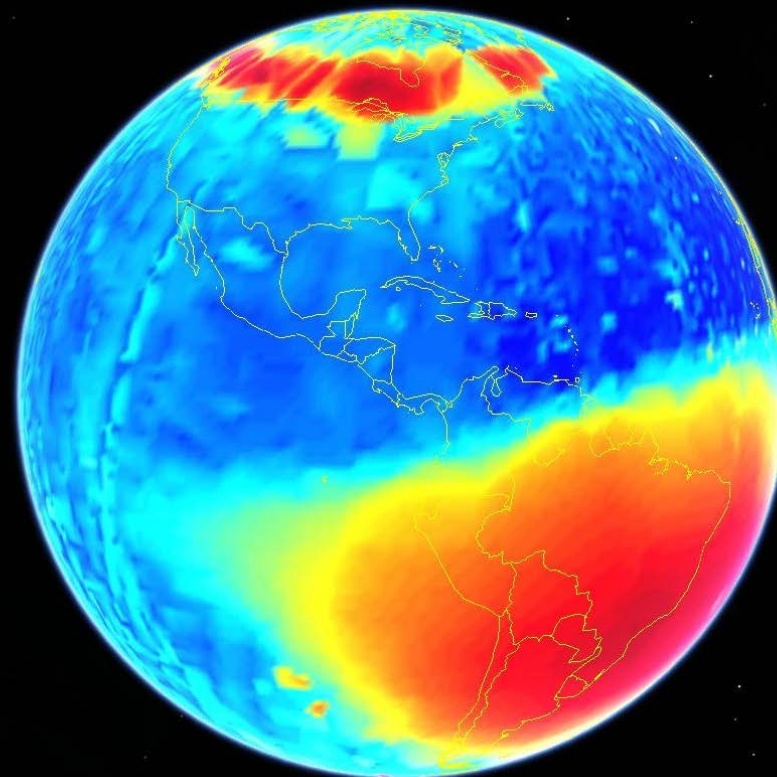


*Thank you*

Project funded by the European Space Agency,  
Project No. 4000105089/11/NL/CBi



The Americas



South America, Antarctica, South Atlantic Anomaly SAA

- ❑ Radiation field Earth map spatial distributions measured by Timepix onboard ESA Proba-V satellite LEO orbit 820 km altitude displaying all radiation components integrated over 5.5 months
- ❑ Detailed data analysis in progress (radiation component & directional distributions)