





Welcome to 2023 edition of the CSID!

ESA Clean Space Team

## The Ecodesign Team







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Clean Space Intern

+ Support from many other ESA experts (materials and processes, electronics, testing, etc)





# ecodesign PENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS REDUCTION

# management of end of life



#### in-orbit servicing

→ ACTIVE DEBRIS REMOVAL

#### **EcoDesign Scope**





How much space activities "pollute" on Earth?



Are there alternatives to reduce the environmental impacts?

#### LCA (Life Cycle Assessment)

Assessing the environmental impacts of the whole life cycle of the space missions

#### **Eco-design**

Identifying alternative processes or technologies that can be used to reduce these impacts

#### **Environmental regulation**

Finding alternatives to abide by legislations and avoid costly disruptions

#### **International context**









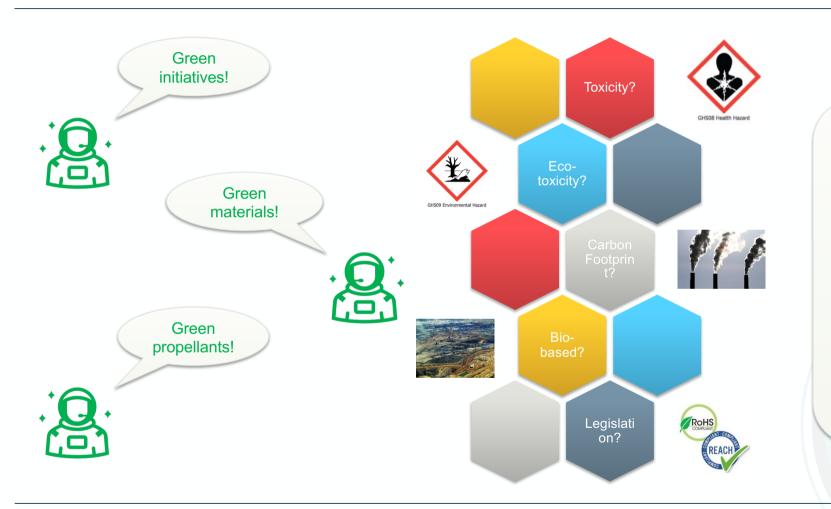
that making ESA "a greener organisation" is a priority, to support the implementation of the Paris Agreement and the European Green Deal to the fullest extent

To achieve this objective, a systematic inclusion of environmental performance indicators in the early phases of ALL ESA projects approved at CM22 by performing an LCA or a simplified LCA was requested



#### **Assessment of the environmental performance**





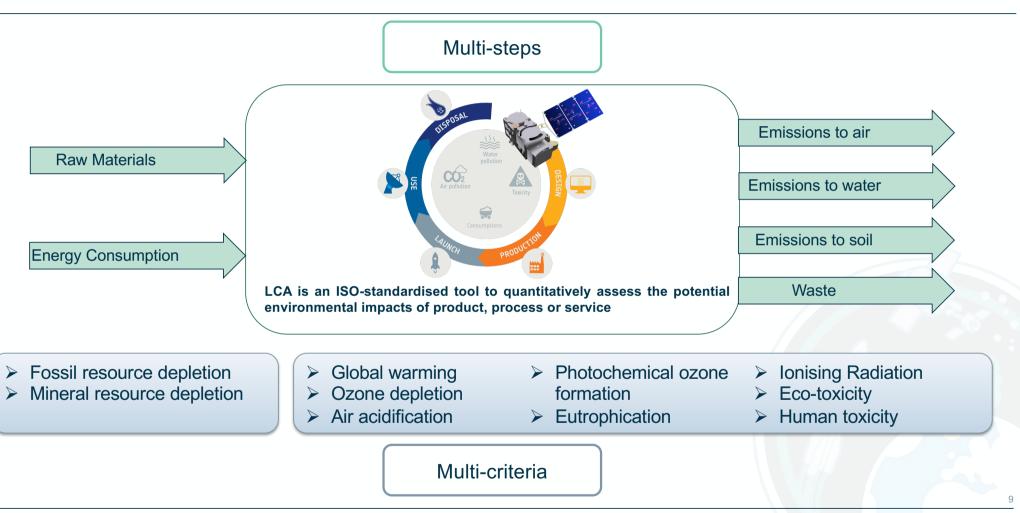


Reliable, comparable and verifiable information also plays an important part in enabling buyers to make more sustainable decisions and reduces the risk of 'green washing'. Companies making 'green claims' should substantiate these against a standard methodology to assess their impact on the environment. The Commission will step up its regulatory and non-regulatory efforts to tackle false green claims. Digitalisation can also

Brussels, 11.12.2019 COM(2019) 640 final

### **Life Cycle Assessment – Definition**





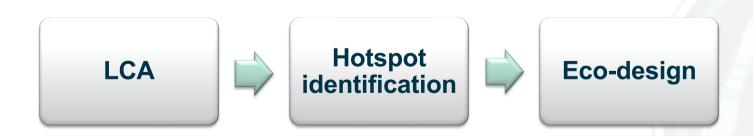
### **Eco-design definition**



"Eco-design considers environmental aspects at all stages of the product development process, striving for products which make the lowest possible environmental impact throughout the product life cycle"

The main objective of eco-design is:

- ✓ To improve the environmental performances of products and services through the assessment of their environmental impacts
- ✓ Starting from the design phase and this,
- ✓ Without reducing their final quality or performance.



### **Summary of the Challenges**





Defining the functional unit



Impact of testing



Impact of R&D



Data management



Spacecraft demise into the atmosphere



Impact of infrastructure



Impact of office work



Launch event impact on the atmosphere



Impacts on space environment



Deep Sea Impact

#### **ESA LCA FRAMEWORK**





**ESA LCA Handbook** 

Published in 2016

Available under request



LCA launch segment

LCA space segment



LCA ground segment



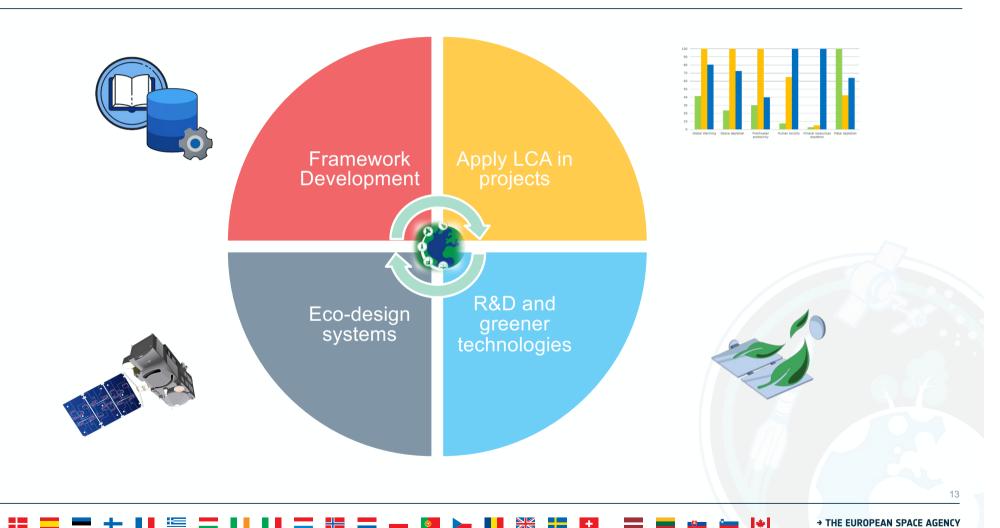
#### **ESA LCA Database**

Available for ESA member states\*

\*under certain conditions

### LCA approach





### **Ecodesign roadmap**





LCA Space segment



**LCA** Launch segment update



Ariane 6 Earth Explorer 9 & 10 Copernicus Expansion Missions Galileo 2<sup>nd</sup> generation

Framework





**Framework** update - LCA Handbook LCA DataBase

LCA implementation in ESA projects

Framework consolidation



Green technologies roadmap





Eco-design implementation in ESA projects

2012

2015

2018

2021

2025

2030

→ THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY

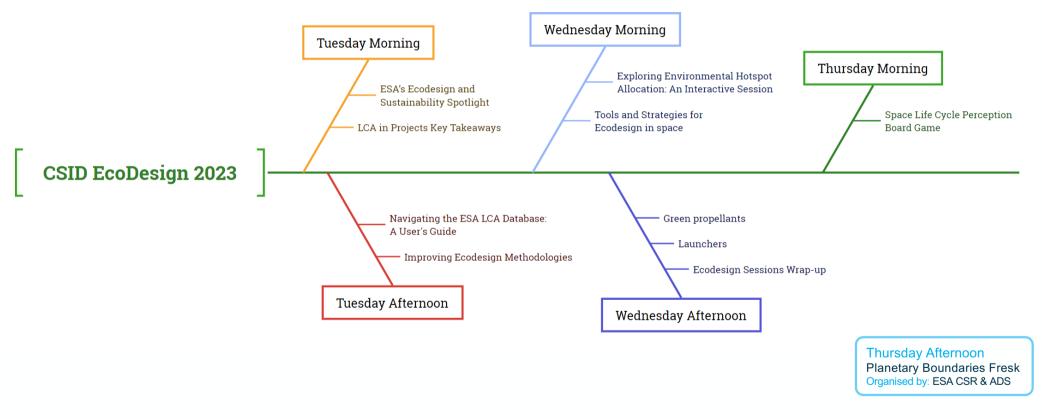
#### What is new this year



- ☐ Improvement of methodology for assessment and allocation procedures
- Data quality rating (Technical Note for assessment)
- Develop generic datasets and associated Technical Notes (e.g. System Level testing)
- Update of the Database & web tool release
- Tools for preliminary LCA for launchers under development
- ☐ Continue with LCA application in projects: 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> LCA iterations on-going (e.g. Copernicus and Galileo)
- ☐ Harmonisation/Standardisation of requirements for LCA implementation
- ☐ Inclusion of requirements in other missions' types and directorates (NAV, CSC and HRE)

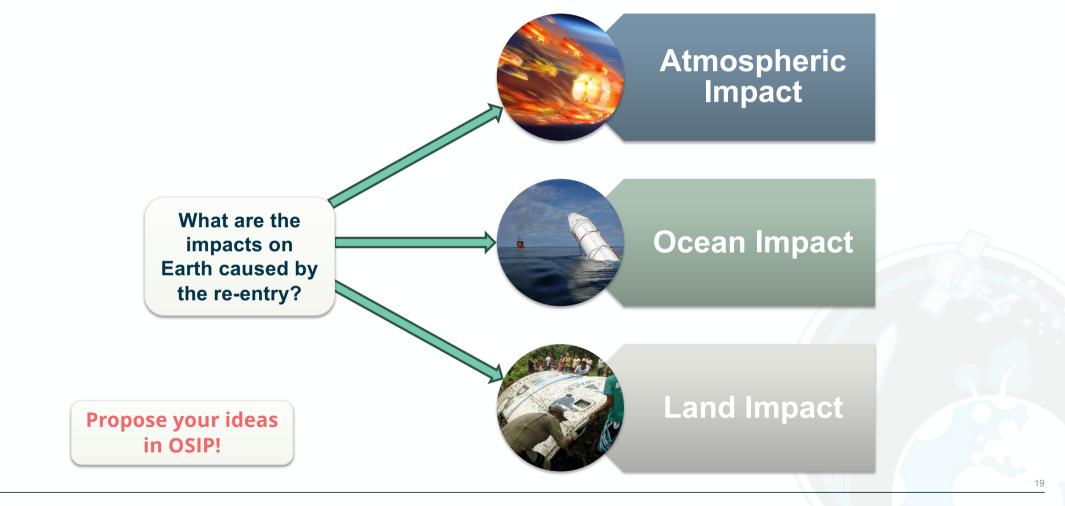
### Agenda for Ecodesign at CSID 2023





### Re-entry impact on Earth environment





### LCA application in ESA projects





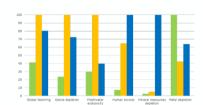
- Update HB from return of experience in projects
- Maintain DB with new datasets from projects

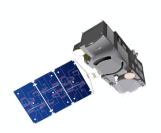
Framework Development

• LCA assessment of space systems

- Hot-spot identification
- Benchmarking

Apply LCA in projects





Eco-design systems

- Application of greener solutions in projects
- Project support
- Return of experience

R&D and greener technologies

- Development of greener technologies
- Support to research
- · Return of experience



2

#### Conclusion



- ☐ Environmental impacts shall be considered from the conception to be able to mitigate the impacts
- □ LCA allows us to quantify the impacts, avoid burden shifting and validate ecodesign solutions
- ☐ Iterative and step by step approach is needed to implement Ecodesign
- ☐ The LCA Handbook and Database are essential tools and need to be maintained
- ☐ Uncertainties still exist to characterize the impact of space systems