

# **Request for Information**

Research Activities in support of Space-Based Solar Power for terrestrial needs

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Reference	ESA-TECSF-PL-2023-000233
Issue/Revision	1.0
Date of Issue	26/02/2023
Status	Final



## CONTENTS

1	INT	RODUCTION	3
	1.1 1.2 1.3	BACKGROUND INFORMATION PURPOSE OF THIS REQUEST FOR INFORMATION REFERENCE DOCUMENTS	5
2		ORMATION REQUESTED	
	2.1	INFORMATION REQUESTED ON THE RESEARCH PLAN	7
3	SUE	BMISSION AND EVALUATION	
4	SOL	_ARIS RESEARCH DAY – MARCH 2023	8
5	DES	SCRIPTION OF RESEARCH ACTIVITIES	10



# **1** Introduction

## **1.1 Background Information**

ESA is proceeding with the SOLARIS initiative to further investigate and mature the feasibility of Space-based Solar Power, a concept that has the potential to deliver clean energy from space to Earth in support of Europe's and the world's efforts to mitigate the climate crisis.

SOLARIS responds directly to ESA's Agenda 2025 which recognises that "*Space-based services to support the energy transition, and potential space-based solar power generation deserve to be further investigated*". It aims to prepare by 2025, the basis for further decision-making on a potential new clean energy source for Europe, Space Based Solar Power. This will be achieved through the advancement of system concepts, technology developments, research activities and stakeholder engagement.

The objectives of the SOLARIS initiative in the 2023 – 2025 timeframe are to:

- 1) Evaluate the technical feasibility, costs, benefits, and risks of Space-Based Solar Power.
- 2) Develop key technologies required for SBSP realisation.
- 3) Raise awareness of SBSP amongst key stakeholders.
- 4) Establish opportunities for international cooperation.
- 5) Potentially prepare a proposal for a decision by end 2025 on a SBSP development programme, including a first in-orbit demonstrator project.
- 6) Position Europe as a key player in SBSP.

The <u>Solaris Activity Plan</u> [RD1] has been published in Dec 2022 and provides an overview of the currently proposed technical activities to be undertaken during 2023-2025. Early phase System study activities, to be funded through the Preparation Element of ESA's Basic Activities, are underway through the issue in Dec 2022 of an Invitation to Tender (ITT) of a "<u>Pre-Phase A system study of Commercial-scale Space-based Solar Power systems for terrestrial needs</u>". Technology activities, to be funded through the General Support Technology Programme (GSTP) Element 1, are currently in definition at ESA and invitation to tenders are expected to be issued for these beginning in Q2 2023.

The third line of technical enquiry to be pursued within SOLARIS is Research Activities which cover Environmental and Socioeconomic issues as shown in Figure 1. It is this area which is the subject of the present Request for Information.



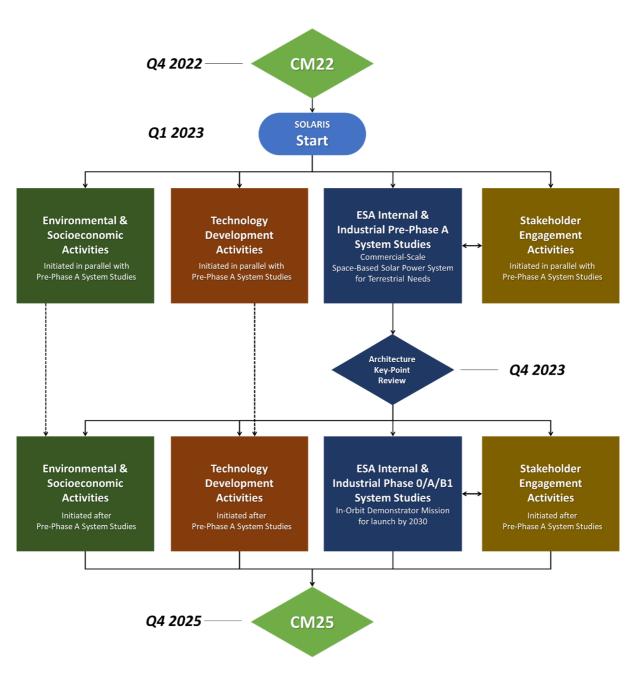


Figure 1: Overview of SOLARIS activities proposed between 2023 and 2025. For more details on the SOLARIS initiative refer to <u>www.esa.int/solaris</u>.



## **1.2** Purpose of this Request for Information

This Request for Information (RFI) is being issued to get feedback from the international scientific and industrial community on ESA's draft research plan for SOLARIS, a roadmap of which is shown in Figure 2 below, with detailed descriptions provided in Section 5 of this RFI.

The research plan has been formulated with the objective of covering, by mid-2025, the main areas of uncertainty that have been identified from previous ESA and international studies on SBSP regarding environmental and socioeconomic aspects of SBSP for terrestrial needs, in particular the use of radiofrequency power beaming within the Earth's environment. It is the intention that, at the end of the implementation of the SOLARIS research plan in mid-2025, ESA should have sufficient information to inform any future proposal for further development of SBSP for terrestrial needs.

Given the novelty of the topic of Space-Based Solar Power and the nature of the research-based activities that would need to be conducted to complement and support the planned ESA system and technology development activities, ESA would find it valuable to have the scientific & engineering communities' views on the completeness and effectiveness of the proposed research plan.

This RFI is specifically intended to:

- 1. Provide the international research community with further information on ESA's priorities with regards to SBSP research in the areas of environmental and socioeconomic effects of SBSP.
- 2. Solicit feedback from the international research community about the Solaris research plan, which will be considered in ESA's future planning for such activities.

This RFI does not bind ESA to any present or future procurements actions, nor does it create any rights for respondents in relation to any present or future ESA procurements.



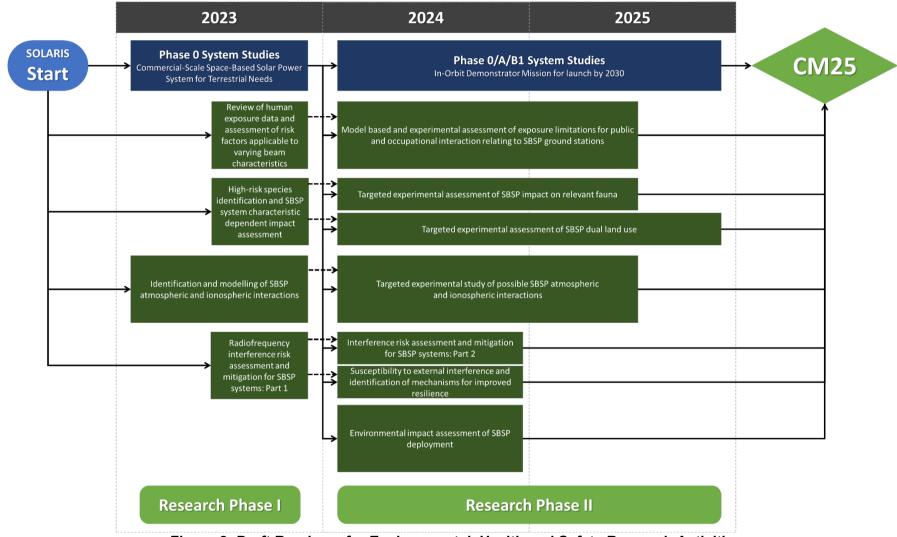


Figure 2: Draft Roadmap for Environmental, Health and Safety Research Activities



# **1.3 Reference Documents**

[RD1] Solaris Activity Plan 2023-2025, ESA-TECSF-PL-2022-004006

[RD2] PRE-PHASE A SYSTEM STUDY OF A COMMERCIAL-SCALE SPACE-BASED SOLAR POWER SYSTEM (SBSP) FOR TERRESTRIAL NEEDS, ESA ITT 1-11606

# 2 Information Requested

Information is requested in response to the *Solaris Research Plan* show in Figure 2 above and described further in Section 5 of this document.

### 2.1 Information requested on the Research Plan

Any academic or industrial entities, internationally, with expertise in areas relevant to the proposed SOLARIS Research Activities are invited to reply to this request.

The table below should be used as a guide to prepare the response(s) to **any or all content within the Research Plan presented in Section 5**.

Responses shall be <u>limited to a maximum of 10 pages</u> and shall be free of any proprietary <u>information</u>. Responses shall be provided exclusively in electronic format through the process outlined in section 3.

Section Title	Information Requested	
Scope and planning of Activities	<ul> <li>Feedback on the Research Activities roadmap presented in Figure 1 with a view to successfully achieving the objectives specified in Section 1.2</li> <li>Feedback on the scope of the proposed research activities, duration of the activities and proposed ESA budget allocation.</li> <li>Feedback on the requested deliverable items.</li> <li>Feedback on the sensitivity of the research activity to the outputs of the planned ESA SBSP Pre-Phase A System Studies [RD2].</li> </ul>	
Additional Tasks and Research Questions	• Identification and description of potentially important research tasks or topics not currently addressed within the proposed scope of research activities considering the SOLARIS objectives.	
Potential Risks	Identification of potential challenges and risks with the implementation of the proposed research activities.	
Responder Interest & Expertise	Identification of level of interest and expertise of the responder related to each of the research activities proposed in the research plan.	
Implementation Ideas	Novel ideas to expediate the SOLARIS research plan and/or to accelerate delivery of research activity outputs.	



Other Inputs

Any inputs or feedback that does not fit within the sections described above is welcome.

# **3** Submission and Evaluation

Please provide your response to this RFI in a single, electronically searchable PDF file based on the section titles in the table shown in **Section 2** above and submitted through ESA Interact.

Please provide your responses by 27 February 2023, 18:00 CET at the latest.

Please include details of a contact person, that ESA can contact for further clarification regarding the RFI response, if necessary.

ESA will use any personal data included in the RFI responses (e.g., names and contact details of the persons having prepared the response) exclusively for contacting those persons in case it became necessary in relation to their RFI submission. ESA will not disclose those personal data to third parties without prior agreement of the party that had submitted the RFI response.

Once received, ESA will review the submissions. It is the intent of the Agency to use the information contained in the responses for internal planning purposes and to update the SOLARIS Research Plan.

ESA may contact respondents to the RFI following submission, but does not intend to do so unless further clarification is required. Respondents are advised that ESA is under no obligation to acknowledge receipt of the information received or provide feedback to respondents with respect to any information submitted under this RFI.

By submitting their responses, respondents agree that ESA may use material received to inform and support its further actions concerning the development of its programmes, which may include releasing part of it in the context of exchanges between ESA and its Member States, interactions with the industrial and scientific communities and future requests for information or tender actions. ESA will not release individual RFI responses.

The submission of RFI responses does not commit ESA to placing any contract, nor prevents ESA from pursuing or employing those concepts, directly or indirectly, in any present or future ESA activities.

# 4 SOLARIS Research Day – March 2023

Following the close of the RFI, ESA intends to hold a half-day, online-only event, titled "Solaris Research Day", to provide the opportunity for direct community feedback and discussion with ESA on the research activity planning. The aim of the event would be for ESA to have the opportunity to discuss some of the feedback received in the RFI with the interested communities with a view to consolidating and making the best use of the input received during the update of the Research Plan.



The Solaris Research Day event is tentatively planned for mid-March 2023. Further information and opportunity for registration will be provided in an upcoming announcement on the <u>ESA Interacts website</u>.



# **5** Description of Research Activities

#### Human Health

Ref. Number:	HH-1		Budget (k€): 100	
Activity Title:		Review of human exposure data and assessment of risk factors applicable to varying beam characteristics		
Objectives:		Identify existing data pertaining to human health risks from RF exposure and assess the applicability to SBSP systems. Identify knowledge gaps that exist.		
Description:	<ul> <li>State of the term human health assess the applical SBSP system.</li> <li>Identify spetthat are likely to have Produce a spectrum be considered in the spectrum be conspectrum be consin the spectrum be conspectrum be considered in</li></ul>	<ul> <li>This activity will contain the following tasks:</li> <li>State of the art review on the impact of RF on short- and long-term human health within SBSP relevant boundaries (1-10 GHz) and assess the applicability of each study to exposure characteristics of a SBSP system.</li> <li>Identify specific beam characteristics or exposure mechanisms that are likely to have the largest impact on human health and safety.</li> <li>Produce a set of recommendations for human health protection to be considered in the SBSP system design phase.</li> <li>Identify knowledge gaps that exist that pertain specifically to</li> </ul>		
Deliverables:		Mid-study report – State of the art review of potential human health impacts and beam characteristic recommendations Final report		
Current TRL:	N/A	Target TRL: N/A	Duration (Months): 6	

Ref. Number:	HH-2         Budget (k€): 500		
Activity Title:	Model based and experimental assessment of exposure limitations for public and occupational interaction relating to SBSP ground stations		
Objectives:	Assess and quantify the risk to public health and safety that SBSP may pose and examine the suitability of proposed safety mechanisms for preventing any negative impact on human health.		
Description:	<ul> <li>preventing any negative impact on human health.</li> <li>This activity will contain the following tasks: <ul> <li>Assess all possible routes by which humans could be exposed to electromagnetic radiation (EMR) originating from long-range wireless power transfer from space, based on selected SBSP architectures (Phase 0 system studies). Model the exposure characteristics for each scenario.</li> <li>Apply a representative human model to characterize the physical and biological effects that a given SBSP architecture may have resulting from public or occupational EMR exposure (at relevant wavelengths).</li> <li>Determine the applicability of the above model to at risk population (e.g., young children, those with medical devices, etc.) and identify any factors that may increase risk relative to artificial EMR exposure (at relevant wavelengths) from other sources.</li> <li>Devise and implement a set of targeted experimental studies that would address knowledge gaps relating to existing models and their applicability to SBSP; these experiments may make use of artificial tissue</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		



	mechanisms, such safety. • Quantify th EMR exposure grea and international re • Propose ar safety, such as alt	<ul> <li>Using the above data determine whether the proposed safety mechanisms, such as exclusion zones, are sufficient to ensure human safety.</li> <li>Quantify the risk that the proposed architectures would lead to EMR exposure greater than the safe limits identified by experts in the field and international regulations for a given wavelength range.</li> <li>Propose any additional factors that would lower risk to human safety, such as alteration of beam characteristics, redefined exclusion zones, or passive or active shielding.</li> </ul>	
Deliverables:	Technical notes – model-based results and proposed experimental plan Model of exposure characteristics and human biological response Final report		
Current TRL:	N/A	Target TRL: N/A	Duration (Months): 18

#### Impact on ecosystem

Ref. Number:	ECO-1	Budget (k€): 150	
Activity Title:	High-risk species identification and SBSP system characteristic dependent impact assessment		
Objectives:	Identify the species in Europe that would interactions with SBSP and examine the vari on species across a range of beam characte	ability of the predicted impact	
Description:	The majority of SBSP architectures conduct wireless power transfer using microwave beams with wavelengths in the radiofrequency (RF) range of the electromagnetic spectrum. The primary mechanism for the absorption of RF energy by biological material is tissue heating, as RF is too low energy for cellular stimulation (i.e., it is non-ionising radiation). This can cause tissue damage or unwanted thermal responses, particularly in species without thermoregulation ability. Additionally, non-thermal effects on biological processes and behaviour resulting from non-ionising radiation have also been reported. Multiple factors impact the way in which biological material interacts with RF, such as the characteristics of the RF (i.e., the frequency and intensity), the duration of exposure, the size and behaviour of the species in question, or the susceptibility of a specific material or biological response to be impacted by RF.		
	<ul> <li>This activity will contain the following tasks:</li> <li>State of the art review on the impact of anthropogenic radiofrequency electromagnetic fields on animals and plant and assess the limits of the applicability of existing literature to high-power, localised beams originating from a space-based solar power satellite and culminating at a ground power station.</li> <li>Based on the existing literature and within SBSP relevant boundaries (1-10 GHz), identify specific beam and rectenna characteristics or limits that are more/less likely to produce negative responses in the natural ecosystem.</li> <li>Conduct a systematic review of existing data to identify species of interest that may be negatively impacted by deployment of SBSP in Europe, i.e., identify species or attributes that would be most sensitive to</li> </ul>		



Current TRL:	Final report N/A	Target TRL: N/A	Duration (Months): 6
Deliverables:	Mid-study report – State of the art review literature review of biological responses and beam characteristic recommendations		
	<ul> <li>RF exposure in combination with identifying the species that would be most likely to encounter a SBSP beam. This task is only applicable to natural ecosystems and should include definition of the upper and lower bounds of realistic interaction characteristics for a given sub-set of the ecosystem (e.g., the power density encountered may be different for land-based species to high-altitude migratory birds, residence time may vary with different exposure conditions, etc.).</li> <li>Identify knowledge gaps relevant to the interaction of SBSP with the natural ecosystem and define a set of experimental tasks that could address those knowledge gaps.</li> </ul>		

Ref. Number:	ECO-2	Budget (k€): 400
Activity Title:	Targeted experimental assessment of fauna	SBSP impact on relevant
Objectives:	Quantification of the impact that the depl Space Based Solar Power in Europe would system architectures as reference cases.	
Description:	<ul> <li>Space based solar power (SBSP) will invo quantities of power from space to Earth a subsets of the ecosystem; the specific inter the SBSP architecture characteristics and SOLARIS Phase 0 system studies will architectures that will be used as input for ti no recognised guidelines for exposure limit (i.e., all land animals, aquatic life, birds, and fields. Therefore, a detailed assessment mus limitations and ensure that the deployme significant negative impact on the ecosyster</li> <li>Using the SBSP architectures identified in the studies as reference cases, this activity will</li> <li>Identify the specific local fauna the SBSP system and consolidate of the bounds duration etc.)</li> <li>Identify knowledge gaps relating the will have on the identified species</li> <li>Propose and implement a set of exp the identified knowledge gaps relating to spe (Quantify the likely impact each SBS) the natural ecosystem.</li> <li>Compare the predicted impacts w infrastructure.</li> <li>Propose specific SBSP system measures that may mitigate or reduce any in Parallel studies intended</li> </ul>	and will interact with multiple ractions will be dependent on on the local ecosystem. The identify two to four SBSP his study. There are currently s to specifically protect fauna insects) from electromagnetic st be made to identify the safe nt of SBSP will not have a n. he SOLARIS Phase 0 system include: at will likely encounter each s of likely interaction (intensity, e impact that a given system berimental tests that aim to fill ecific species or attributes. P architecture would have on with other energy generation characteristics or additional
Deliverables:	Experimental test report Final report	



Current TRL:	N/A	Target TRL: N/A	Duration (Months): 18

Ref. Number:	ECO-3		Budget (k€): 300	
Activity Title:	Targeted experime	Targeted experimental assessment of SBSP dual land use		
Objectives:	Determine if the dustations is viable.	ual use of land under a	and/or around SBSP ground	
Description:	The utilisation of the land under or around SBSP ground stations would reduce the land use burden. Possible dual uses include (but are not limited to) agriculture or solar panel installation. The safety and functionality of a given application, when carried out in combination with the environmental conditions at a ground station imposed by a SBSP beam, must be assessed.			
Deliverables:	Technical notes – literature assessment and proposed experimental plan, mid test report Final report			
Current TRL:	N/A Target TRL: N/A Duration (Months): 24			

#### Ionosphere and Atmosphere

Ref. Number:	ATM-1	Budget (k€): 200
Activity Title:	Identification and modelling of SBSP atmospheric and ionospheric interactions	
Objectives:	Carry out a programme of directed study to identify, understand and elaborate on possible SBSP power beam interactions with the atmosphere and ionosphere.	
Description:	In the studies that have been carried out relating to ionospheric and atmospheric interactions, a number of potential effects have been proposed as relevant to the technical challenge of atmospheric power beaming:	



Ref. Number:	ATM-2	Budget (k€):400
Activity Title:	Targeted experimental study of possible SBSP atmospheric and ionospheric interactions	
Objectives:	Derivation and implementation of targeted experimental tests to support model development of atmospheric and ionospheric interactions	
Description:	Interaction of wireless power transfer with atmosphere, including the ionosphere, are	



Current TRL:	N/A	Target TRL: N/A	Duration (Months): 18
Deliverables:	Technical notes – experimental development, implementation plan Updated model of beam interactions Final report		
Dolivorablos:	Experimental studie sounding rockets, o one or multiple intera of experimental tech Input studies: • Identification ionospheric interacti • Phase 0 par • PROTEIN: Cost-Effective Heav This activity shall ad • Using the interactions to validate interactions • Using the to study, carry into the exis • Consider th weather ev pollution) of necessary given to at cadence th • Identify a atmosphere	s on such interactions m r ground-based chambe actions at once. Parallel miques to be employed. In and modelling of ions rallel SBSP system stud Preliminary Elements of y Lift Transportation Idress the following: developed model as s of interest, derive a set and further develop t s. beam characteristics ide y out targeted experimen sting model. The impact of abnormal ents, electrical storms, m on beam interactions a in experimental study. mospheric pollution tha at would support SBSP and quantify the e/ionosphere interactions inded	SBSP atmospheric and ies on European Reusable and a baseline for the possible of empirical tests that will help the models predicting beam ntified in the Phase 0 system tal work and input the findings atmospheric conditions (e.g., nagnetic storms, atmospheric nd account for these where Particular attention shall be t may arise from the launch deployment. likely impact of beam- s.
	be quantified to asso	ess the safety of a SBSI	pact of such interactions must <sup>&gt;</sup> system. ons with the atmosphere and

#### Infrastructure and Interference

Ref. Number:	INF-1	Budget (k€):100		
Activity Title:	Radiofrequency interference risk asses SBSP systems: Part 1	Radiofrequency interference risk assessment and mitigation for SBSP systems: Part 1		
Objectives:	Identify the most high-risk technology (in space and on ground) that may be impacted by SBSP and recommend system characteristics that may avoid or mitigate the risk.			
Description:	Considering the range identified as most likely for SBSP systems $(1 - 10 \text{ GHz})$ , the following tasks shall be completed:			



Current TRL:	N/A	Target TRL: N/A	Duration (Months): 6
Deliverables:	Technical notes recommendations Final report	– preliminary risk	assessment and system
	interference from a conditions relevant • Assess the have on the likeliho • Define a ris technology (likeliho system architectur satellites)	• Propose solutions to minimise the risk of impact on other	

Ref. Number:	INF-2	Budget (k€):300		
Activity Title:	Radiofrequency (or other frequency) int and mitigation for SBSP systems: Part 2	Radiofrequency (or other frequency) interference risk assessment and mitigation for SBSP systems: Part 2		
Objectives:	be impacted by the proposed SBSP architec	Identify the most high-risk technology (in space and on ground) that may be impacted by the proposed SBSP architectures and recommend system adaptations or strategies that may avoid or mitigate the risk.		
Description:	<ul> <li>studies, identify existing technology at risk from interference caused by system, and define assumptions relevant to potential interference for</li> <li>Define a risk matrix for the result of technology (likelihood and severity).</li> <li>With particular focus on the application</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>This activity will include the following teaks:</li> <li>Using the SBSP system concepts identified in Phase 0 system studies, identify existing technology or applications that would be at risk from interference caused by the operation of each SBSP system, and define assumptions and boundary conditions relevant to potential interference for each case.</li> <li>Define a risk matrix for the result of SBSP interference with other technology (likelihood and severity).</li> <li>With particular focus on the applications identified as high-risk, estimate the expected interference conditions, and predict the impact on performance.</li> <li>Propose risk mitigation strategies.</li> </ul>		
Deliverables:	Technical notes – experimental development, implementation plan, interference prediction data Final report			

Ref. Number:	INF-3	Budget (k€):200
Activity Title:	Susceptibility of SBSP systems to e identification of mechanisms for improved	
Objectives:	Examine whether SBSP systems will b interference, quantify the risk posed to the sys strategies.	
Description:	This activity will include the following teaks:	



	may lead t natural sou Define the Predict the reference a	<ul> <li>Define scenarios and associated assumptions/conditions that may lead to interference from an intentional, unintentional, or natural source.</li> <li>Define the interference characteristics for each scenario.</li> <li>Predict the impact of the identified interference on the SBSP reference architectures performance and functionality.</li> <li>Propose and validate mitigation strategies.</li> </ul>		
Deliverables:	Technical notes – risk assessment, test plan Final report			
Current TRL:	N/A	Target TRL: N/A	Duration (Months): 12	

### Deployment and Environment

Ref. Number:	ENV-1 Budget (k€):300		
Activity Title:	Environmental impact assessment of SBSP deployment		
Objectives:			
Description:	Assess the environmental impact of deployment of SBSP across all phases of deployment lifecycle and assess the environmental impact in		



	known terre and the ap comparison displaced b	<ul> <li>Compare the environmental impact of SBSP deployment with known terrestrial energy systems (using both current LCA inputs and the application of the above proposed predictive inputs for comparison) and quantify the environmental impact that may be displaced by the deployment of SBSP.</li> <li>Parallel studies intended.</li> </ul>		
Deliverables:	Technical notes Final report			
Current TRL:	N/A	Target TRL: N/A	Duration (Months): 12	