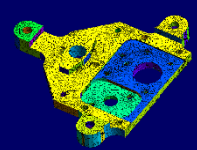


# A multi-format multi-geometry interface for Geant4/GRAS

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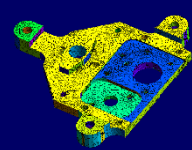
National Institute for Aerospace Technology – INTA





Recently, radiation engineering have to face new and demanding scenarios

- ⇒ Missions to severe environments that require a review/upgrade of models and methods
  - Jovian system (JUICE) – extreme energetic electrons
    - Internal charging problems or SeE (see R.Reed talk)
  - Near Sun (BepiColombo, Solar Orbiter) – High ion fluxes
- ⇒ High performance P/L increase the use of COTS and state-of-the-art technologies
- ⇒ More complex radiation analyses are demanded, not only average quantities
  - Background signal, detector simulation, device response, secondary production, activation, etc
- ⇒ Coupling with other physics simulations tools, e.g.,
  - SPIS – Spacecraft Plasma Interaction Simulation tool
  - TCAD – For device simulation



But.... “traditional” engineering methodologies hardly address them (they cannot)

⇒ They are still based in very simple 1D models or 3D sector analysis

- Mission specifications use SHIELDOSE-like calculations or Sector Shielding
- In the best case, S/C primes only provide averaged 6-faces equivalent shielding data

⇒ Is Geant4 an alternative to cover these new challenges? It could be but...

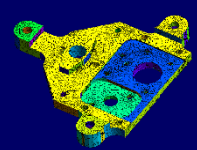
- Still 3D modelling for particle propagation is not a common at industry level.
- Conservative simple analysis are preferred by most System Engineers or PMs.
- Even if 3D analyses are performed....there are no clear guidelines
- Almost no discussion is included in design standards, nor policies or applicable margins are defined.
- There's no common way to exchange radiation information between different teams: S/C ↔ PL

## “The I/F’s problem”

- No standard geometrical I/Fs with other engineering design tools.

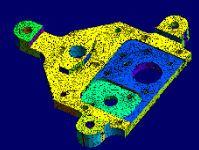
## “The CAD problem”





## The I/F's Problem

- ⇒ Space projects are participated by large consotiums, including R&D institutes, prime companies, SMEs, agencies, etc.
  - Each partner is responsible of part of the problem ... part of the design
  
- ⇒ However, there's no analogue interfacing solution as used in other engineering domains, e.g.:
  - Thermal analysis → S/C provides thermal I/Fs to P/L
  - Mechanical analysis → Loads at system I/F
  
- ⇒ Unless we have full mission visibility (unusual), it is needed
  - A way to exchange radiation boundary conditions between different design levels
  - From top S/C down to P/L parts.
  - Define a standard methodology to do it.



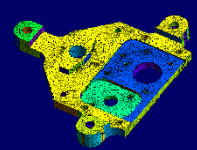
## The CAD Problem

- ⇒ Interfacing with engineering tools (CAD/CAE, TCAD) is not solved
- ⇒ Several approaches to the problem but...
  - Based on STEP to Tessellated conversion. High Mem and CPU consuming
  - No native CSGs used.
  - No material/properties included.
  - Requires the users to manually review, edit and adapt the geometry externally
- ⇒ So far, only a couple of integrated tools (Fastrad, Esabase2) provide...
  - CAD/CAE importing and editing capabilities.
  - Export/import to Geant4 (via GDML).
  - But still not complete. Not part of the Geant4 collaboration, Not free. Not open

Then...should Geant4 implement a native solution?

A native CAD importer?





ESA has been supporting a series of activities towards an integrated solution:

- ELSHIELD → Coupling of Geant4 and plasma tools. Improving EM models  
→ Combining Geant4 GDML with SPIS 3D Meshed geometries
- REST-SIM → An integrated framework to perform G4-based radiation simulations.



## CIRSOS Project

**C**ollaborative → Allow multiple teams to work concurrently on the same radiation 3D model

**I**terative → Allow the continuous review and upgrade of the models along project phases

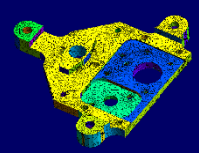
**R**adiation **S**hielding → Including all engineering radiation analysis capabilities

**O**ptimization **S**ystem → Parametric analysis, optimization capabilities

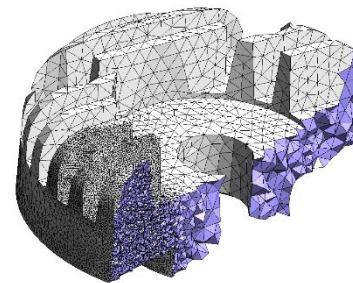
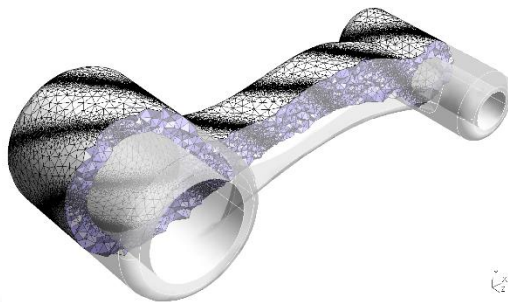
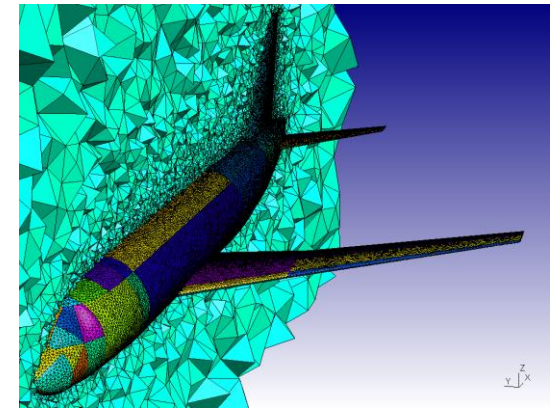
Cirsos will provide a first solution to

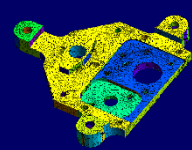
- The I/Fs problem → Phase Space files + 2-stage simulation
- The CAD problem → **Multi-format/multi-geometry builder**





- ⇒ Allow different file-formats (and also provide an easy way to extend it to future file-formats)
- ⇒ No re-coding a new set of parsers!! Use existing tools!!
- ⇒ During ELSHIELD the Gmsh tool was identified as a good candidate as...
  - It is open-source, GPL v2. It is part of ESA's SPIS tool
  - C++ library (and also executable + GUI)
  - Included I/Fs to STEP, IGES, BREP (importing based on OpenCascade)
  - Many other formats supported (STL, VRML, BDF, VTK,...)
  - Use NetGen and TetGen for meshing (2D and 3D)
  - Easy and powerful viewer integrated





## ⇒ File-formats tested and included in this Multi-Format interface:

- GDML
- Gmsh 3D tetrahedral mesh

} Geant4 “native”  
} Based on Gmsh specification. Developed during ELSHIELD. Use G4Tets

- CIF for TCAD layouts  
(using G4 CSGs, no mesh, no tessellation)

} Developed internally at INTA

- STEP (3D or 2D tessellation)
- STL (tessellation)

} Using Gmsh library. In development for CIRSOS

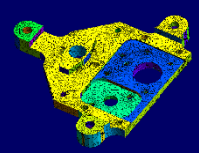
## ⇒ Other formats under test:

- IGES, Nastran BDF, VRML, ...

} Will require the Gmsh library

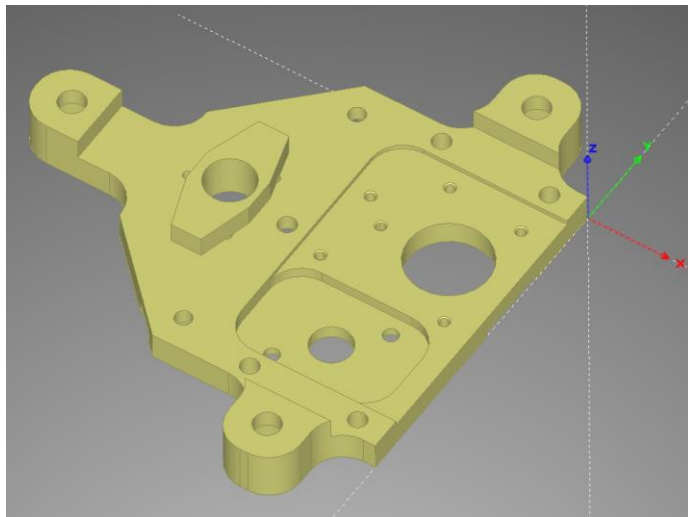
⇒ All these formats don't include material information (except GDML).  
Specific UI commands have been added





Using an external application (FASTRAD):

- Import original STEP file. Uses surface tessellation (algorithm?)
- Export to GDML. Uses G4TessellatedSolid

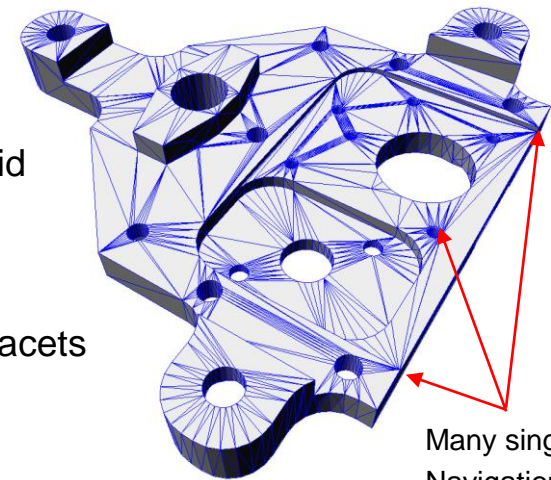


Original STEP

G4TessellatedSolid



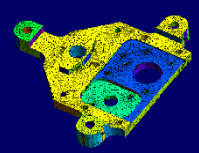
4725 Triangular Facets



Many singular points?  
Navigation problems?

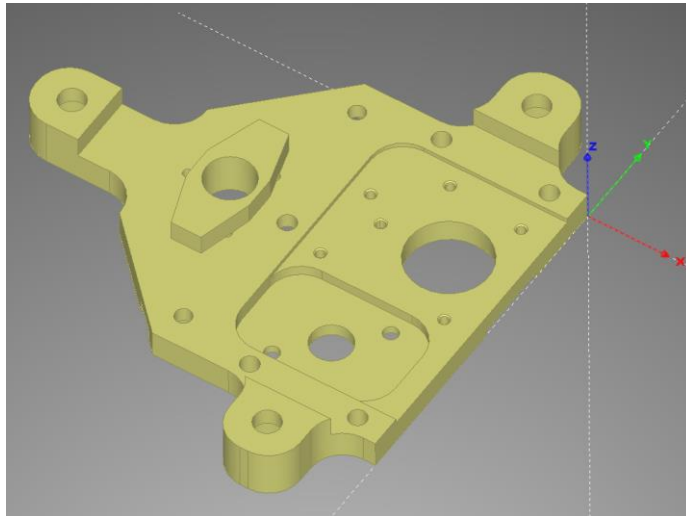
GDML Model

As loaded in Geant4/GRAS



## Using Gmsh C++ API in Geant4/GRAS

- Direct import of STEP file
- Volume surface is 2D Meshed. Using “MeshAdapt” algorithm
- Conversion to G4TessellatedSolid

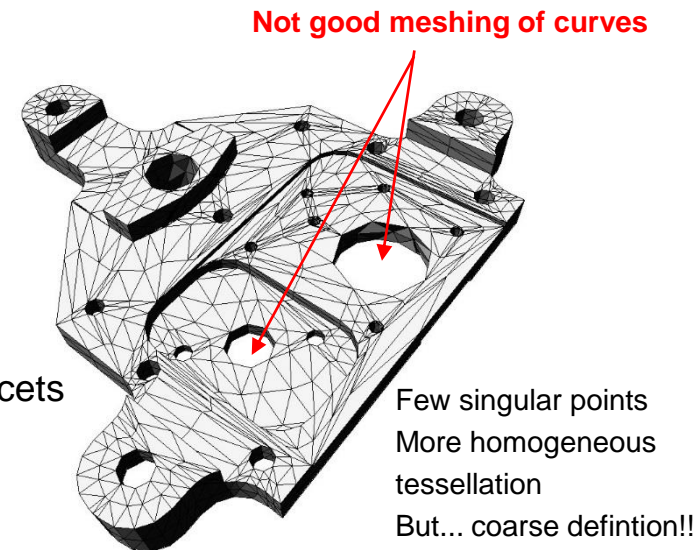


Original STEP

G4TessellatedSolid

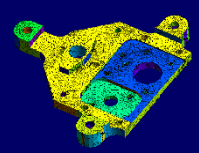


5124 Triangular Facets



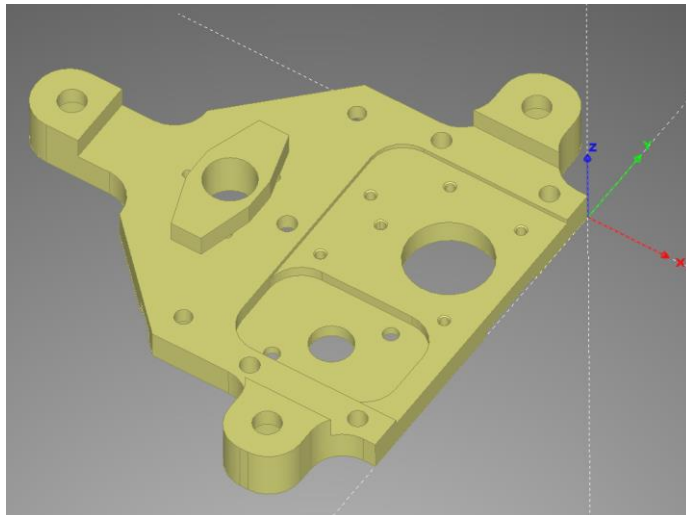
Meshed Model

As loaded in Geant4/GRAS



## Using Gmsh C++ API in Geant4/GRAS

- Direct import of a STEP file
- Volume surface is 2D Meshed. “MeshAdapt” algorithm **refined**
- Converted to G4Tessellated Solid

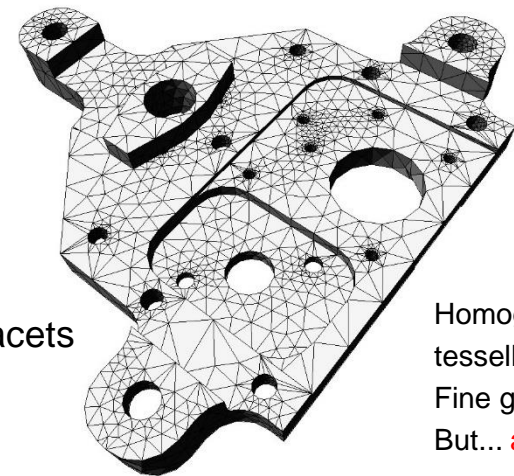


Original STEP

G4TessellatedSolid



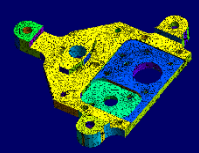
10852 Triangular Facets



Homogeneous  
tessellation  
Fine geometry  
But... **at high cost!!**

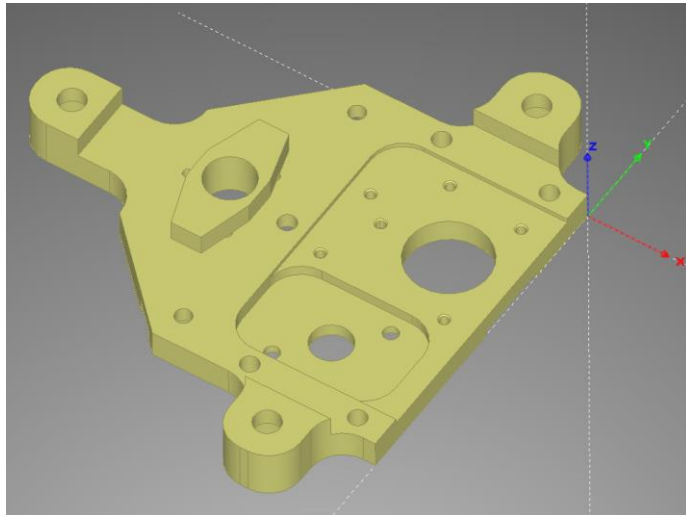
Meshed Model

As loaded in Geant4/GRAS



## Using Gmsh C++ API in Geant4/GRAS

- Direct import of a STEP
- Volume surface is 2D and 3D meshed (**Delaunay algorithm**)
- Converted to G4Tessellated Solid and/or **G4Tet's**



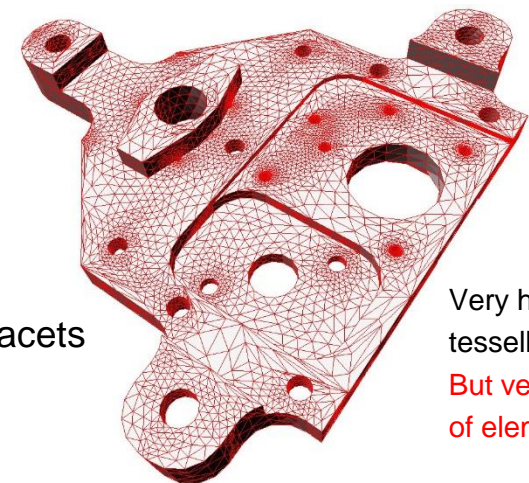
Original STEP

G4TessellatedSolid



**20824** Triangular Facets

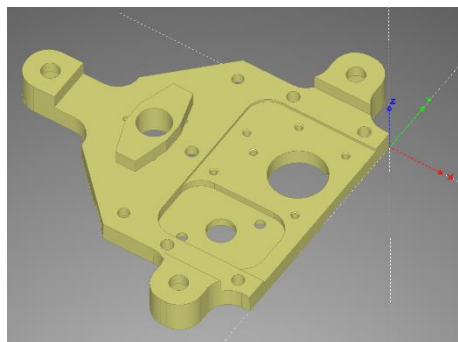
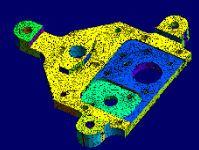
**102608** Tetrahedra



Very homogeneous  
tessellation  
**But very high num  
of elements**

Meshed Model

As loaded in Geant4

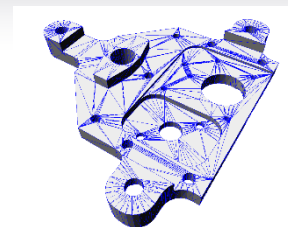


Original STEP

Fastrad w/ GDML



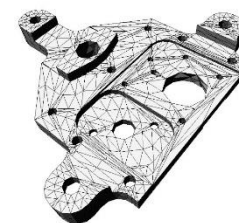
G4TessellatedSolid  
4725 Triangular Facets  
Fine Tessellation



Gmsh  
MeshAdapt



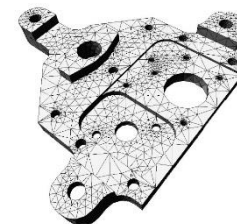
G4TessellatedSolid  
5124 Triangular Facets  
**Coarse** tessellation



Gmsh  
MeshAdapt  
Refined



G4TessellatedSolid  
**10852** Triangular Facets  
Fine Tessellation

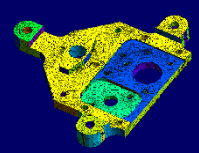


Gmsh  
Dealunay  
Refined



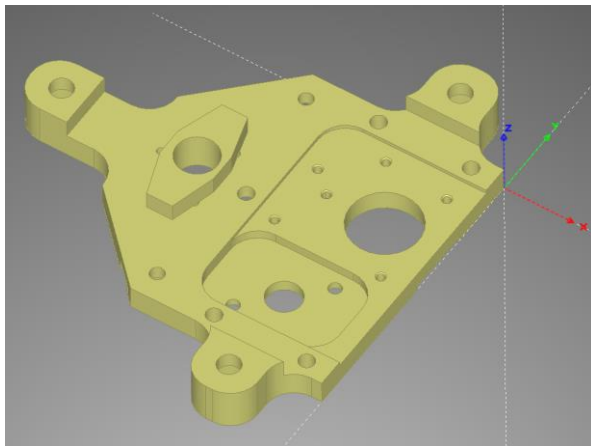
**20824** Triangular Facets  
**102608** Tetrahedra  
Very fine tessellation





Is it possible in Gmsh to import a STEP file with:

- fine meshing? Fitting curves with a good approximation?
- a low number of facets?
- 2D triangular tessellation?
- and 3D tetrahedral mesh?

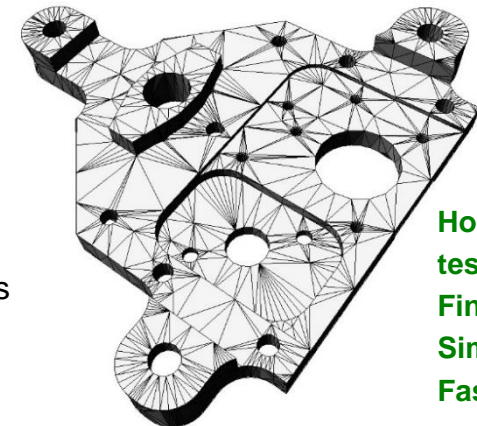


Original STEP

**YES**  
Adapting Gmsh  
parameters



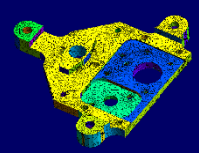
**5256** Triangular Facets  
Or  
**11054** G4Tets



**Homogeneous  
tessellation  
Fine geometry  
Similar cost as  
Fastrad**

Meshed Model

As loaded in Geant4



## Using GMSH C++ API in Geant4/GRAS

- Direct import of a STL
- Volume is already 2D mesh. Uses the STL facets
- Converted to a G4TessellatedSolid



Original STL

No meshing, just loading  
And conv. to G4Tessellated

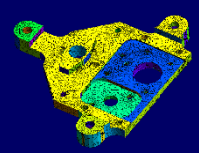


4090 Triangles

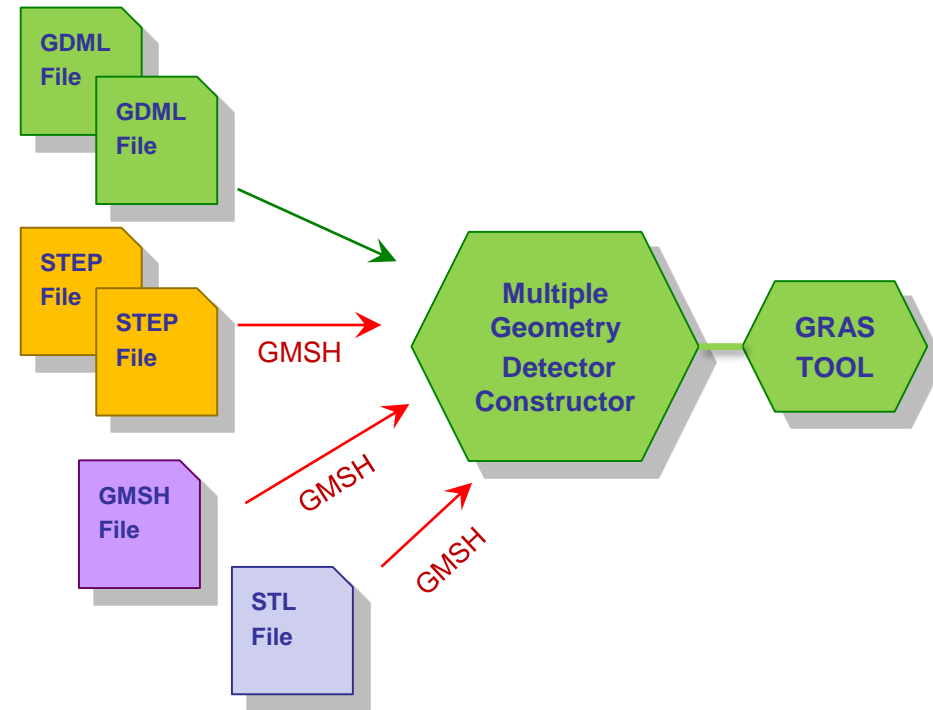


Meshed Solid

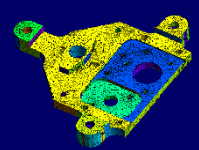
As loaded in Geant4



- ⇒ Load several geometry files at same time
- ⇒ Combine them coherently
- ⇒ Fulfil the “collaborative” requirement
  - Combining parts or assemblies developed by independent teams
  - Solving the problem of re-importing of parts, editing, combining and re-exporting to G4 each time a part is changed







- Each new geometry is loaded, parsed and converted to G4.
- Its world volume is removed. Top level volumes are re-positioned inside a new mother.
- Containing world dimensions are re-calculated

```

/gras/geometry/type multi

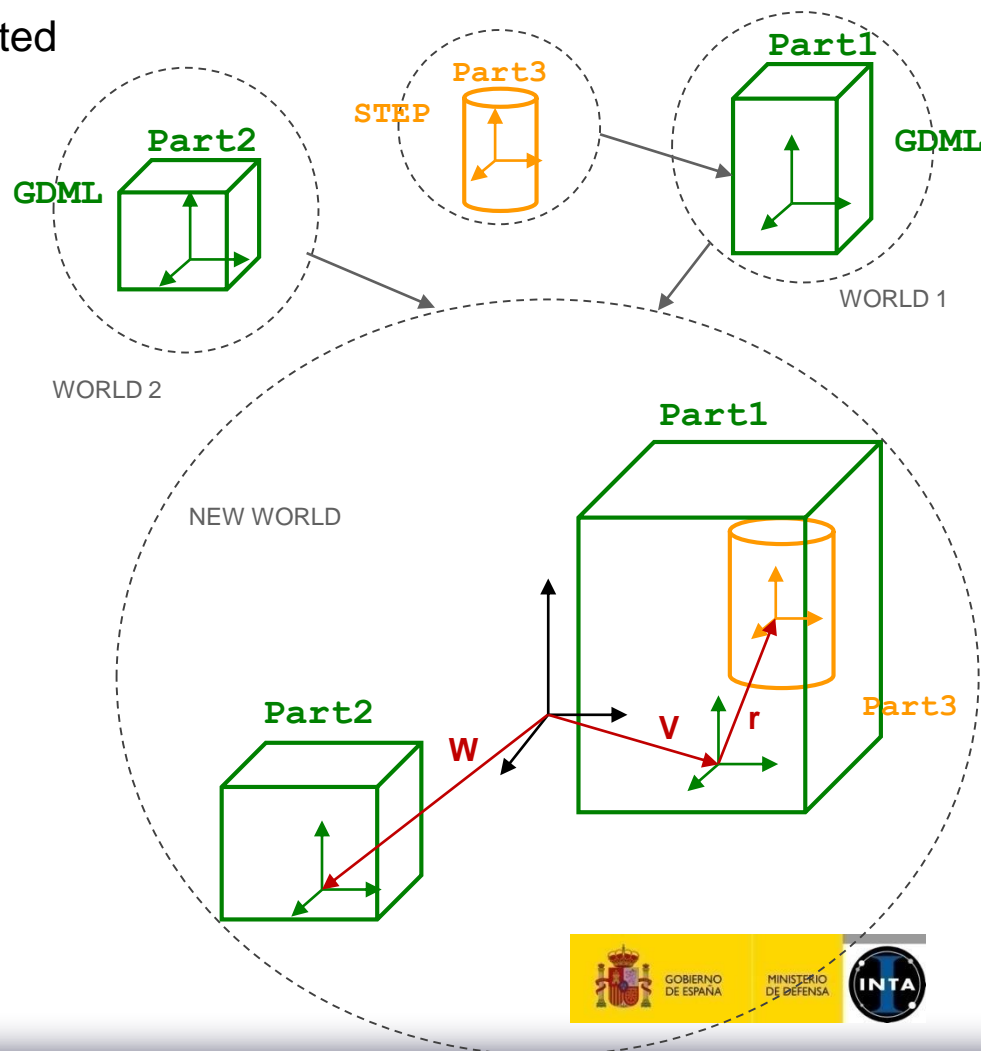
/gras/multi/addNewPart Part1
/gras/multi/Part1/type gdml
/gras/multi/Part1/file part1.gdml
/gras/multi/Part1/setMotherVol 0
/gras/multi/Part1/setPosition V_x V_y V_z mm

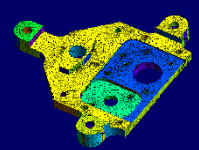
/gras/multi/addNewPart Part2
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/gras/multi/Part2/setMotherVol 0
/gras/multi/Part2/setPosition W_x W_y W_z mm

/gras/multi/addNewPart Part3
/gras/multi/Part3/type step
/gras/multi/Part3/file part3.stp
/gras/multi/Part3/... /*STEP commands*/
/gras/multi/Part3/setMotherVol part1
/gras/multi/Part3/setPosition r_x r_y r_z mm

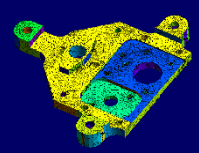
```

[...OTHER PARTS...]





- ⇒ A new alternative for the CAD I/F problem is under development
  - Based on Gmsh library using 2D and 3D meshing
  - Integrated in Geant4/GRAS as new set of UI commands
  - Capable of importing a wide number of CAD formats
  - Converting solids to both G4Tesselated and/or a mesh of G4Tets
  
- ⇒ Additionally, a multi-geometry I/F is also provided
  - Capable of loading and combining geometrical models with same/different format
  
- ⇒ Expected release as part of GRAS → Summer 2014
  - It can be also used in any G4 application as Detector Construction
  - Requirement → install Gmsh library and devel packages



Multi-format  
Multi-geometry  
Interface

