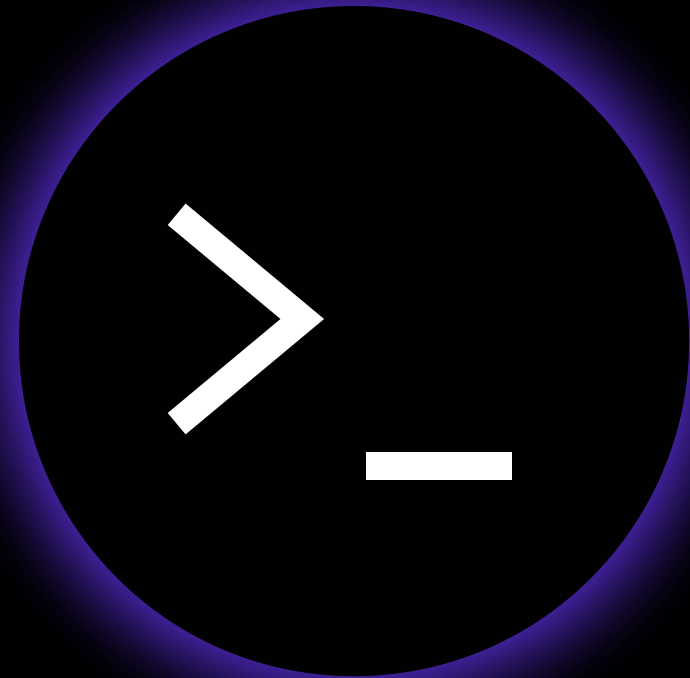


Beyond Data Handling: Edge computing micro-Datacenters



Ran Ginosar (Ramon.Space) & David Steenari (ESA)
EDHPC 2025

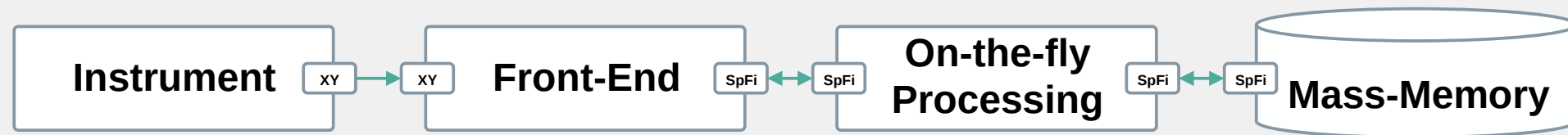
Outline

- Data Handling
- Beyond Data Handling
- The Edge Datacenter

Data Handling (DH)

>_ DH driven by use cases for EO/Remote Sensing/Science

Real-time
pre-process

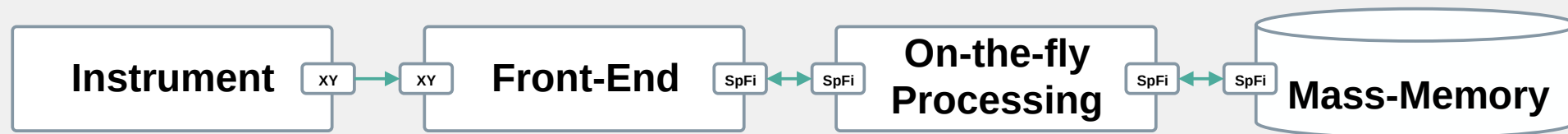


Real-time
post-process

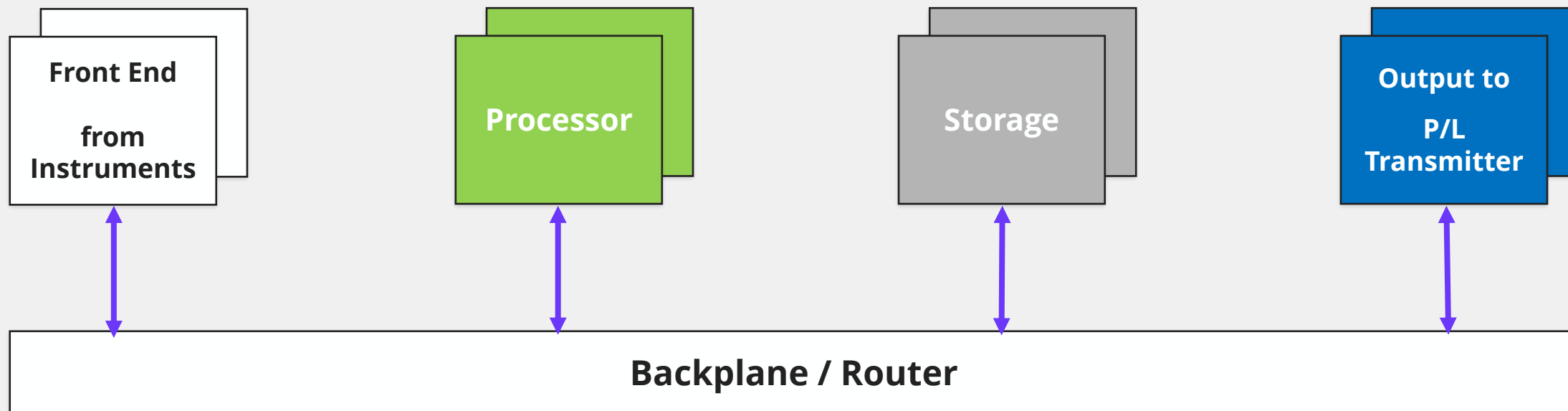


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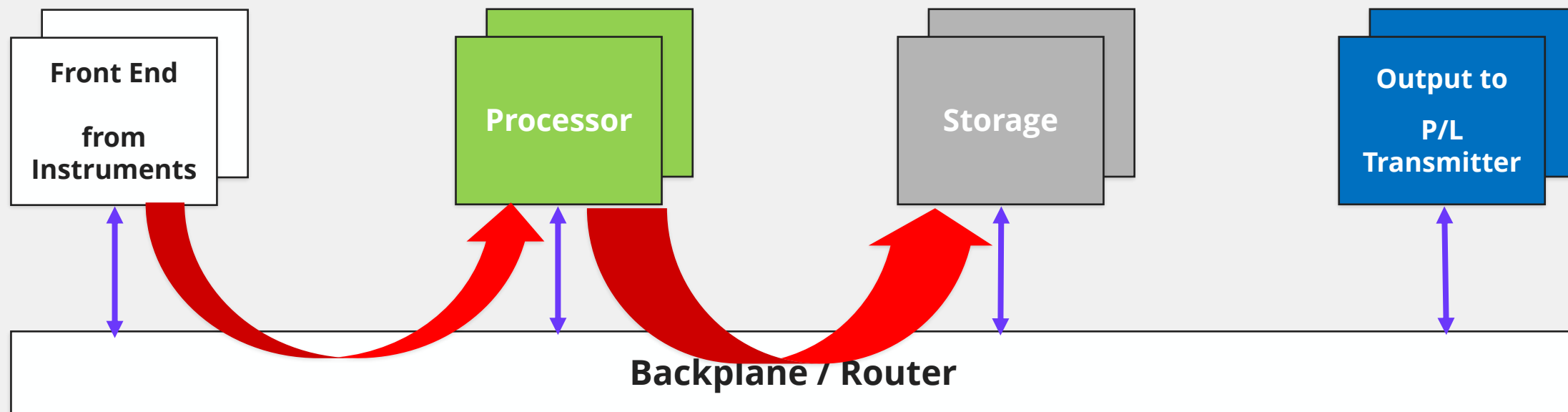
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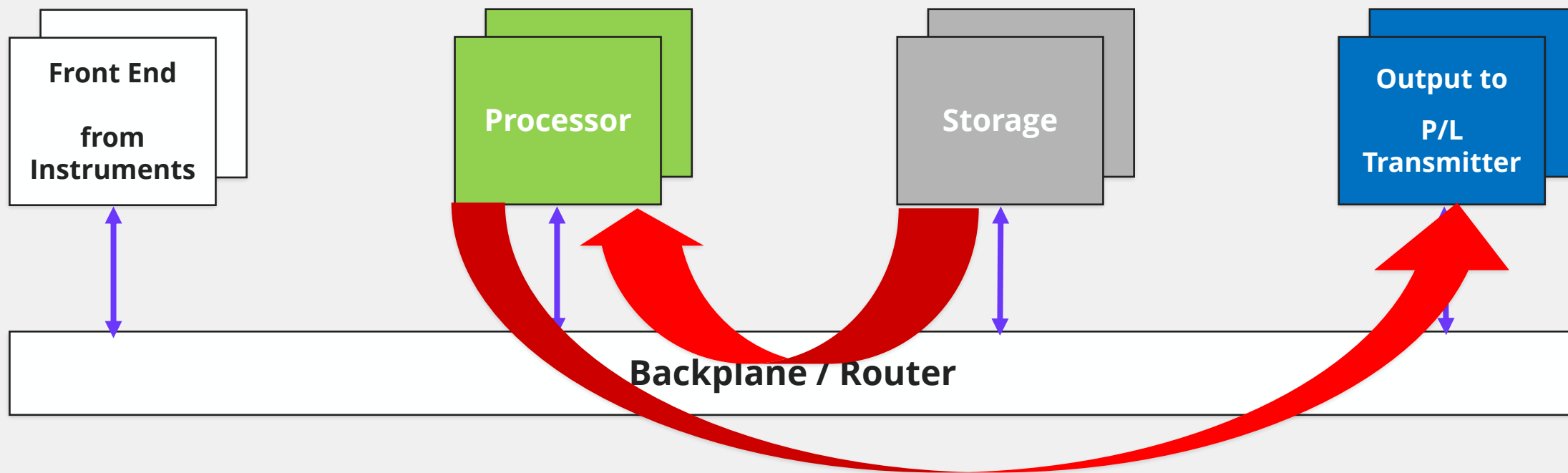
Real-time
post-process



>_ Potential bottlenecks on pre-processing



>_ Potential bottlenecks on post-processing



>_ DH architecture challenges

- Potential bottlenecks
- Hard to scale
 - Adding more cards is limited
 - Adding more cards may not eliminate bottlenecks
 - Instead, continuously seeking new technology for components and interconnect
- Inflexible connectivity
 - Not every card fits in every slot
- Limited reconfigurability
 - Designed to perform pre-planned use cases
- Many types of cards / slots / sockets
 - Limited economically

>_ But there is hope!

- Similar issues were encountered in terrestrial edge computing
- Solution:
 - Edge datacenters
 - Inspired by core / large datacenters (“hyper-scalers”)
- Similar evolution can be applied to space computing

Beyond Data Handling

>_ Trends in Space computing (it's the economy, ...)

Exploding demand for on-board compute	AI, DSP, telecom, networking Need heterogeneous processors Need very large storage

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StarLink:
200 Kg → 2 Ton

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Technology & security	Smart FDIR enables COTS HW & SW Strong (AI enabled) security enables Terrestrial SW and mitigates adversarial cyber attacks

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>_ Outcome of trend analysis

- Need compute architecture that
 - Addresses the exploding demand
 - Enables distributed, SW-defined, virtualized compute
 - Flexible & scalable
 - Enables lower cost (mass produced) solutions
 - Embraces terrestrial fast-paced progress (AI, SW)

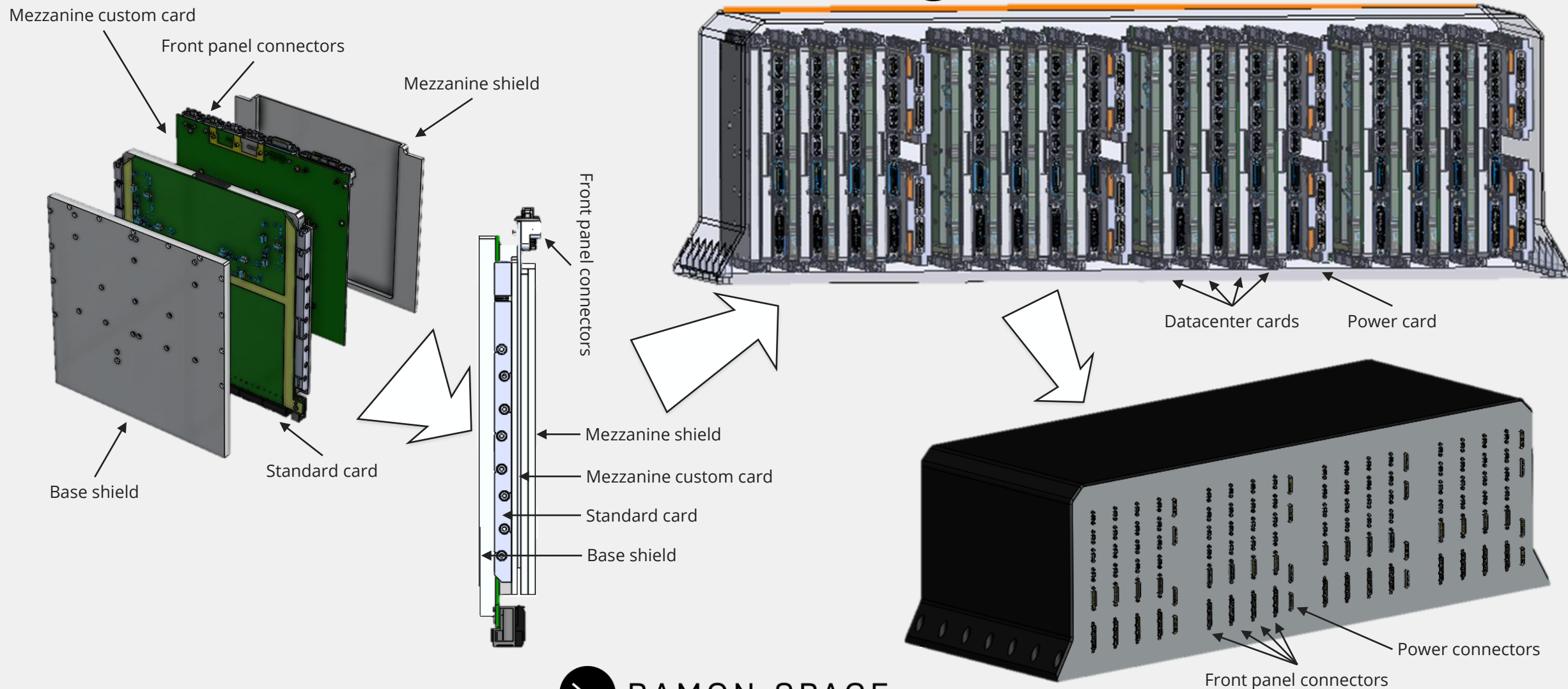
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- Such an architecture already exists: *The Edge Datacenters*
 - Successfully applied and employed on Earth

Disaggregated, network-centric edge datacenter

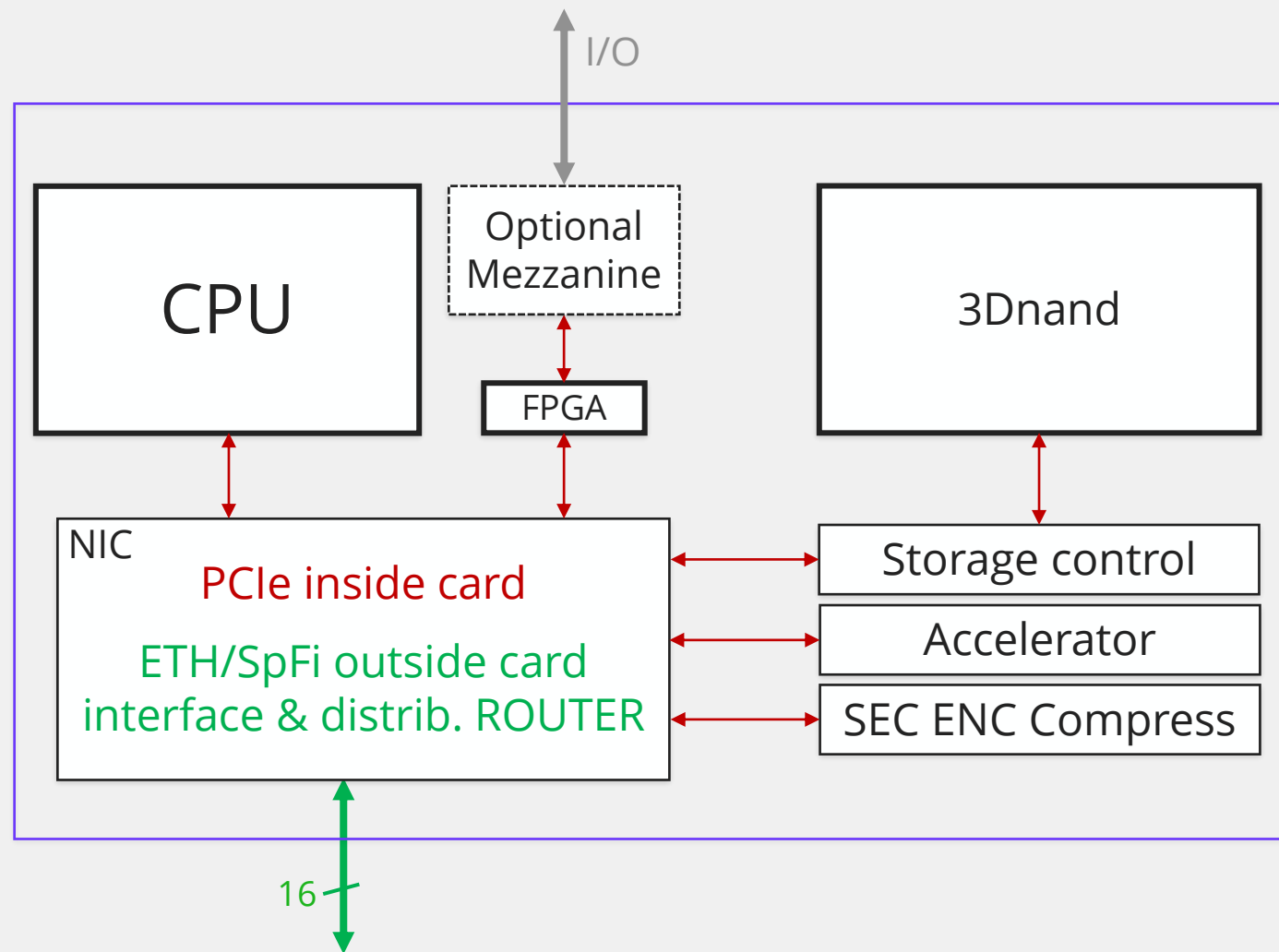
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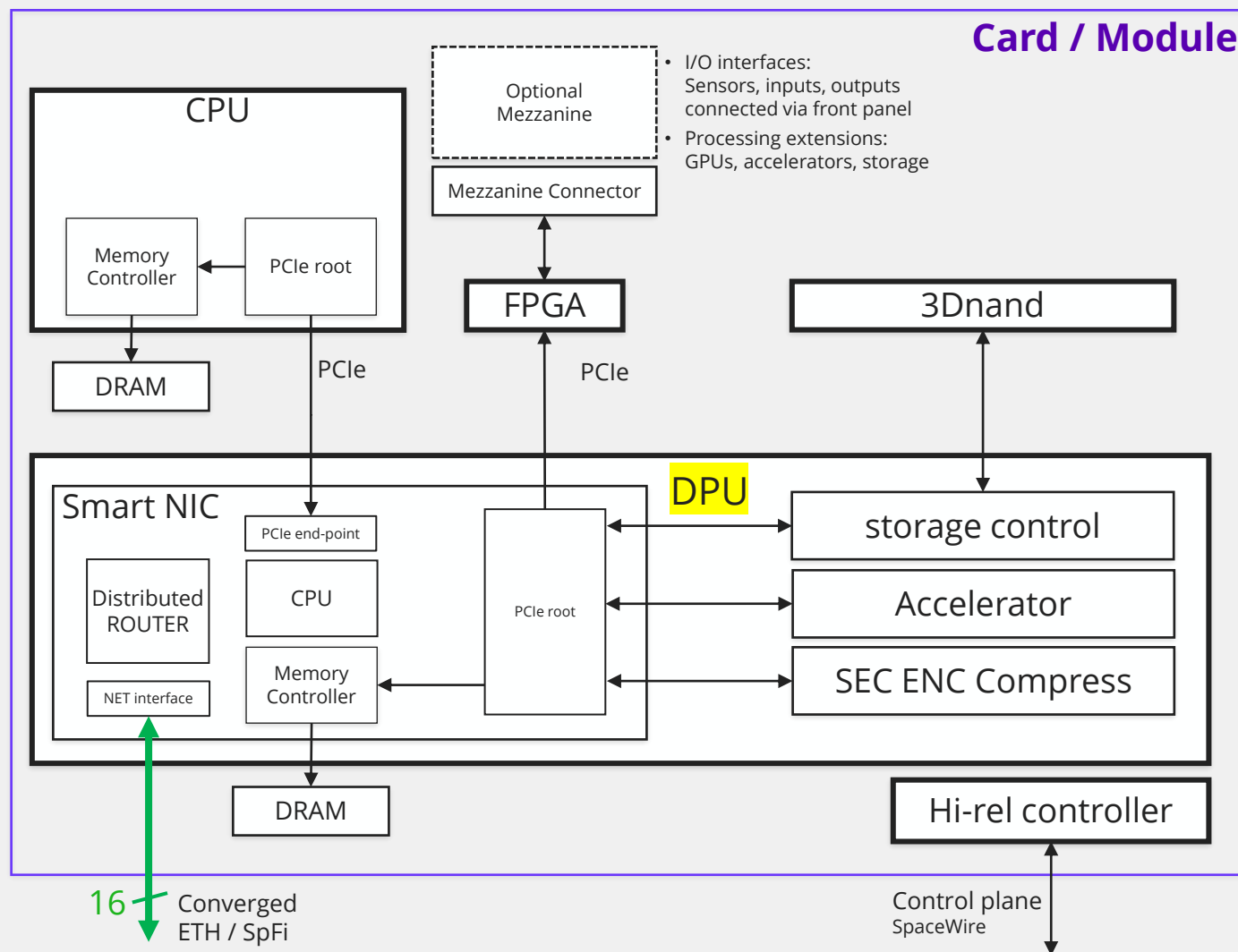
>_ The standard datacenter card



- Each standard card contains everything
- SDN by NIC
- RDMA (direct card-to-card access)



Deeper dive into the standard card: **DPU**

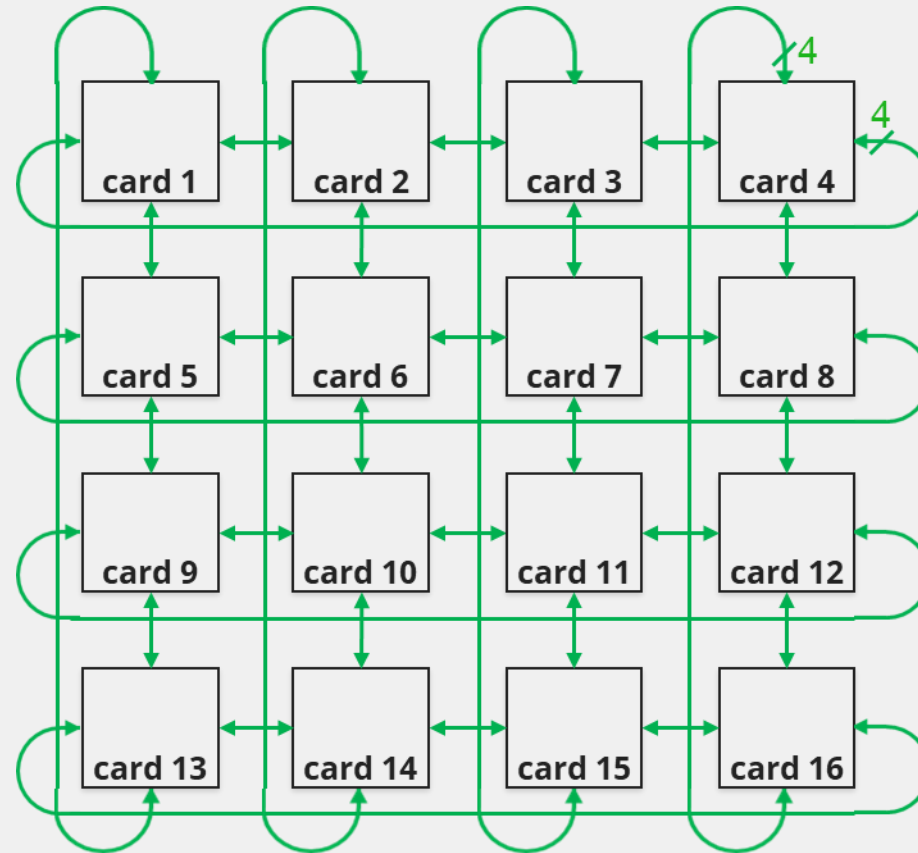


DPU combines:

- Interface to CPU
- Smart-NIC
- PCIe root
- SSD controller
- GPU/accelerator
- Interface to FPGA

Any device on the card can access other devices either on same card or, thru ETH/SpFi, on other cards. Including remote access to memories.

>_ The Physical Network: 4—connected 2D torus



- SDN can implement any topology on top of the physical network
- Extensive redundancy
- Massive parallelism eliminates bottlenecks

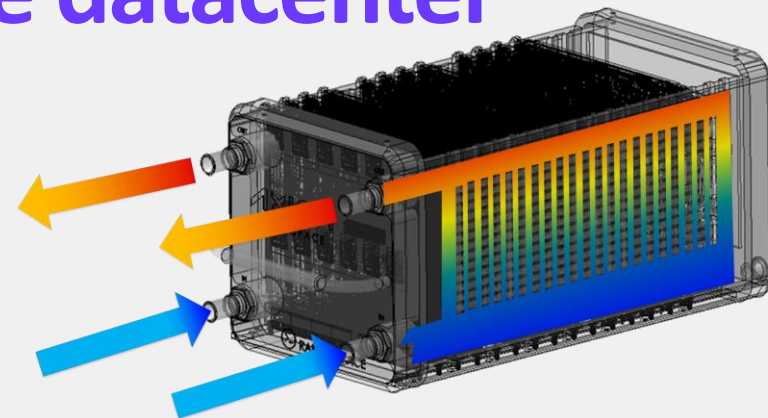
Summary

>_ On-board DH → On-board edge datacenter

- Natural evolution of Space computing
- Follows wisdom of terrestrial core & edge computing
- Execution of users' applications
- Mass production → low cost for constellations
- Lower cost & risk, shorter schedule for integrators and users
- Standard architecture → can use standard SW
- Scalable in orbit

>_ Challenges en route to on-board edge datacenter

- Large, high power thermo-mechanical design
- Security
- HiRel controllers, networks, health management & FDIR
- COTS adoption, protocol converters
- New design of a smart network
- Ruggedized Linux & other SW



Thank You

Ran Ginosar (ran.ginosar@ramon.space)

David Steenari (david.Steenari@esa.int)

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