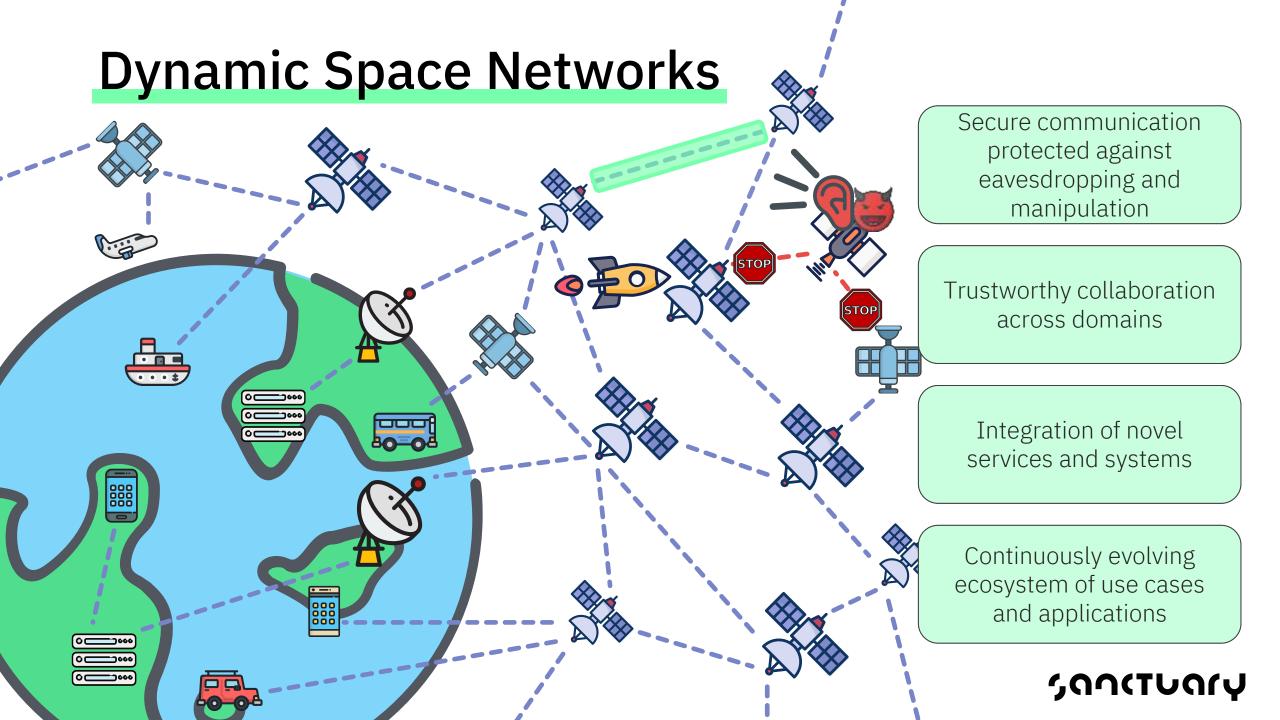
SHED-SPKI: Scalable Public Key Infrastructure for Large Constellation Secure Communications

Dr.-Ing. Ferdinand Brasser

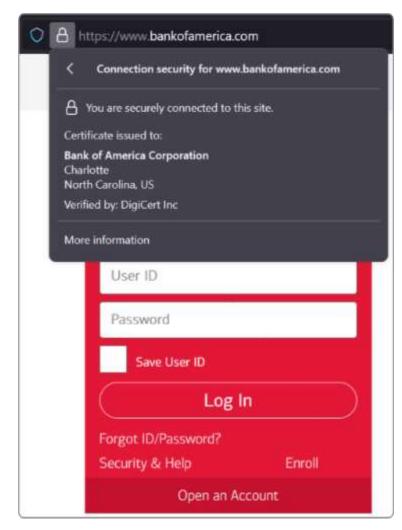






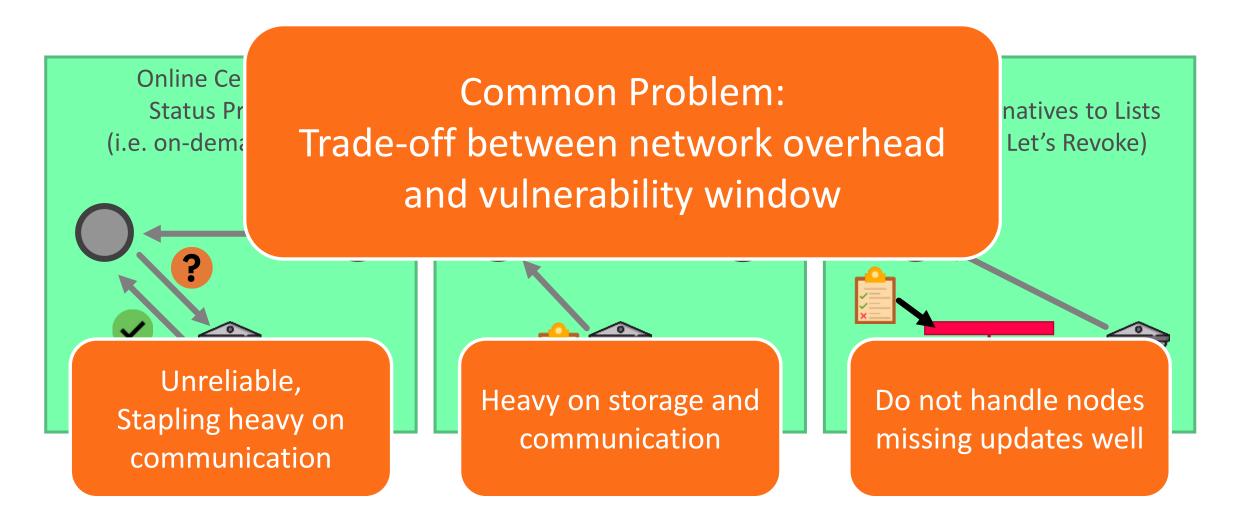
Scalable Secure Communication

- Asymmetric cryptography enables secure communication without pre-shared keys
 - Public keys can be shared openly over untrusted channels
 - Symmetric session key established via handshake protocol
- Handshake relying on the correct public key
 - Ensuring authenticity and integrity of public keys is essential
 - Handshake protocol needs to be efficient
- Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) provides an internetproven trust framework
- TLS1.3 provides a standardized and flexible handshake protocol



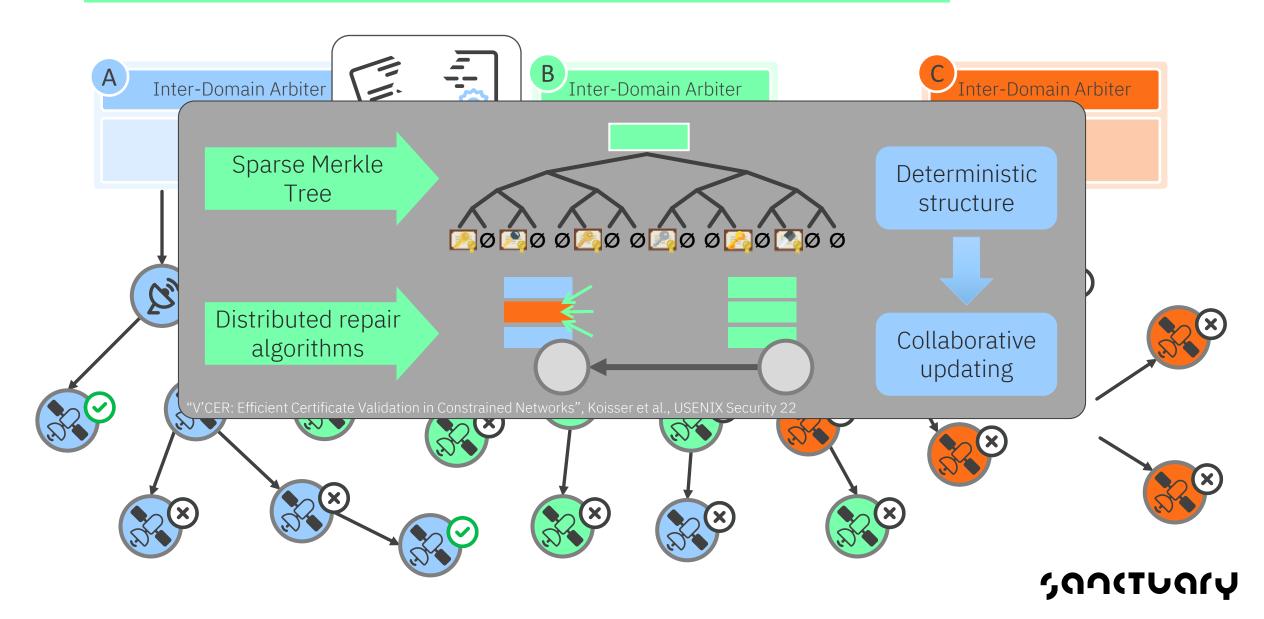


Existing Revocation Checks





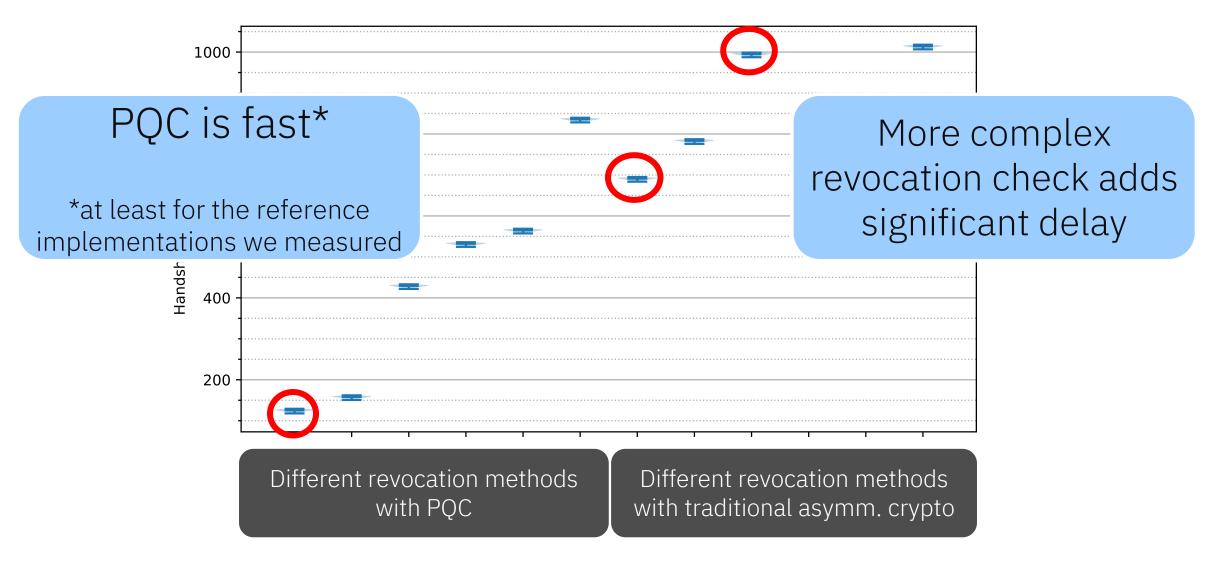
Scalable PKI: Epidemic Revocation



Experiments and KPIs

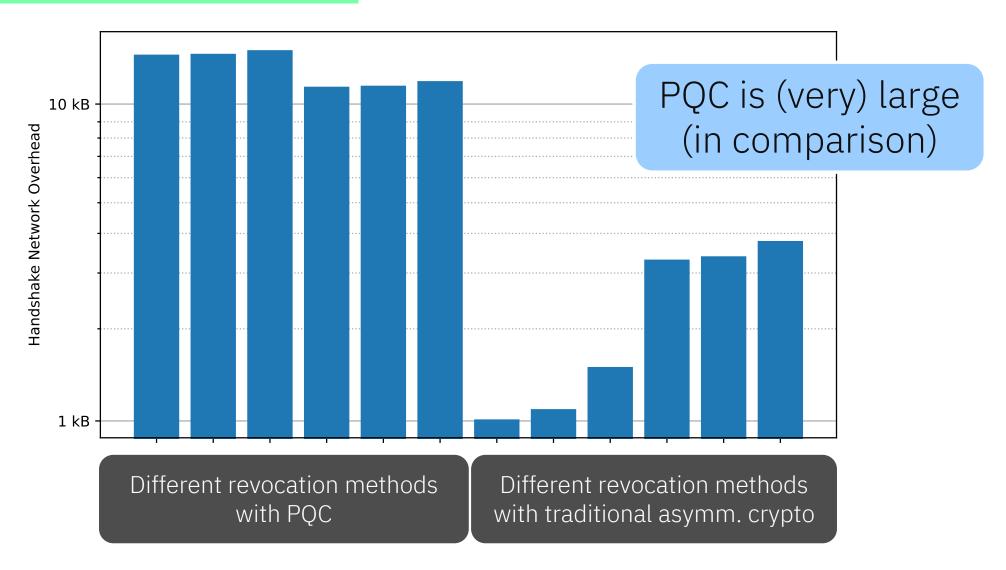


Handshake Delay





Handshake Bytes





CyberCUBE Experiments

TLS 1.3 with Mutual Authentication

- Measure the performance of a full TLS 1.3 handshake between the satellite and the ground station.
- Metrics: Computational time
 Memory usage
 Processing load

Cryptographic Primitives

- Assess the performance of classical and PQC algorithms in core cryptographic operations
- Operations: Key generation

Signing

Signature verification

Key exchange

Revocation Strategies and Operations

- Evaluate the efficiency of certificate revocation mechanisms
- Operations: Verification of Merkle Tree Proof-of-Inclusion (Pol)
 Application of Pol revocation updates
 Processing of Let's Revoke Updates



Fuzzing

Security Designs

Attestation

IP Protection

Secure Boot

Public Key Infrastructures

SBOM

CVE Scanning

Real-time Hypervisor

OT Asset Management

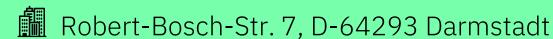
Arm TrustZone

TPM

Zero Trust Concepts

SOUTHOLY

SANCTUARY Systems GmbH



www.sanctuary.dev

in www.linkedin.com/company/sanctuary-dev/