



USING AADL TO SUPPORT AVIONICS ARCHITECTURE REFINEMENT AND SELECTION

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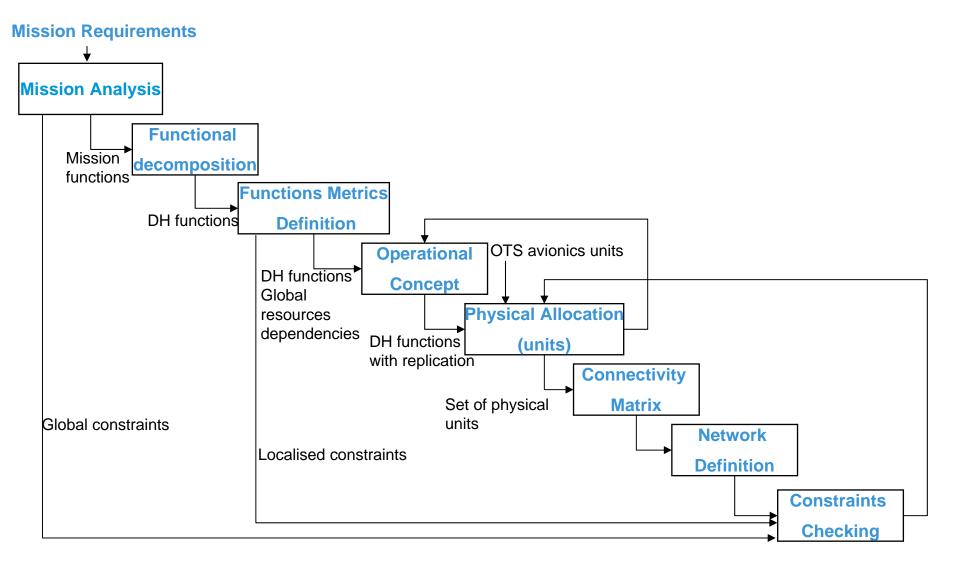
Outline

- The method for avionics architecture selection
- AADL
- "ARAM" Study
- "Guidelines for the Selection of Architectures" Study
- Feedback





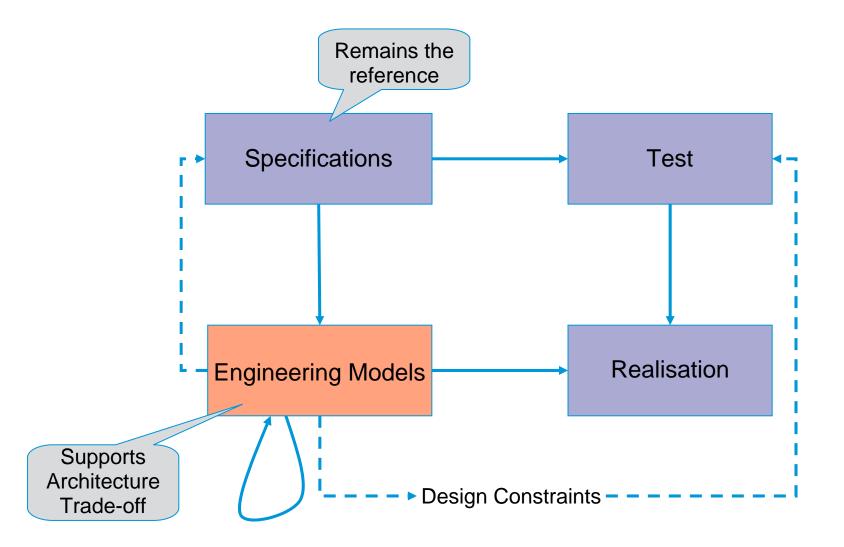
Avionics Architecture Selection Method







Process Considerations





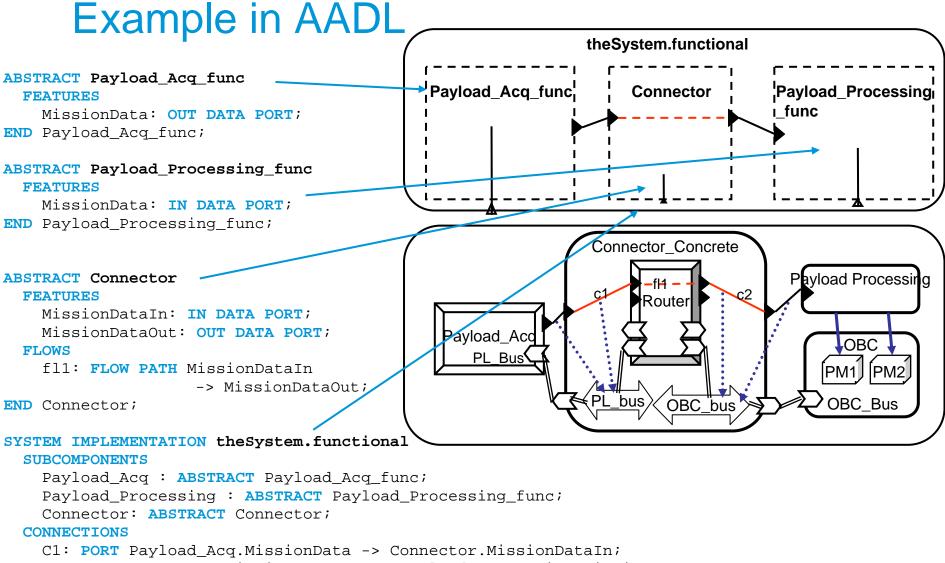


AADL Overview

- Architecture description language standardized by the SAE
 - v1 in 2004, v2 in 2009
- AADL model
 - 14 component categories in v2 (10 categories in v1)
 - Software: process, subprogram, subprogram group, data, thread, thread group
 - Platform: processor, virtual processor, memory, device, bus, virtual bus
 - Composite: system
 - Abstract: abstract
 - Textual and graphical syntax
 - Composition, interconnection
 - Two levels of description: type and implementation
 - Reconfiguration through operational modes
 - Mechanisms for refinement & architectural patterns
 - Inheritance
 - Abstract components and features
 - Extensible through properties and annexes
 - For analysis, code generation, ...







```
C2: PORT Connector.MissionDataOut -> Payload_Processing.MissionData;
```

```
END theSystem.functional;
```





ARAM

Objectives

- Support for the SAVOIR group
 - Consortium of ESA and space industry
 - Definition of avionics architecture reference
- Investigation of AADL modelling
 - How to represent the reference architecture in AADL (generic architecture patterns)
 - Assessment of existing tools (modelling & validation)

Case study

GAIA Payload

Tools

- REAL (Requirements Enforcement and Analysis Language)
 - Definition of theorems
 - Computation engine to inspect the AADL model and check it against the theorems
- Objective to develop gateways to external validation tools (FDIR, RAMS, resources dimensioning) → COMPASS





Guidelines for the Selection of Architectures

Objectives

- Formalization of a process for DH architecture refinement and selection
- Implementation of the defined process using AADL
- Demonstration on real-scale case study
- Case study
 - Complete Solar Orbiter Data Handling Architecture
- Tools
 - Used: ADELE4.3.1 (graphical editor), OSATE2.0 (textual editor), Topcased-Req (traceability between textual requirements and model)
 - Identified
 - Power & mass analysis
 - Reliability and availability analyses
 - Resources analysis (memory and CPU load)
 - Data latency: coarse (based on latency annotations on flow paths) and fine-grained (based on behavioural descriptions of components)
 - Bus load: coarse (based and bandwidth budgets on flow paths and capacities) and fine-grained (to support for example the frame definition)
 - Design consistency and correctness checks





Feedback

AADL language

- Clean support for avionics architecture refinement
 - Including allocation of abstract functions to HW or SW components
- Annotations for analyses
 - Proposals of sets of AADL properties to support the suggested analyses
- Identification of design patterns for each step in the process
- Identification of necessary improvements
 - Inheritance mechanisms
 - Flow paths

Tools

- The editors are not mature enough
- Constraints checking tools for AADL models are not sufficient
- "AADL-like" languages focusing on specific analysis aspects → bridges?, merging?

Conclusions and open questions

- Currently AADL cannot be operationally used for avionics architecture refinement and trade-off analyses (no library of characterized components, not mature enough tools)
- If the above issues are solved, AADL is perceived as a good candidate for capturing in a central repository all the information necessary for performing architectural tradeoffs
- How to transition to the SW and HW design processes?