



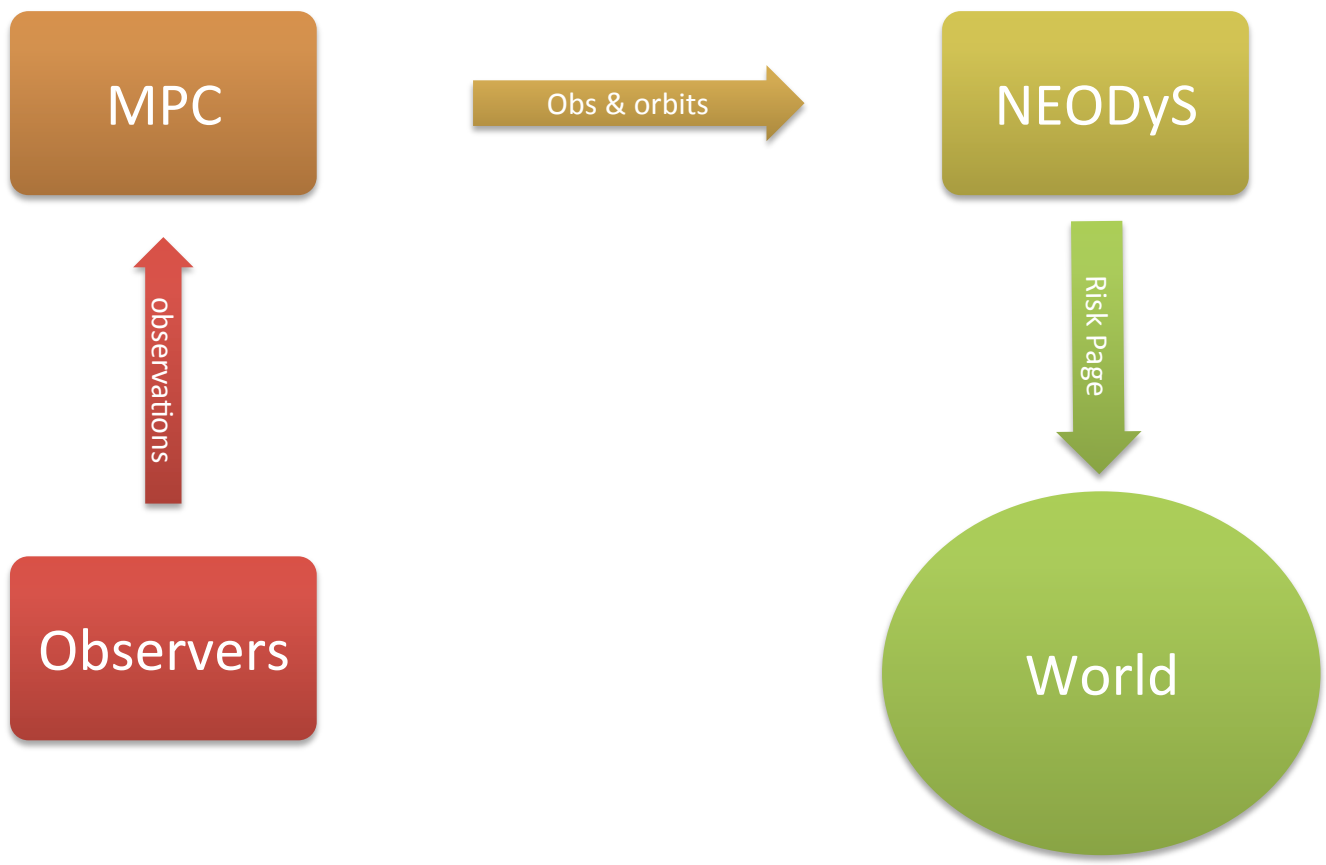
NEODyS (and AstDyS and Priority List) Data Provision

Fabrizio Bernardi
CEO of SpaceDyS

- **NEODyS** is a web based service and stands for Near Earth Objects Dynamic Site: <http://newton.dm.unipi.it/neodys>
- **NEODyS** provides information on the **IMPACT PROBABILITY** of Near Earth Objects (NEOs), typically for an horizon of 100 years
- The most important output is the **Risk Page**: <http://newton.dm.unipi.it/neodys2/index.php?pc=4.0> where a list of NEOs (**459** on Nov 17th) with some chances of hitting the Earth within the next century is posted for the public
- Only **JPL@NASA** provides a similar service with **SENTRY**
- **NEODyS** team has a technological leadership in Europe (and world)

- **NEODyS** was born in 1999 at the Dep. of Mathematics of the University of Pisa (Italy), within the Celestial Mechanics Group (**CMG**) lead by Prof. **Andrea Milani**
- The main **motivation** was the **absence** of a rigorous and systematic method for computing on a daily basis the probability that an asteroid is hitting the Earth
- The **1997XF11** case was a PR disaster, just for the lack of a well established system to perform such computations

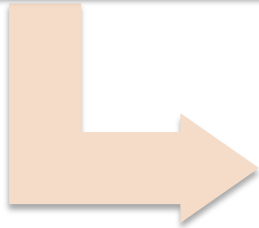
- Since 1999 **NEODyS** is processing astrometric data of Near Earth Objects (NEOs) provided by the **Minor Planet Center**, the official entity supported by the International Astronomical Union (**IAU**) that manages all the asteroids observations and the official catalog of asteroids
- The data are sent to **NEODyS** either by email or via web, through the Minor Planet Electronic Circulars (MPECs)
- MPECs:
 - DOU → Daily Orbit Update: new observations (and orbits) of already known NEOs
 - Discovery MPEC → Certifies the discovery of a new NEO
 - Recovery MPEC → When a single opposition NEO is reobserved at a following apparition



- When the NEODyS system receive new data from MPC, they will be processed by the software robot called **CLOMON2**
- **CLOMON2** is based on the libraries of the **OrbFit** (ver.4.2) software package developed and maintained by UniPi and SpaceDyS, written in Fortran 90
- **CLOMON2** has a very high level of automation. When new data are available, it automatically starts to process them
- When the **CLOMON2** output (the risk file) is ready, a qualified operator checks the output and posts it to the web

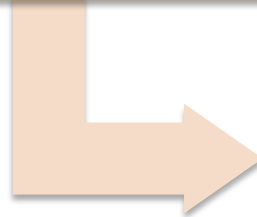
Neomult

- Generate a sample of Virtual Asteroids along the Line of Variations



Cateph

- Propagates for 100 y




Resret

- Performs the returns analysis

NEODyS-2

Near Earth Objects - Dynamic Site

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Impact Probability [Help]

2014UX34

▶ [IMPACTOR TABLE](#)

Summary

Impactor table

Ephemerides

Obs prediction

Orbital info

MOID

Proper elements

Observational info

Close approaches

Physical info

Orbit animation

Time of Event

Date	MJD	σ	σ_{imp}	dist \pm width	stretch	p_RE	exp. an	PS	TS
yr-mo-day				(RE)	(RE/ σ)		(MT)		
2071-04-16.266	77582.266	0.923	0.000	0.47 \pm 0.179	6.73e+6	7.49e-8	1.37e-5	-5.54	0
2071-04-16.268	77582.268	0.926	0.000	0.93 \pm 0.158	2.28e+6	1.78e-7	3.26e-5	-5.17	0
2082-04-15.925	81599.925	-0.798	0.000	0.59 \pm 0.159	4.79e+4	1.12e-5	2.04e-3	-3.45	0
2082-04-15.934	81599.934	-0.216	4.052	1.75 \pm 0.163	1.31e+4	3.72e-10	6.64e-8	-7.93	0
2091-04-16.087	84887.087	-0.958	0.000	0.69 \pm 0.136	6.53e+5	8.21e-7	1.49e-4	-4.64	0
2091-04-16.093	84887.093	-0.667	3.380	1.64 \pm 0.163	6.86e+3	8.87e-9	1.58e-6	-6.61	0
2098-04-15.731	87443.731	2.476	0.000	0.73 \pm 0.164	2.30e+6	1.25e-8	2.30e-6	-6.49	0
2104-04-16.232	89635.232	-1.506	0.000	0.55 \pm 0.163	1.21e+5	1.95e-6	3.54e-4	-4.33	0

Based on 41 optical observations (of which 0 are rejected as outliers) from 2014-10-23.332 to 2014-11-08.274.

Coordinates are given on the Target Plane




Unit is one Earth radius, but impact cross section has radius between 1.09 and 1.09 Earth radii

Coordinates for LOV = EQU scaled= T second= F

OrbFit software version= 4.2, 27/2/2014 Date of computation=20141108 143707.419 CET

NEODyS :: Objects :: 2014UX34 :: Impactor table
Contact »

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Intro

Risk list

Past impactors

References

Notes

Last updated: 2014-11-12 14:46:52 UTC

There are currently **460 NEAs** in the NEODyS risk list. Please, use the links above the table to display all or part of the list. The list can be sorted by clicking on the table headers.

[\[All\]](#)
[\[Special\]](#)
[\[Observable\]](#)
[\[Possible recovery\]](#)
[\[Lost\]](#)
[\[Small\]](#)

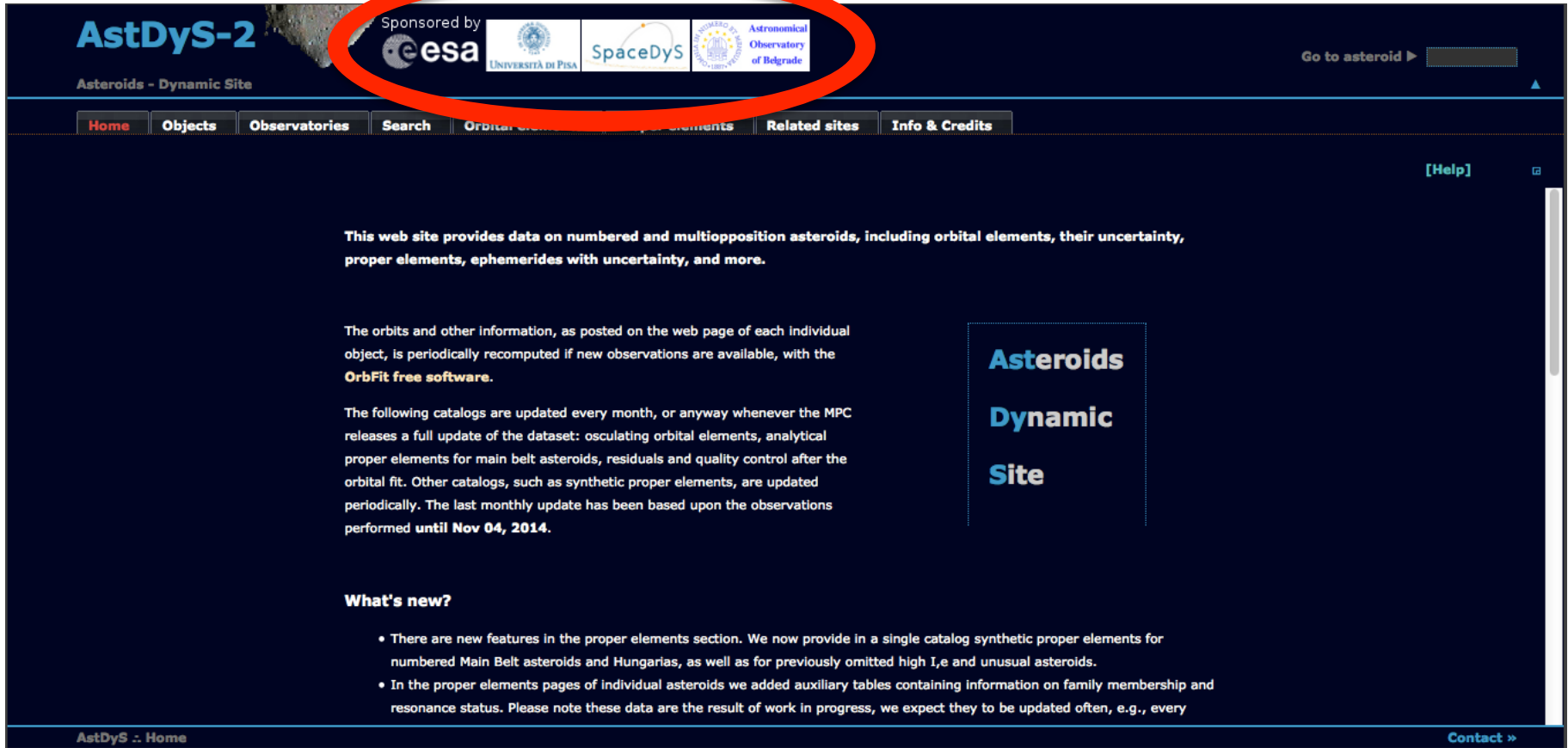
Designation	H	PS _{max} *	TS _{max}	Status	Camp. start	Camp. end	Notes
(410777) 2009FD	22.1	-0.43	n/a	Special			
(101955) Bennu	20.6	-2.32	n/a	Special			
2010RF12	28.4	-3.11	0	Possible recovery	2047-03-22	2047-03-25	Quite faint
1979XB	18.5	-3.23	0	Lost			
2008UB7	23.9	-3.29	0	Lost			
2010MZ112	19.8	-3.39	0	Lost			
2010DG77	21.4	-3.44	0	Lost			
2014UX34	22.4	-3.45	0	Observable			
2009JF1	27.1	-3.57	0	Small			
2006GC344	24.8	-3.62	0	Possible	2028-04-06	2028-11-14	

NEODyS :: Risk page :: Risk list
Contact »

- Risk Page and Impactor Tables
- Orbits DB, with covariance matrices for all NEOs (11621 on Nov 17th) in Keplerian and Equinoctial parameters
- Observations DB (1.3 millions of obs)
- Ephemerides and observation prediction for observers
- List of close approaches
- Proper elements
- List of observatories
- Scientific Expertise and Consultancy

- **AstDyS** stands for Asteroids Dynamic Site
- It has the same NEODyS interface, with some differences
- **AstDyS** is a database of all numbered and multi-opposition asteroids (on Nov 17th it counts 415688 numbered asteroids and 114888 multi-opposition asteroids)
- **AstDyS** manages (Nov 17th) 108 millions of observations of numbered objects and more than 9 millions of observations of multi-opposition objects
- **AstDyS** is updated on a monthly basis according to MPC data release for all asteroids

- ~~Risk Page and Impactor Tables~~
- Orbits DB, with covariance matrices for all numbered and multi opposition asteroids in Keplerian and Equinoctial parameters
- Observations data
- Ephemerides and observation prediction for observers
- ~~List of close approaches~~
- **Proper elements and families**
- List of observatories **and performance statistics**
- Scientific Expertise and Consultancy



AstDyS-2
Asteroids - Dynamic Site

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- UNIVERSITÀ DI PISA
- SpaceDyS
- Astronomical Observatory of Belgrade

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This web site provides data on numbered and multiopposition asteroids, including orbital elements, their uncertainty, proper elements, ephemerides with uncertainty, and more.

The orbits and other information, as posted on the web page of each individual object, is periodically recomputed if new observations are available, with the **OrbFit free software**.

The following catalogs are updated every month, or anyway whenever the MPC releases a full update of the dataset: osculating orbital elements, analytical proper elements for main belt asteroids, residuals and quality control after the orbital fit. Other catalogs, such as synthetic proper elements, are updated periodically. The last monthly update has been based upon the observations performed **until Nov 04, 2014**.

**Asteroids
Dynamic
Site**

What's new?

- There are new features in the proper elements section. We now provide in a single catalog synthetic proper elements for numbered Main Belt asteroids and Hungarias, as well as for previously omitted high I,e and unusual asteroids.
- In the proper elements pages of individual asteroids we added auxiliary tables containing information on family membership and resonance status. Please note these data are the result of work in progress, we expect they to be updated often, e.g., every

AstDyS - Home [Contact »](#)

- The **Priority List** **classifies the need** to observe NEOs
- The protocol is based on the algorithm implemented in the activities of the **Spaceguard Central Node** (SCN, a facility of the Spaceguard Foundation, established with the support of ESA)
- The PL inventors were Andrea Boattini, Germano D'Abramo, Andrea Carusi and Giovanni B. Valsecchi
- The objective of the software is to improve the efficiency of astrometric follow-up observations of NEOs for the accurate determination of their orbits.
- The priority list reports a list of NEAs classified into four categories: **urgent, necessary, useful and low priority**

- The Priority list software has been moved to the ESA NEO Coordination Centre in 2012 and it is currently under the maintenance of SpaceDyS
- It is automatically updated on a daily basis using data coming from the **NEODyS** database.
- The NEOCC FDOs perform maintenance procedures two times a month.
- Currently, the NEO Web portal reports the objects in need of observations through two lists: **a priority list and a faint NEO list:**
 - The first one contains NEAs brighter than V magnitude 22.0 and at least 40 degrees of solar elongation,
 - The second one reports objects with highest magnitudes.
- The PL supports the observations taken with ESA OGS telescope



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- Search for Comets ▶
- Search for Fireballs ▶
- Risk Page ▶
- Priority List** ▶
- Close Approaches ▶
- Orbit Visualizer ▶
- Discovery Statistics ▶
- Image Database ▶
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The Priority List addresses the problem of efficiently planning and executing NEO follow-up observations. It classifies the need to observe especially newly discovered objects into four categories: urgent, necessary, useful and low priority. The aim is to ensure that the highest possible percentage of these bodies can be recovered at other apparitions. Sorting order can be changed using the table headers.

Visibility chart for Observation code

Faintest Mag.

Brightest Mag.

Min. Declination

Max. Declination

Priority List

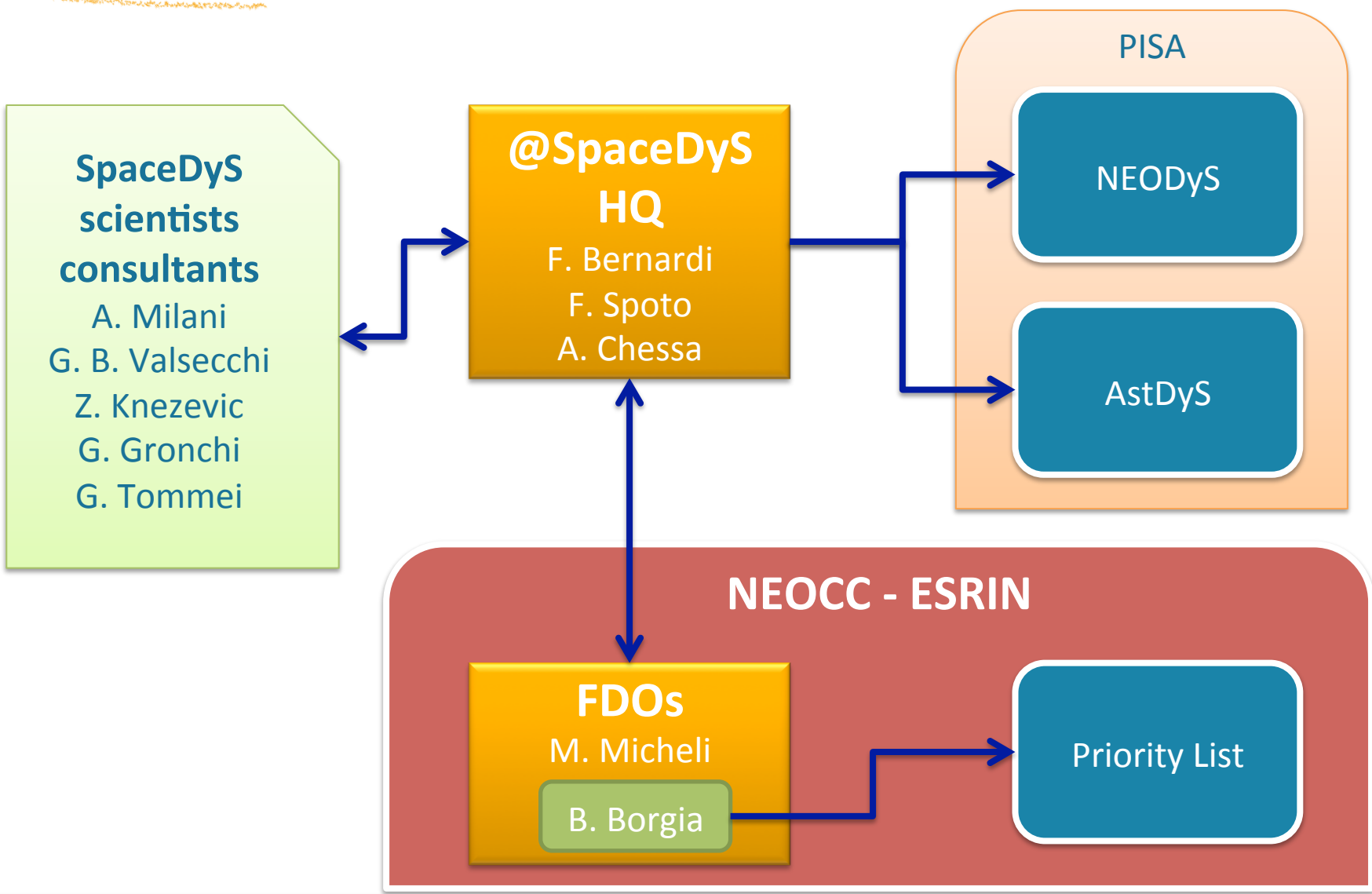
Priority	Object	Inserted	R.A.	Decl.	Elong.	Magn.	Sky uncert.	End of Visibility
UR	2012FZ44	2014-11-03	21h42m	12.6	109	21.0	13858	2014-11-21
UR	2012TR146	2014-11-03	05h13m	20.5	142	21.9	10301	2014-12-24
UR	2012XS111	2014-11-03	07h17m	9.8	111	20.3	626	2014-12-27
UR	2014MQ67	2014-11-03	00h36m	66.4	125	17.9	7165	2015-01-24
UR	2014SG145	2014-11-03	05h24m	17.1	139	21.3	64	2014-12-23
UR	2014TS16	2014-11-03	21h42m	-50.9	88	21.0	5	2014-11-12
UR	2014TF17	2014-11-03	00h56m	-21.9	136	21.3	15	2014-11-18
UR	2014TL17	2014-11-03	20h26m	-36.4	79	19.9	0	2014-11-07
UR	2014TJ33	2014-11-03	21h43m	-22.0	99	19.1	1	2014-11-08
UR	2014UG5	2014-11-03	08h14m	-11.1	92	21.2	3	2014-11-06
UR	2014UF8	2014-11-03	02h07m	71.5	124	21.2	4	2014-11-08
UR	2014UT33	2014-11-03	04h42m	41.6	142	18.5	8	2014-11-14
UR	2014UX33	2014-11-03	00h41m	52.1	137	21.7	12	2014-11-11
UR	2014US56	2014-11-03	00h55m	-15.2	141	21.8	2	2014-11-07

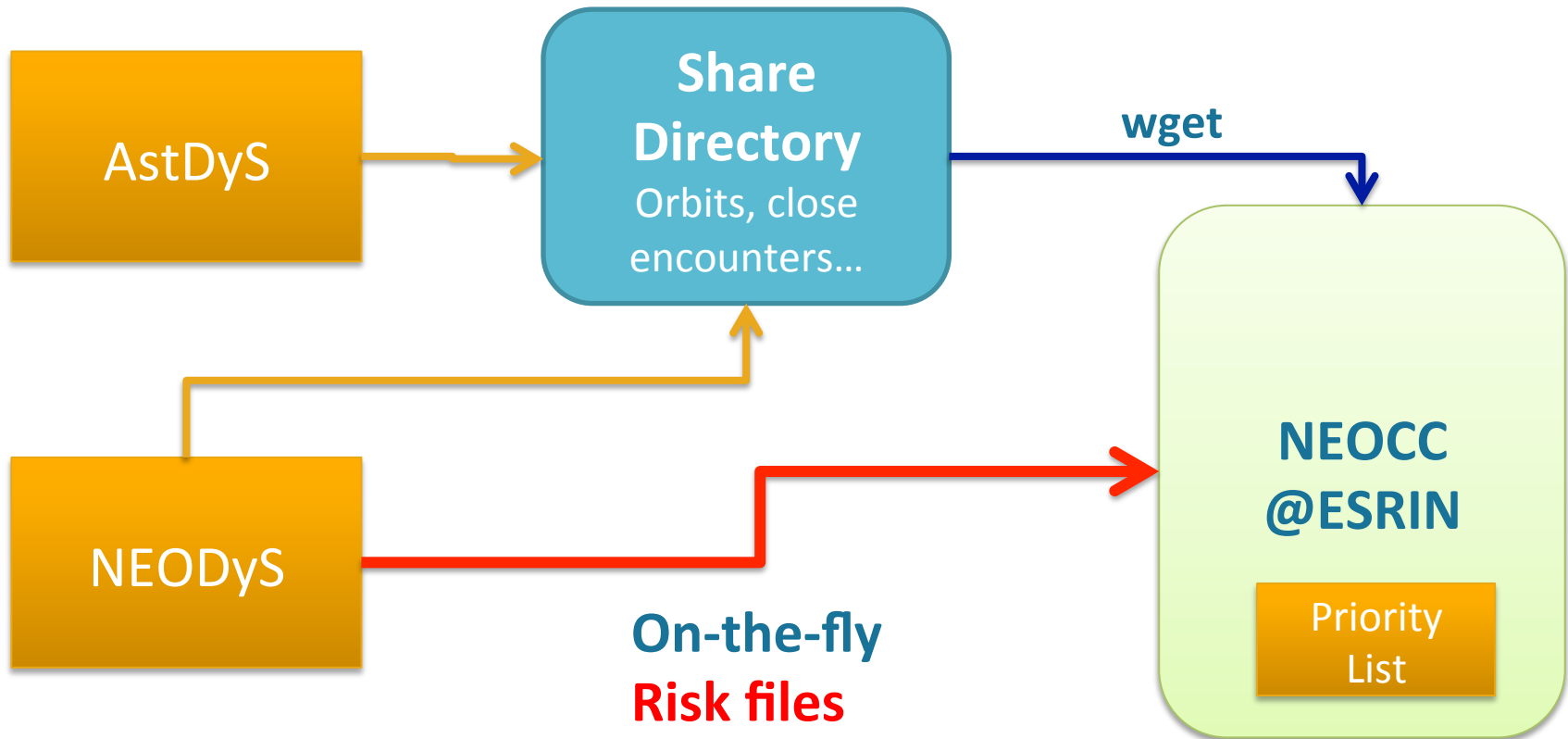
- **SpaceDyS – Space Dynamics Services**, is a spin-off of the team of Andrea Milani, of the Dep. Of Mathematics of the University of Pisa
- Since its birth, on May 2011, **SpaceDyS** has been deeply involved in many SSA activities, specifically for the NEO and SST segments (SN-III, SN-V, CO-II, P2-NEO-I, P2-SST-IV)
- **SpaceDyS** major expertise is obviously the NEO dynamics, but in general it is developing advanced tools for the orbit determination problem applied for Solar System objects and objects orbiting around the Earth

- **SpaceDyS** is now managing, maintaining and developing all the activities related to **NEODyS**, **AstDyS** and **PL**
- The two presently Front Desk Operators at the NEOCC are both **SpaceDyS** employees
- At **SpaceDyS** HQ there are three employees fully devoted to the SSA NEO activities
- Scientific consultancy from the senior **SpaceDyS** partners who are among the worldwide experts for this matter

- Since **SpaceDyS** birth in 2011 Service Level Agreements with **ESA** were in place for the following **ESA** needs:
 - Provide to the ESA-SSA precursor services at the NEOCC the **NEODyS** data (orbits with covariance matrices, the **Risk List** and **Impactor Tables**, the list of close approaches, NEOs ephemerides of the Orbit Visualization Tool,...)
 - Provide to the ESA-SSA precursor services at the NEOCC the **AstDyS** data (orbits, proper elements,...)
 - Maintain the **Priority List** at the **NEOCC**
 - Scientific consultancy to ESA staff and general users
 - Support for the precursor services activities

- **SLA-1:** 01 Sep 2011 → 31 Mar 2012 (only **NEODyS**)
- **SLA-2:** 01 Apr 2012 → 30 Jun 2013
- **SLA-3:** 01 Jul 2013 → 30 Jun 2014
 - CCN-1: 01 Jul 2014 → 30 Jun 2015
 - CCN-2: 01 Jul 2015 → 30 Jun 2016





- **SpaceDyS** is committed to provide the service to **ESA 24/7/365**
- Occasionally, during the SLAs period, there were some downtimes due to
 - Maintenance of the systems (O.S. upgrade, network maintenance...), which was necessary
 - Planned power outages, for electricity network maintenance
 - Unplanned and sudden power outages or internet failures
- When possible, ESA was informed as well as the asteroid observers community
- Out of services lasted only few hours and SpaceDyS personnel was always available, even during week-ends and holidays
- Automated systems alert through email the SpaceDyS operators when the services are experiencing troubles

- The **NEO-SpaceDyS** team is committed to continue the research activity in the NEO dynamics science:
 - Introduction of non-grav. Parameters (Yarkovsky, rad. Press.,...)
 - Improved error models
 - Improved dynamical models
 - Imminent Impactors computation: a new system that computes the IP after processing data which are still in the NEO Confirmation Page
- New and improved services:
 - Graphic representation of the LOV behavior for 100 y and for all the NEOs on the Risk Page
 - Asteroids families computation and graphic representation
- Publishing papers, participating to international conferences, training young personnel

- The ESA Work Plan 2014 foresees that the NEODyS and AstDyS services will migrate to the NEOCC
- The “**Migration**” process will last **three years** and will include all the Orbit Determination and Impact Monitoring activities
- Training of personnel is foreseen
- SpaceDyS will take the lead and responsibility for this activity
- SpaceDyS will ensure the maintenance of the ESA system for the OD and IM functions for the following years

- SpaceDyS has a well established leadership in the NEO business
- SpaceDyS is providing continuously the data to ESA-NEOCC
- Fast reaction in case of failures
- Prompt answer to ESA or general user requests for consultancy
- Support for the NEOCC precursor services development
- Continuous research and developments
- The main goal is the **Migration** of the services to ESA