

SRL

CNES initiative for satellite compliant with French Space Operations Act

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Summary

Overview of the needs

Modeling

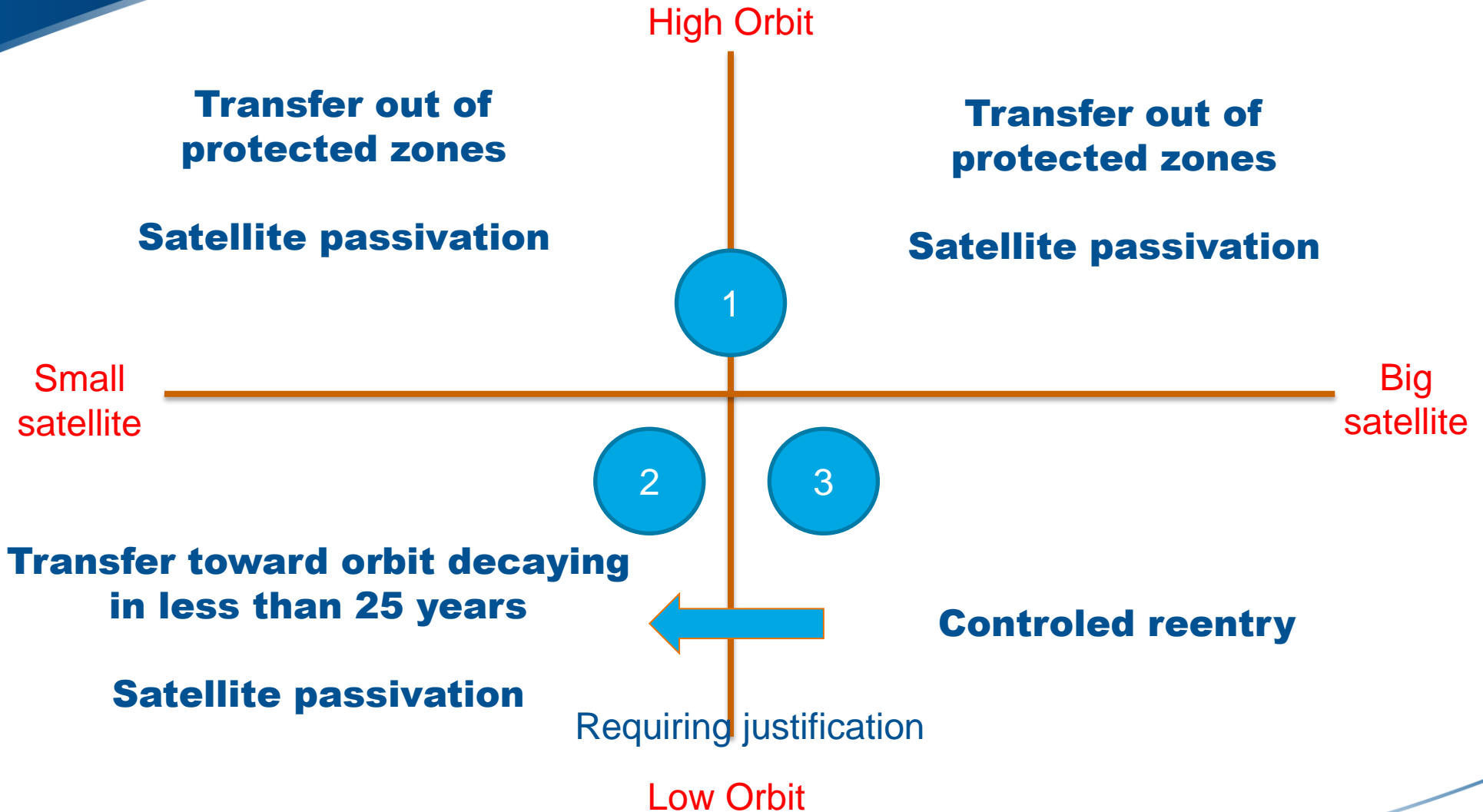
Passivation

Fragmentation

Orbit Changes

Controlled Reentry

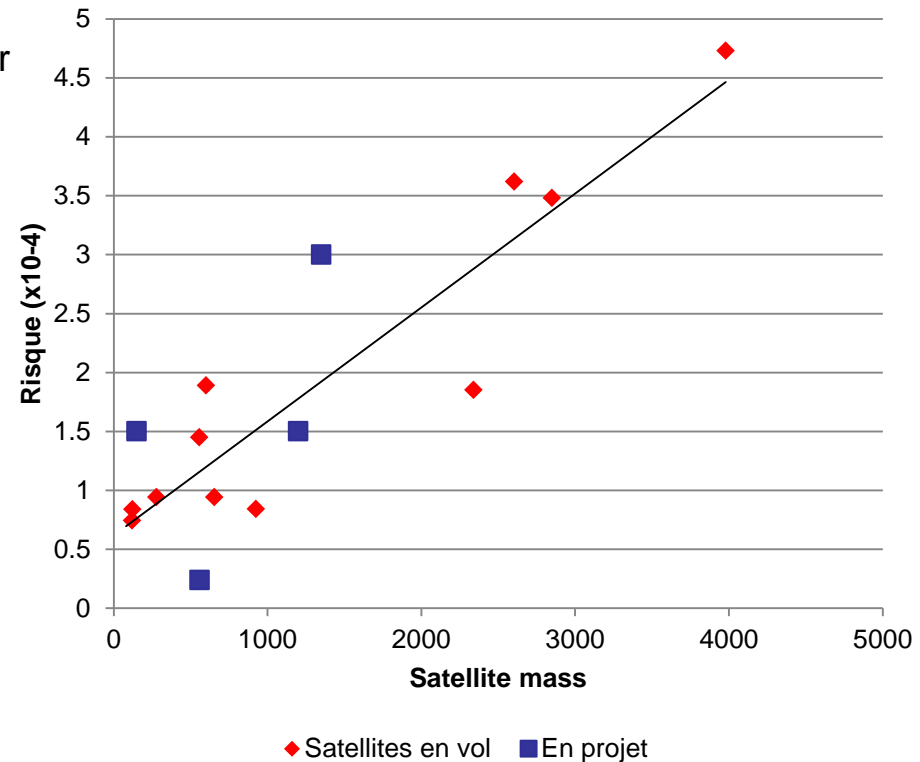
Semi-controlled reentry



- « LOS » authority is verifying conformity
 - ◆ With certified tools
 - STELA: 25 years limit
 - DEBRISK: Fragmentation and demisability
 - ELECTRA: Casualty risk assessment in controlled or uncontrolled reentry
 - ◆ These tools are available for free

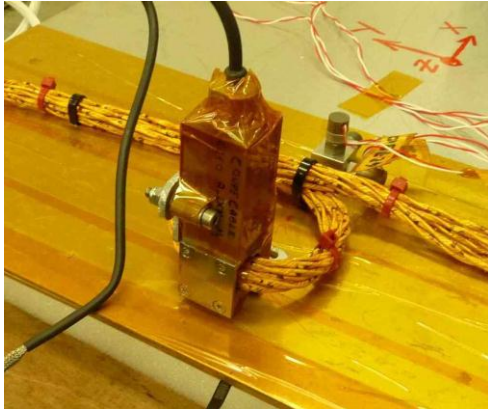
- Issues
 - ◆ Reentry Behaviour is not well known
 - ◆ Safety in stake so need for conservative approach

Casualty risk



- High in flight experience in CNES
 - ◆ Spot/Helios, TDF/TC2, Mini/Micro (more than 10 satellites passivated)
- Several R&T and development ongoing (see next slides)
- Now well known until satellite switch off
 - ◆ Tank depressurization
 - ◆ Battery depletion
- But long term behaviour not well known
 - ◆ Thermal behaviour after 20 years in orbit ???
 - ◆ Tank pressure in long term
 - 1% liquid hydrazin remaining after passivation can lead to more than 30 bars pressure due to vaporization/decomposition
- Roadmap
 - ◆ Electrical Passivation
 - Long term: New PCDU development embedding SA short or open circuit
 - Short term: additionnal specific equipement or low cost HW/SW strategy (NOP OBSW + bypass)
 - ◆ Fluidic passivation
 - Long lifetime pyro valves
 - Micro peforator (see next slide)
- **No issue identified**

Demonstration of the performances of an Off the Shelf cable cutter :



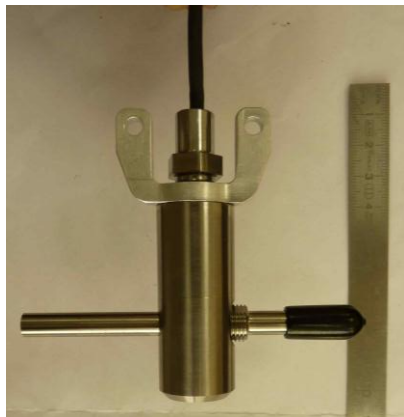
TRL5 demonstrated :
Verification of the performances on a harness of 12 twisted pairs of AWG 18.

Key characteristics :

- Reliability >0,995 @95% confidence
- Lifetime of explosive components demonstrated >20 years at 30° C
- Qualified for a French Air Force programme
- REACH Free energetic materials

Perforator for the passivation of pressurant gases - CNES patent :

Development in progress : CDR : Nov, 2015 and **Fully Qualified by March 2016**



TRL 4 demonstrated :
Verification of the performances on ¼ inch pipes (SST e0.9 mm / Ta6V e0.7 mm).

Key characteristics :

- Reliability >0,985 @90% confidence
- Lifetime of explosive components already demonstrated : >20 years at 30° C
- Interchangeable with pyrovalves (mechanical & electrical)
- Compatible with HP and LP environment
- REACH Free energetic materials

- Aim: Reduce the casualty risk
- Tools
 - ◆ Many tools developed or under development
 - ESA
 - NASA
 - CNES (see next slides)
 - Others
 - ◆ Tests to be performed
 - In test set-up
 - in orbit
- Materials
 - ◆ Metals are well known (except emissivity)
 - ◆ Other materials knowlegde could be improved
 - Composite
 - Glass
 - SiC, Si₃N₄
 - ◆ Tests foreseen this year.
- System architectures
 - ◆ D4D
 - ◆ Thermites
 - ◆ ...





Pressurant tank found in Colorado in March 2011 and tentatively linked to a Zenit launch vehicle stage.

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Objectives :

Facilitate the burning or the ablation of satellite critical structures.

Implementation of the reentry thermal fluxes for the initiation of **passive** explosive system

«SELF FRAGMENTATION» TECHNOLOGY

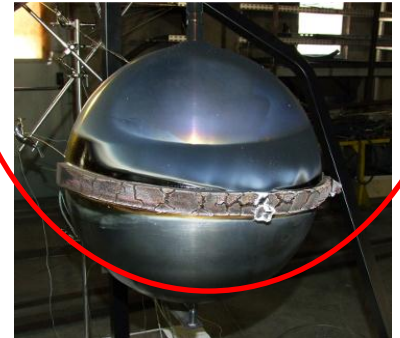
Linear shaped charges cords and thermal detonators

TRL3 : CNES patent

«BURNING ASSISTANCE» TECHNOLOGY

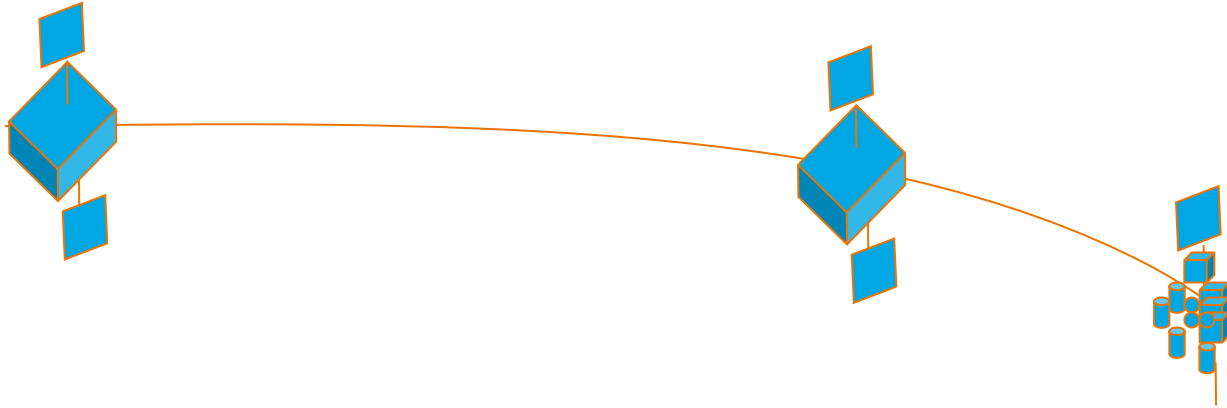
Burning of thermite pellets on Ta6V plates (propellant tank) :

TRL3 : CNES patent

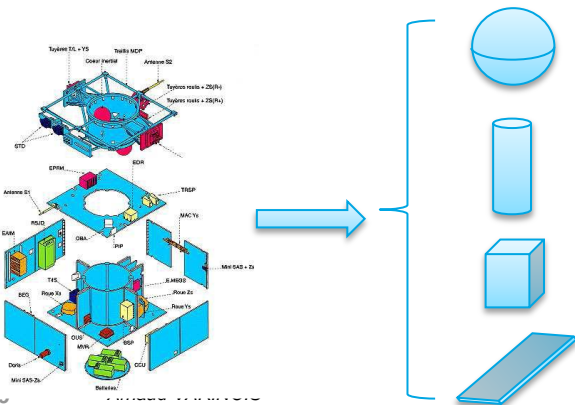


DEBRISK (OBJECT-ORIENTED TOOL)

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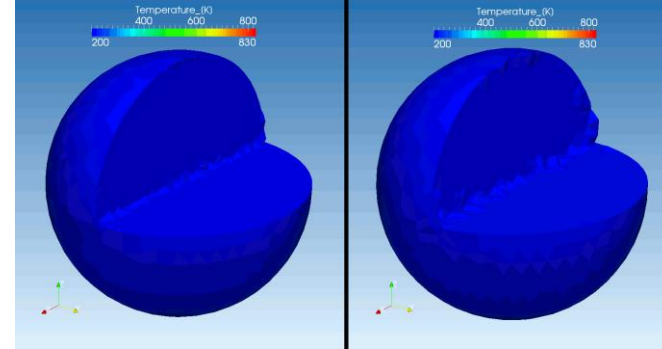


Decomposition and simplification of the initial vehicle by predefined simple shapes



PAMPERO (SPACECRAFT-ORIENTED TOOL)

- CNES code
- 6 degrees of freedom model (3 for positions and 3 for attitudes)
 - ◆ Local calculation of the pressure coefficients
 - ◆ Estimation of the object attitude by the calculation of forces and moments
 - ◆ For the considered object, calculation of the entire trajectory from the last orbit
- Local calculation of the parietal heat flux (convective and radiative) by empirical/correlation laws
- Heat transfer modeling by a 3D thermal conduction module
- Preliminary estimate of the local ablation when a mesh reaches the melting temperature

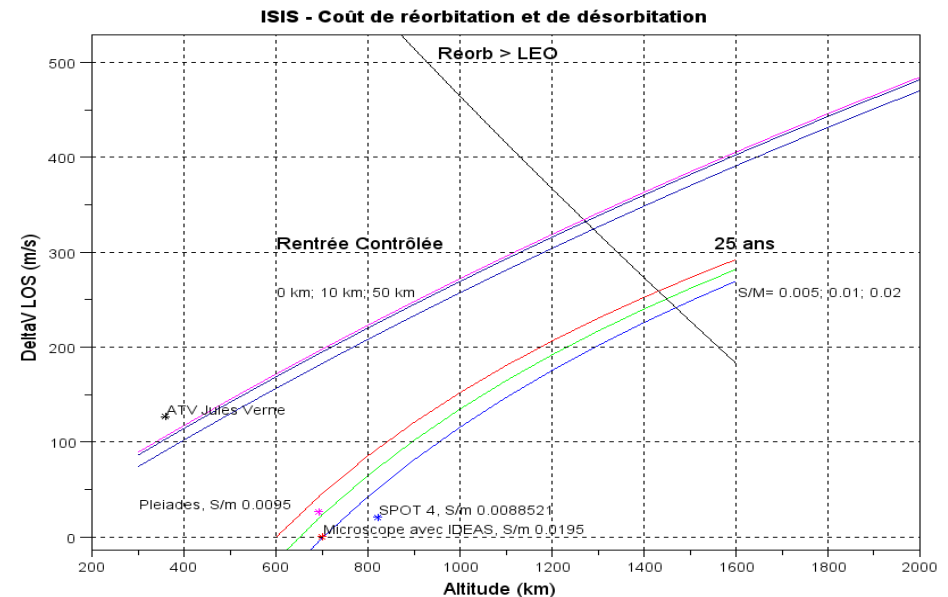
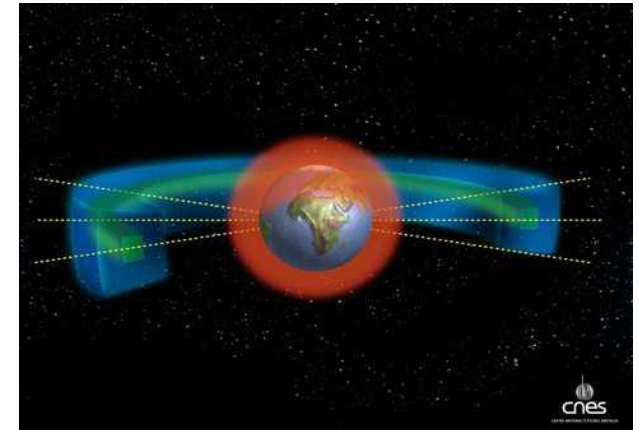


● GEO

- ◆ All satellites equipped with propulsion
Available deltaV: Nx100m/s
- ◆ Need is limited
~11 m/s
- ◆ No showstopper

● LEO

- ◆ Rough need is to bring perigee down to
500km for uncontrolled reentry
50km for controlled reentry
- ◆ Available deltaV depends on design
Nanosat: 0m/s (might increase)
Microsat: between 0 and 150m/s
Others: 100m/s to 200m/s
- ◆ Need depends on initial orbit
Nx10m/s
- ◆ Solutions
Available propellant increase (if any)
Solid propulsion kit
Drag sail (but limited to few orbits)
Tether

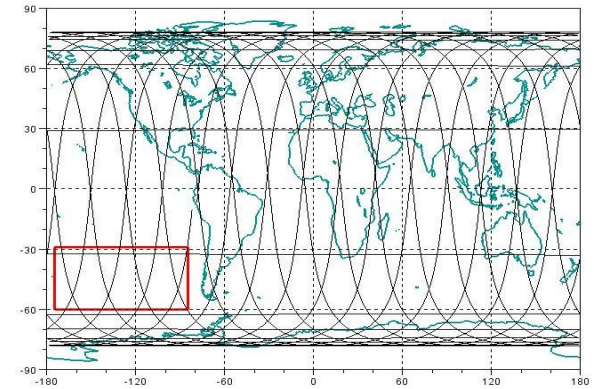


- Aim
 - ◆ Target area free of population (typically SPOUA)

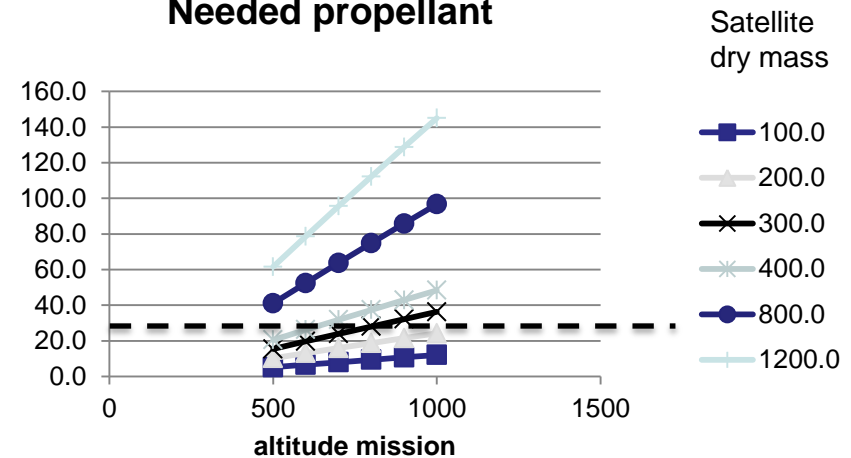
- Drivers
 - ◆ Propellant capacity (>150m/s)
 - ◆ High Thrust (typically 0.04N/kg)
 - ◆ Reliability (but limited in time)
 - ◆ AOCS controlability down to 250km (typically)

- Solutions
 - ◆ Liquid Propulsion system modifications
 - Bigger tank
 - Power thrusters
 - ◆ Solid propulsion kit

- Duration
 - ◆ Few days/weeks



Needed propellant

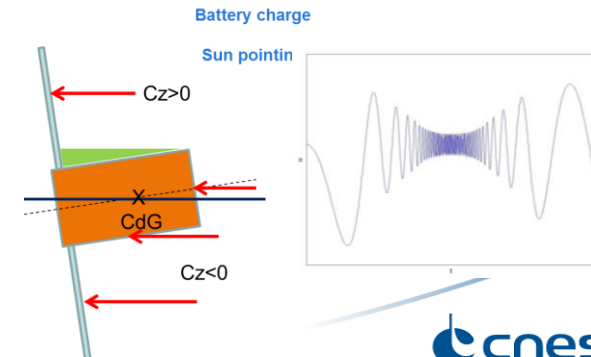
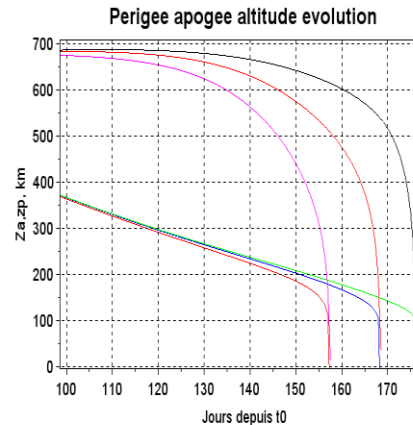
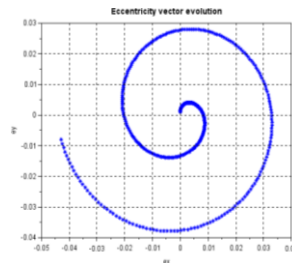
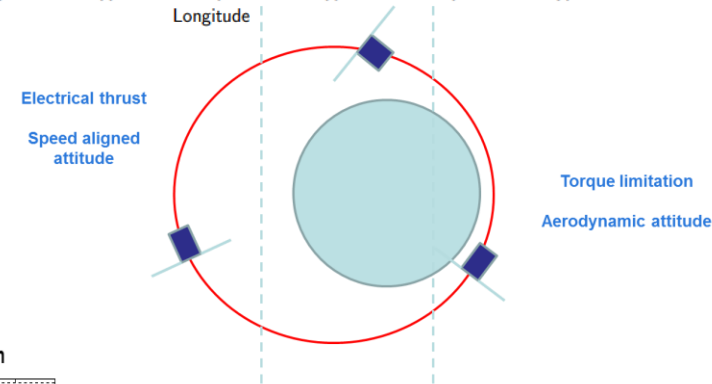
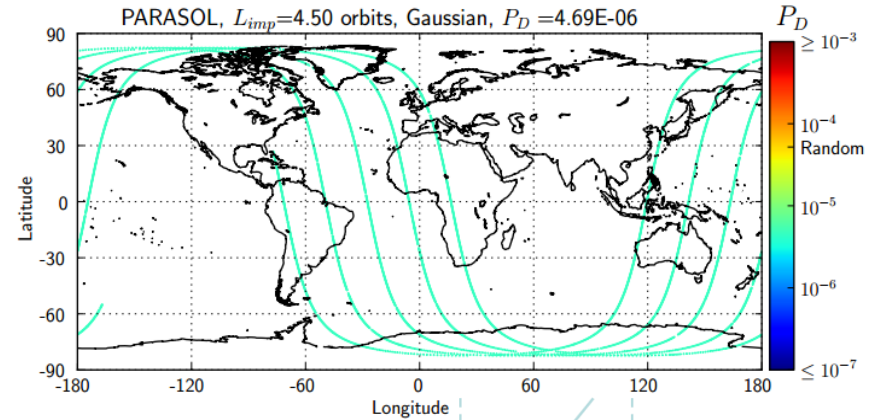


- Aim

- ◆ Target a wider area: typically 3 to 5 orbits
Casualty risk divided by 10 !
- ◆ Get proper phasing to be out of populated areas
- ◆ With same casualty area, get less casualty risk

- Drivers

- ◆ $\Delta V > 150\text{m/s}$
- ◆ Limited thrust: 5^E-5N/kg
Achievable with electrical propulsion
- ◆ AOCS controllability down to 120km (typically)
Specific strategy under analysis
- ◆ Requires satellite symmetric geometry
- ◆ Duration: few months



Thank you for your attention

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Warning, Cleansat is a Registered TradeMark



Anyway,

**Let's try to clean space not
only Saturdays !!!**